

9-Hour Commando Tank Raid a Success

Shipbuilders May Exceed Year's Goal By 10%

WPB Hikes Schedule To Nearly 9 Million Tons; Output Record Again Set in July

By Sterling F. Green
Associated Press Staff Writer

The War Production Board expects to see President Roosevelt's shipbuilding goal for this year—eight million deadweight tons—not only achieved but surpassed by about 10 per cent.

Considerable credit for the success of the program so far has been given to records set in yards operated by Henry J. Kaiser on the Pacific Coast.

On the basis of such record-breaking performance by the Nation's shipbuilders and the increased need for cargo space, WPB has boosted its schedule closer to nine million tons for the year than to eight million, it was disclosed yesterday by an official who asked that his name be withheld.

WPB approval of the increase scheduled by the Maritime Commission means that the board feels it is ready to give assurance that sufficient steel plates and shapes—regardless of the shortage which already has slowed work on some ships—will be on hand to send perhaps 90 or 95 more cargo vessels into the water than were previously scheduled.

This is about the equivalent of a month's extra production crowded into the last five months of the year. The best shipbuilding record so far achieved was July's world record output of 11 ships weighing 700,000 deadweight tons.

To accomplish the new goal, shipbuilders will have to average about 100,000 tons a month in output from August to December inclusive. This monthly average will have to hit more than one million tons to accomplish the new schedule.

The July output was the third successive record-shattering month, and for the first time since early spring found East Coast yards bettering the output of the Pacific Coast's big new shipbuilding plants.

Kaiser, president for the West Coast and father of the plan to build 70-ton cargo airplanes in shipyards, received his third merit award for one plant from the Maritime Commission yesterday for outstanding ship production.

N. Y. Convention Floor Fight Sure

New York, Aug. 19 (AP)—State Chairman James A. Farley, resigned to a floor fight at tomorrow's final session of the Democratic State convention, tonight claimed that Attorney General John J. Bennett, whose candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination is opposed by President Roosevelt and Gov. Herbert H. Lehman, has a two-to-one margin over United States Senator James M. Mead.

(Earlier Details on Page 13.)

Income Taxed At the Source

A Congressional Committee has finally taken the first step toward individual income taxation by inaugurating a plan of collection at the source. In tomorrow's Post Harry L. Lutz, Professor of Public Finance, Princeton University, discusses the plan and tells why he thinks it won't work. Prof. Lutz' article is one of a series now running in The Post every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, in which wartime taxation is discussed by experts in the science and practice of taxation.

One Already Fired

Nelson to Be 'Tough To Get This Job Done'

(See "Mr. Nelson's Failure" by Walter Lippmann, Page 11.)

War Production Chief Donald M. Nelson, obviously fighting mad and ready for a showdown on his administration of the war program, asserted yesterday that "from now on any one who crosses my path is going to have his head taken off."

Asked if he planned to "get tough" in licking materials shortages and in refuting charges of some critics that WPB had mismanaged the war program, Nelson told the Associated Press:

"I'm going to get tough enough to get this job done, and the job will be done, you can be sure of that. There'll be no more alibis. I'm sick of them."

Nelson, ordinarily calm and even-tempered, smashed a fist into his hand to make the point.

Swiftly attacking one internal problem—the "leak" of confidential WPB reports—Nelson gave immediate effect to his warning that heads

Grand Jury's Edict

Tribune Story on Jap Fleet Ruled No Violation of Law

Chicago, Aug. 19.—A Federal grand jury, after five days of investigation today found "no violation of law" in an article estimating Japanese naval strength in the Battle of Midway by the Chicago Tribune, the New York Daily News and the Washington Times-Herald.

The jury has considered the case fully and its conclusion that no violation of law was disclosed settles the matter, said William D. Mitchell, special assistant to the Attorney General, who directed the inquiry.

The grand jury convened August 15 at the request of Attorney General Francis Biddle after a preliminary inquiry by the Navy Department. Biddle's announcement had characterized the story as containing confidential naval information.

Mitchell's complete statement after the jury concluded consideration of the subject was:

"The grand jury considering the matter of the publication on June 7 in the Chicago Tribune and in other newspapers, of an article relating to the Japanese fleet in the

Midway battle, have decided that no indictment should be returned.

"I was asked by the Attorney General to come out here and conduct the inquiry, and in so doing to see that the grand jury had before them all the facts.

"I have conducted the inquiry as fully and fairly as I know how. Those under investigation were given the unusual privilege of appearing before the grand jury and explaining their connection with the incident.

"The jury has considered the case fully and its conclusion that no violation of law was disclosed settles the matter.

Material for the story which was investigated was furnished by Eleanor Johnston, Tribune war correspondent. In it he estimated the size and strength of the Japanese fleet which was defeated in the Battle of Midway.

The story was attributed to "reliable sources" in the Naval Intelligence and was dated from Washington. The Tribune declared later it was written in Chicago and based on information Johnston had collected as a correspondent, in discussions with naval officers and study of naval sources.

The grand jury considered August 15 at the request of Attorney General Francis Biddle after a preliminary inquiry by the Navy Department. Biddle's announcement had characterized the story as containing confidential naval information.

Plan to Curb Wage Rises Is Drafted

Rosenman Aims Proposed Step to Fight Inflation; 'Authority' Urged

By Ben W. Gilbert
Post Staff Writer

Drastic wage controls which would block nearly all wage increases, including those made to employees on an individual basis have been proposed in a draft of an executive order transmitted by Judge Samuel I. Rosenman, special Presidential adviser, to agencies concerned with the anti-inflation program for their comments, it was learned yesterday.

Policy-making with respect to the proposed controls would be in the hands of a new agency to be known as an Economic Stabilization Authority. The agency would act as a sort of economic general staff for the country and have jurisdiction with respect to policy over all agencies concerned with the anti-inflation program and such matters as credit, wages, savings, farm prices, taxes and subsidies.

Redraft of Former Plan

The plan in its present form is a redraft of a proposed "economic authority" which Rosenman prepared recently.

Since the plan—virtually a complete wage freeze for most workers—was expected to draw considerable opposition, observers doubted that it would reach the President's desk in its present form. However, regardless of the wage policy finally adopted, there were indications that the final program to be placed before the President by Rosenman would probably contain the main outlines of the ESA plan.

Seven-Member Board Proposed

As outlined in this latest draft, the authority would consist of seven members, including a chairman, to be appointed by the President. Price Administrator Leon Henderson, War Labor Board Chairman Davis, Federal Reserve Chairman Eccles, Treasury Secretary Morgenthau, Commerce Secretary Jones, Agriculture Secretary Wickard. The previous draft of the order set the proposed board at five members including a chairman, Henderson, Davis, Donald M. Nelson, war production chief, and Paul V. McNutt, Man Power Commission chairman. McNutt and Nelson were omitted from this latest draft.

Under the proposed order, no wage increases of any nature could be granted except by the express permission of the War Labor Board. If a proposed increase affected a price ceiling in any way it could

See INFLATE, Page 4, Column 4.

Opera to Exchange Seats for Patrons Hit by Blackout

Motivated by a storm of phone calls from disappointed music lovers who were chased away from the Watergate performance of "Aida" Tuesday night by the blackout, the San Carlo Opera Company will permit those who hold stubs for the blacked out concert to exchange them for tickets to any performance of "The Chocolate Soldier" this week.

Because "Aida" had run through its legal requirement of the first performance, the opera company at first decided that it had fulfilled its bargain to the public and that no refund would be made.

However, longing telephones and irate concertgoers convinced authorities that an adjustment should be made, and those who saved their Tuesday ticket stubs may turn them in at either the Cappelletti Concert Bureau, 1340 G Street Northwest, or at the Watergate just before the performance they wish to attend.

U. S. May Fight On Russian Front

Moscow, Aug. 19 (AP)—A broadcast statement attributed to W. Averell Harriman that Americans would be fighting on a front with the Red army was discussed widely today by the Russians.

Harriman, President Roosevelt's personal representative, spoke briefly into a microphone for recording and later broadcast when he and Prime Minister Churchill arrived at Moscow, August 12.

Among Officers on Commando Staff



COMMANDER E. B. STRAUSS, LIEUT. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, BRIG. GEN. L. K. TRUSCOTT, JR., Strauss of Washington, Truscott of Charlottesville, Va., and Fairbanks, former film star, were among the United States officers on the staff of Lord Mountbatten who planned the Commando raid on Dieppe.

The Dieppe Raid at a Glance

ALLIED shock troops, including American "Rangers," storm ashore with tanks on French coast around Dieppe for successful nine-hour second-front rehearsal. One thousand Allied planes, providing protection, destroy or damage nearly 200 enemy aircraft. Allies lose 95. Page 1.

23 FLYING FORTRESSES batter Abbeville during attack. Page 3.

3 WASHINGTON officers assist in land attack. Page 2.

WORKED GERMANS claim 1500 prisoners taken. Page 2.

BACKGROUND stories on American Rangers, British Commandos and Dieppe on Pages 2 and 3.

Went, Saw, Conquered

'Good Show, Boys,' Commandos Told by Cheering Britons

By Ernest Agnew
Associated Press Staff Writer

A Southern British Port, Aug. 19.—Grinning, singing Allied Commandos were landed at this port early tonight from power-driven, sea-going barges, grimy but happy after the nine-hour battle of Dieppe.

Truck drivers cheered them as they were loaded into lorries for transportation to headquarters. The wounded, also, were arriving and taken to hospital trains.

A former dance hall was converted into a casualty clearing station and beds which covered the floor were filled with wounded, the majority only slightly hurt. There was a constant stream of ambulances from the hall to hospitals near army bases.

Black, green and yellow paint splashed the faces of the Commandos, their uniforms were torn and one walked barefoot across the street, carrying his boots in his hands.

"Good Show, Boys"

All wore valise helmets and the majority had on soft tennis shoes. "Good show, boys!" the waiting transport drivers shouted.

Cottagers, during a brief delay while one group of Commandos waited for places in trucks, rushed indoors and came out with cups of tea and cigarettes for the soldiers. One truck drove off so quickly that a Commando had no time to return his cup. The woman who had given it to him looked glum for a second, then said:

"Well, he's worth it!"

Just after dusk more barges arrived and another large contingent of Commandos, carrying rifles and wearing deflated life preservers, marched to the trucks and were driven away with motorcycle escort.

One of them, a young French-Canadian, proudly waved a field-gray tunic.

"What happened to the owner?" called a soldier from the curb.

"I finish him!" the Commando replied.

A second Commando who had

Don River Bend Lines Hold

Moscow, (Thursday) Aug. 20.—Russian troops have abandoned Krasnodar, railway junction in the western Caucasus, in an apparent retreat toward the Black Sea base of Novorossiysk, but the Soviet command early today said there was no material change in the Don River bend lines west of Stalingrad.

Forty-four German tanks were reported destroyed and more than 1150 Germans killed in fighting extending from the Caucasian foothills in the south to Leningrad in the Baltic.

"After stubborn battles during which heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy in men and equipment

our troops evacuated the town of Krasnodar," the communique said. "The Kuban River stronghold of Krasnodar, which the Germans claimed August 9, is about 60 air line miles from Novorossiysk. Russian troops also were fighting south of Krasnodar in an apparent westerly withdrawal from the abandoned Malkop oil fields.

The communique located the Stalingrad battle scene as still "southeast of Kletskaya" in the Don River bend, and northeast of Kotelnikovsky. Kletskaya is 75 miles northwest of the Volga industrial city, but unofficial reports have said the Nazis were threatening the city.

See RUSSIA, Page 4, Column 1.

Yanks Participate First Time; Losses Heavy on Both Sides

By J. Wes Gallagher
Associated Press Staff Writer

London, Aug. 19.—Commando forces and tanks of the western Allies, Americans, Canadians, British and Fighting French, invaded and lambasted Germany's ironclad zone of coastal forts at Dieppe today and withdrew as planned after achieving an all-day assault on the enemy shore of the English Channel, something Adolf Hitler never dared to try.

Nine hours after the first forces landed, the reembarkation was completed, just six minutes behind schedule. A number of wounded was taken to British hospitals.

A communique tonight said losses on both sides were heavy. But it was understood that every one of the principal Allied objectives was achieved.

Force Made Up Mainly of Canadians

The size of the force still was an official secret hours after the mission was completed but some of the returning troops told how a mile-long string of invasion barges set out for the raid at twilight Tuesday. The barges, escorted by destroyers and corvettes, moved under their own power.

The main part of the force was made up of crack Canadian commandos, aided by picked units of British, American and fighting French. The American troops, chosen from specially trained battalions called "Rangers," were said to have been attached individually to Canadian and British units instead of operating as separate units. No parachutists were used.

Preliminary results ashore reported up to early tonight were these:

Destruction of a six-gun shore artillery battery, an ammunition dump, an antiaircraft battery and a radio location station.

The city of Dieppe itself was left "in flames," the Daily Express said.

Flying Fortresses Bomb Abbeville Airport

Allied fighter planes, making up what perhaps was the greatest aerial canopy yet sent aloft, shot down at least 32 enemy aircraft and probably destroyed or damaged more than 100 others, in addition to a number smashed by naval vessels.

In some quarters it was believed that the German plane losses represented close to one-third of the Luftwaffe's fighter strength



British, Canadian and American Commandos (black arrows) yesterday stormed the German-occupied French coast in a triple-pronged attack on the left, on the right and in the center of the Dieppe defenses. While arrows indicate where German forces "applied counter-measures," British and American air support for the raiders ranged as far as Abbeville.

In the western occupied zone of Europe and it was considered likely that the Germans would have to move fighters west from other areas, possibly even the Russian front.

Important in the Allied air action was the work of 24 American Flying Fortresses, which, at the start of the Dieppe action, raided the German fighter drome at Abbeville, 38 miles away, before many planes could leave the ground. Runways, fuel dumps and plane dispersal areas were hit.

Some 95 Allied planes—out of a total force of approximately 1000—were lost.

Full-Scale Rehearsal for Second Front

Some of the Allied tanks were lost in the fighting on shore, others were reembarked.

For the first time these machines were landed from new, secret British tank-landing vessels.

The landings were made at dawn and throughout the fine, hot day the fighting was of the fiercest—nothing unexpected in this defense zone, where the fortifications are so strong and where the lay-out of harbors, basins, locks and channels are as complicated as anywhere on the northern French coast.

Tonight's communique laid stress on the "vital experience gained in employment of substantial numbers of troops in an assault, and in the transportation and use of heavy equipment during combined operations."

That meant plainly that this was a full-scale rehearsal for the second front.

Some sources called it "invasion in miniature."

The Allied side did not divulge the size of the force involved, but the Germans estimated by radio tonight that about one di-

See ATTACK, Page 2, Column 2.

Index to Today's Features

Amusements 18.19	Crossword 32	Legal Record 33	Radio 33
Bridge 33	Death Notices 39	Leonard Lyons 19	Vital Statistics 33
Capital Spoils 16	Editorials 16	Mary Haworth 17	Weather 33
Light 16	Federal Diary 21	Merry-Go-Round 21	What's Going On 28
Clubs 16	Financial 27, 28	Round 28	And Where 28
Columnists 11	In Congress 11	Picture Page 8	Women's Page 17

Commandos Boast Great Record of Daring, Deadly Forays

St. Nazaire Raid Greatest Before Dieppe

By the Associated Press

The British commandos, secretly organized in September, 1940, have raided and harassed the Germans from the far northern wastes of Spitzbergen Island to the sands of Libya.

The first raid by this tough force of special troops with a name borrowed from the Boer War was on the Lofoten Islands of Norway March 4, 1941, when they blew up oil tanks, captured 215 Germans and liberated 323 Norwegians.

They raided Spitzbergen September 9, 1941, smashing coal mines used by the Germans, freeing 1000 Norwegians and 2000 Russian miners. On that occasion they stayed long enough for a Canadian group among them to play and lose a football game with some of the Norwegian miners.

It was only last November 15 that the origin and scope of the commandos as a separate group became known with retirement of Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, World War hero who had been training them for 15 months.

Raided Lofoten Again

Again December 26 the Commandos raided the Lofoten Islands, and on December 28 struck at the Norwegian Islands of Vaagso and Masloy. Riots all over western Norway resulted, and the Germans, despite their scoffing at the effectiveness of such tactics, had to take stern reprisal measures to get the Norwegians under a semblance of control again.

The biggest commando raid until the one at Dieppe was that on the Nazi U-boat base at St. Nazaire last March 28. The old American destroyer Buchanan, renamed the Campbelltown, was loaded with explosives and blown up in the St. Nazaire dock gate, obliterating it. The British losses were listed at less than 100 men; their gains, the crippling of the base for at least a year, naval men said.

Today's warnings to the French were intended to prevent a repetition of a tragic phase of the St. Nazaire raid when French patriots took up hidden weapons and battled the Nazis for days in the belief an invasion had started. Appalling reprisals by the Germans resulted. Last April Swedish reports said the commandos had blasted German shipping in Narvik, northern Norwegian port, but the British never confirmed this.

Mountbatten Chief

Shortly thereafter it was announced that Lord Louis Mountbatten, a cousin of the King, had been chosen chief of the commandos since March 18, with high rank in the British navy, army and air force so that he could direct readily the activities which the British drily call "combined operations."

Lord Louis was quick in producing results, with a neat raid on the French coast around Boulogne that caught the Germans napping. Commandos led the way ashore last May when the British seized the Diego Suarez naval base at Madagascar.

The Germans, belatedly, disclosed about the same time that they were organizing a special force to guard against commandos.

Italy nervously rushed to fortify her Riviera coastline against the tough, silent men whose dread landings might occur at any time, at any place.

Canadians Trained

Promising more and more raids, the Allies disclosed that all Canadian forces in Britain were being trained in commando tactics. Six Allied nations were represented in commandos. The United States trained thousands of men for such "pioneer" operations.

On June 4 the British commandos again raided the French coast in the Boulogne-Le Touquet area, throwing the Nazis into confusion again. Next day it was disclosed the commandos also had raided Nazi Marshal Rommel's headquarters in North Africa, failing to bag that notable campaigner only because he happened to have been absent. In that raid, the son of Sir Roger Keyes, the commando organizer, was killed, but there was many a prominent Briton to take up the torch, including Randolph Churchill, son of the Prime Minister, and Lord Lovat, the Scottish peer who led the first Boulogne foray.

Md. Pilot School Now Located In Winchester

Special Dispatch to The Post

Winchester, Va., Aug. 19.—The Brinkerhoff Flying Service, Inc., operator of the College Park, Md., flying field where the students of the University of Maryland receive their training has been moved to Winchester, Va. Brinkerhoff brought with him a half-dozen flight and ground school instructors, approximately 30 primary and secondary flight cadets and nine airplanes, six Piper Cubs for primary work, and three Fairchild trainers for the secondary phase of the course.

All of the students are Army or Navy reservists and will go to Army or Navy fields for advanced training. Work on a new 60 by 80-foot hangar has been started.

SPECIAL NOTICES

PEACHES—PEACHES
ROCKVILLE FRUIT FARM
Drive to Rockville, Md., turn 1 mile out
Please read.

QUAINT ACRES
RIPE PEACHES
Home Grown Vegetables in Variety.
Silver Spring-Columbia Pike
9 Miles from District. 621, 6219

TOUCH TYPING in 30 to 40 days
Government and Private Office Need
Typists and Stenographers. Government
and business schools. 3000 46th St. N.W.
Special course 3-4 weeks qualifies average
student for Government position. Many
of our graduates receive \$1,000 a year. For
details, write and a better position offered.

BOYD SCHOOL 1329 F St.
N.W. D.C. 20004
1000 17th St. N.W. D.C. 20004



LIEUT. COL. CAMPBELL LORD MOUNTBATTEN
United States officers of all fighting force branches have been serving for some time on the staff of Lord Louis Mountbatten, fighting cousin of King George VI and commander of the Commandos. Among those who helped plan yesterday's raid on Dieppe was Lieut. Col. H. D. Campbell of the Marines.

U. S., Allied Commandos Blast Nazi Fortress in 9-Hour Battle

ATTACK, from Page 1.

vision was involved, or perhaps 15,000 men. They claimed 1500 prisoners and said the Allied losses were heavy.

The Germans also said 300 to 400 landing barges, 32 transports and three freighters were employed, and that they were protected by 13 to 15 cruisers and destroyers. They claimed to have destroyed three cruisers, three "torpedo boats" and four transports.

None of this, obviously, was confirmed here.

From beginning to end of the attack the British, through the medium of the radio, told the French that this operation was not the second front, that the day of liberation was not yet at hand.

Tonight's British communiqué, therefore, jeered at the Germans for pretending they had foiled a real attempt at sustained invasion. By mid-afternoon, the first exultant invaders to be re-embarked after the battle reached England. They had completely destroyed a six-gun shore battery and ammunition dump on the right flank of the operational sector, thus accomplishing their objective.

In the center the main force, having landed its tanks, fought throughout the day, apparently charged with making the deepest and most destructive penetration possible.

On the Allied left one Canadian landing party, instantly repulsed in their first attempt to get ashore, reformed and then carried the pebbly beach by assault.

Sky Above Filled With Allied Fighters

The blue sky above the beaches and the cliffs of Dieppe was filled with a vast umbrella of more than 1000 fighters from British, United States and Canadian commands.

At no time was the scope of the operation minimized by the enemy. Berlin, broadcasting reports of the fighting throughout the day, said the landing was on a broad front, that German naval units had been summoned to engage the British warships offshore, and that a general counterattack was started on land.

The Rangers, selected from a flood of volunteers, were the first United States Army ground forces to go into action in Europe since the first Great War.

All day long hundreds of watchers lined the British cliffs along the Channel in the vicinity of Newhaven and other ports as endless relays of fighters shuttled across the water in the bright sunlight.

Gunfire and explosions could be heard plainly on the English side. Newhaven is only 64 miles from Dieppe, a trip of four to five hours for the popular Channel steamers which carried holiday throngs to the French shore resort before the war.

Some fighter squadrons made half a dozen sweeps today, pausing only long enough to refuel and rearm. The scenes at airfields recalled the 1940 battle of Britain, when ground crews worked so fast it was only a few minutes before the planes were back in action again.

Several squadrons of fighters escorted the flying fortresses to Abbeville and brought them back without loss of one of the air giants. On Monday the fortresses bombed Rouen's railway yards and the reason was plain today—Rouen is barely 40 miles from Dieppe.

Radio, both British and German, played a big part in the day's hostilities.

Fear lest the French expose themselves to mass reprisals as they did by aiding the British Commandos who raided St. Nazaire on March 27, the British Broadcasting Co. told the French this was "not invasion" and warned them to stay clear of the fighting.

Every two hours the B. B. C. announced that the French would be notified formally when the second front actually was opened. Repeatedly it mentioned the presence of the Fighting French Commandos in the attacking force.

Berlin's big Deutschlandsender station, meanwhile, was broadcasting continuous code signals, presumably for the use of the defending forces.

German broadcasts implied that the city of Dieppe itself was penetrated, at least for a time.

Dieppe, normally about 25,000 population, stands at the mouth of the River Arques in a valley bordered by high white cliffs.

It has one of the deepest and safest harbors on the Channel, normally handling heavy freighter traffic.

The main town is on the west, the fishing suburb of Le Pollet lying east of river and harbor.

Dieppe dates back at least to the twelfth century. It has a bloody history of bombardment, storm and occupation. The Germans occupied it for some months in 1971.

Since the German army overran it during the Battle of France in the spring of 1940, the Dieppe area has been studied with long-range channel guns and smaller artillery, and is reported to have defenses in depth which include mine fields and hidden forts.

3 Capitalites Helped Plan Raid on France

Three Washingtonians and Naval Lieut. Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., former motion picture star, were among the American officers who helped Lord Louis Mountbatten, Commando chief, to plan yesterday's raid on Dieppe, France.

Members of the combined operations staff for some time, it was announced, are Brig. Gen. L. K. Truscott, Jr., Comdr. E. B. Strauss, Lieut. Col. D. E. Williams, all of Washington, and Lieutenant Fairbanks.

Truscott Well Known Here

General Truscott gained a wide acquaintance in the Capital while he was stationed at nearby Fort Myer, Va., in 1932, 1933 and 1934 and still maintains a home here.

He went to London from Fort Lewis, Wash., where he was assistant to the plans and training officer of the Ninth Army Corps, and joined the Commando staff shortly after his promotion to the temporary rank of brigadier general. Previous service over a period of 23 years in the Cavalry included duty as executive officer of the Second Battalion of the Thirtieth Army Regiment at Fort Knox, Ky. He was born 47 years ago at Chastfield, Tex.

Commander Strauss, son of Admiral Joseph Strauss, U. S. N. (retired) of 2208 Massachusetts Avenue Northwest, joined Lord Mountbatten's staff with 14 years of sea duty behind him. Recipient of a Presidential appointment to the Naval Academy as a result of competitive examinations, he was graduated in the class of 1923 and immediately went on sea duty as an ensign.

The third Washingtonian, Lieutenant Colonel Williams, has a score to even with the Axis. His father-in-law, Gen. C. C. Drake, was reported missing after the fall of the United States forces in the Philippines and is assumed to be a Japanese captive.

A graduate of Virginia Polytechnic Institute and the Army's Randolph Field, Colonel Williams left Washington in February to join the Commandos. He lived here at 1209 Congress Street Southeast.

Fairbanks Got the Works

Famous son of a famous father, Lieutenant Fairbanks spurned soft desk jobs in the Navy to seek a place in the American Ranger Battalion, a section of which received its baptism of fire in the Dieppe raid.

Along with the other Rangers, he underwent rigid training. "We gave him a real beating up and he came out on top," said Rear Admiral Robert Giffen, commander of the United States task force with the British Fleet home waters. "He's a real fighting sailor."

It was not disclosed whether Fairbanks and the other American officers participated in the raid.

Other American members of the staff are Maj. T. J. Conway of San Francisco, Maj. J. B. Lawrence of Los Angeles and Capt. G. W. Emery of Milwaukee, all of the Army; Maj. Pierpont Morgan Hamilton of New York City, of the Air Force, and Lieut. Col. H. D. Campbell of Vermont, of the Marine Corps.

Union Jack Flies Over French Soil

A British Port, Aug. 19 (AP)—The Union Jack, planted on the Dieppe cliffs by two of the first British soldiers to land, fluttered there until the conclusion of the Commando attack on that French port area. It was learned here tonight.

3 Flee Penal Farm

Hagerston, Md., Aug. 19.—Ernest Madron, 23; Theodore Maske, 21, and Robert Livingston, 23, inmates of the State Penal Farm at Roxbury, disappeared last night. They were wearing blue dungarees at the time they escaped.

Claim 1500 Taken Nazis Boast Victory Over Invaders

(Dispatches from enemy countries are published with the warning that they frequently contain misleading information intended for propaganda purposes.)

Berlin, Aug. 19 (German Broadcasts Received by United Press in New York).—The German high command said in a special communiqué tonight that a large-scale Allied landing in France was "smashed," with 17 warships and transports sunk or damaged, 1500 prisoners captured and 28 tanks destroyed.

The communiqué said the landing was made by British, American, Canadian and "De Gaulle" troops "in the strength of a division."

The bulletin, issued at 9:30 p. m., said since 4 p. m. "no armed enemy soldier has been on the continent."

The communiqué said German forces sank three allied destroyers, two torpedo boats, two transports, two special transports and one speedboat, and damaged five cruisers or large destroyers and two transports. It said the latter seven ships were damaged by German aerial bombs.

Among the prisoners taken were 60 Canadian officers, the communiqué said.

"This great success was carried out without the necessity of using reserves worth mentioning," the communiqué said.

The official D. N. B. News Agency and the Transocean News Agency said earlier that the Germans had killed "several hundred" Allied invaders.

Lack of a high command communiqué during the day was explained by Transocean, which said that was "in accordance with German military custom not to report on actions until they are concluded."

D. N. B. and Transocean broadcast a stream of dispatches throughout the day which said that German countermeasures, including naval and air forces, were "progressing according to plan" against the Allied forces which landed on a "broad front" in the Dieppe area.

"Berlin military circles believe Churchill was blackmailed by Stalin and ordered the adventure against the advice of his military experts," D. N. B. said.

Earlier, it reported that a British convoy consisting of several transports, after having been effectively shelled by German coastal artillery, turned back and disappeared to sea without accomplishing its task.

Largest Landing Effort Yet

Transocean said it was the largest landing attempt the British thus far had made and that in previous attempts "German reports never mentioned that British armored vehicles had been landed."

Immediately after the landing, D. N. B. said German artillery destroyed several British tanks. Berlin military circles stressed the strong use of air and naval units as indicating the British were attempting more than "the usual blip."

During the afternoon, the Berlin radio said the Western Front daily is "becoming more inviolable."

"Any attack will be met by the fire of all arms and even landing will be made difficult in every stretch of the country," the radio said. "The German troops who are eager to fight invaders are by no means second rate or average but the best-trained, well-armed troops, with rich fighting experience on the Russian front. They are ready for whatever may happen in the near or distant future."

RALPH W. LEE & CO. INSURANCE
For Over 44 Years
1508 L St. N.W.
REpublic 4848

Reporter Saw Nazis Practice Shore Fighting

By Ernest G. Fischer
Associated Press Staff Writer

I saw the Germans preparing for what has happened—an Allied landing on the coast of occupied France.

On the beach at Biarritz, deep down the Bay of Biscay, Adolf Hitler's troops trained to repel an enemy landing such as was made at Dieppe.

Terrific explosions awakened me at dawn on May 15 in the Palace Hotel at Biarritz where several hundred North, Central and South American repatriates were over-nighting en route to Lisbon.

I jumped out of bed and ran to the window of my fourth-floor room. There was the thud of several more explosions. Out in the bay, a mile from the hotel, several spots of water, at least 50 feet high, shot skyward. My first thought was that it was a British air raid preparatory to a landing attempt.

But we could hear no airplane motors and no antiaircraft fire such as most of us had heard in many air raids. Still thinking that it was a bonafide attack, I concluded that the pounding of the surf was drowning out the roar of airplane motors.

In the gathering light, I counted 25 dark objects strung out along the beach, about 100 feet apart and about 100 feet from the water's edge. They looked like sandbags that had bedded down ready to pounce on prey.

As the explosions in the sea moved nearer to the beach, the sandbags—German riflemen—stirred and their guns barked intermittently. By that time several machine guns, one of them planted at the corner of the hotel grounds, began to chatter. Children were crying in various rooms of the hotel, wondering whether, only a few hours from neutral soil, they would be caught in another invasion.

In the lobby, nonchalantly observing the proceedings outside, was an American naval commander, also an interne on his way back to America for active service. I asked him what the shooting was about.

"Aw, they're just trying to stage a show to impress us. Maybe they think we're coming back some day—with guns."

"We've come back with guns—and tanks."

Hay Fever? COOL YOUR BEDROOM
... Get an Air Conditioner
This is your last chance to get a famous PLEASANTAIR—the scientific, health machine. Present restrictions prohibit further manufacture.

PRICE \$199.50
Plus \$10.00 Installation Fee
Terms Strictly Cash in Advance
For Further Information Call National 5676

PLEASANTAIR CORPORATION

Store Closed Today on Account of the Death of Mrs. I. L. Goldheim

GOLDHEIM'S
1409 H STREET

Terrific explosions awakened me at dawn on May 15 in the Palace Hotel at Biarritz where several hundred North, Central and South American repatriates were over-nighting en route to Lisbon.

I jumped out of bed and ran to the window of my fourth-floor room. There was the thud of several more explosions. Out in the bay, a mile from the hotel, several spots of water, at least 50 feet high, shot skyward. My first thought was that it was a British air raid preparatory to a landing attempt.

But we could hear no airplane motors and no antiaircraft fire such as most of us had heard in many air raids. Still thinking that it was a bonafide attack, I concluded that the pounding of the surf was drowning out the roar of airplane motors.

In the gathering light, I counted 25 dark objects strung out along the beach, about 100 feet apart and about 100 feet from the water's edge. They looked like sandbags that had bedded down ready to pounce on prey.

As the explosions in the sea moved nearer to the beach, the sandbags—German riflemen—stirred and their guns barked intermittently. By that time several machine guns, one of them planted at the corner of the hotel grounds, began to chatter. Children were crying in various rooms of the hotel, wondering whether, only a few hours from neutral soil, they would be caught in another invasion.

In the lobby, nonchalantly observing the proceedings outside, was an American naval commander, also an interne on his way back to America for active service. I asked him what the shooting was about.

"Aw, they're just trying to stage a show to impress us. Maybe they think we're coming back some day—with guns."

"We've come back with guns—and tanks."

BOSTON and NEW ENGLAND

There is no substitute for air transportation in the nation's war effort. American provides service to New York, Hartford, Providence, Boston, Cincinnati and Chicago; Nashville, Dallas, Ft. Worth, El Paso and Los Angeles. Ticket Office: 813 15th Street, N.W.

Phone EXECUTIVE 2345 for Reservations
AMERICAN AIRLINES
SOUTH OF THE FLAGSHIP

* YOUR DOLLARS CAN FIGHT—BUY WAR BONDS *

THERE'S ONLY ONE REAL BARGAIN IN FURS . . .

THE Finest Quality FOR YOUR INVESTMENT

Jandel guarantees you undeviating quality. First, because we design and make many of our coats right in our workroom. Second, every skin is individually selected—for silkiness, color and durability. We use, by actual count, more skins per square foot and we give you finer workmanship. This plus the special prices during our summer sale should prove to you conclusively that Jandel is the place to buy your fur.

Featured in Our Summer Fur Sale

Mink Blended Muskrat \$195
Grey Dyed Indian Lamb \$225
Black or Grey Persian Lamb \$395
Alaskan Seal, Matsara or Safari \$395
Sheared Canadian Beaver \$495
Natural American Mink \$1,250

PRICES INCLUDE TAX
Convenient Payments Arranged

Jandel

1412 F Street
Willard Hotel Building

THE IMPORTANT MEN'S CORNER

VAT 69

AT 69

In Age and Taste
SCOTCH WHISKY
at its Best!

8 YEARS OLD
86 PROOF

PARK & TILFORD IMPORT CORP., NEW YORK, N.Y.

Distributors: THE HOUSE OF STOVER, 2035 17th Street N.W.

THE MODE

F STREET at ELEVENTH
Civilian and Military Outfitters

Blue Serge Uniforms from \$39.50
Naval Raincoats from . . . \$44.50
Naval Overcoats \$60.00
White-Gabardine Uniforms \$17.50
Khaki Work Uniforms . . . \$17.50
Cap with cover \$15.00

It is our constant endeavor to bring you Naval Apparel of unquestioned character at very moderate prices . . . accompanied by a service that only expert military outfitters of long standing could possibly offer.

Jandel

1412 F Street
Willard Hotel Building

Cost Shown, Alaska Seal Matsara, \$395 Tax Incl.

Virginian, Md. Man Help to Raid Rouen

U. S. Releases List of Officers and Crews
Who Took Part in Successful Foray

London, Aug. 19.—The United States fliers who participated in the flying fortress attack on Rouen Monday—among which all planes returned safely—were announced today as follows:

Commanding General of the bomber command, Brig. Gen. Ira C. Eaker, commanding officer, Col. Frank A. Armstrong of Nashville, N. C.; co-pilot, Maj. Paul W. Tibbets of Miami, Fla.

Lieut. Glen V. Lesland, Jr. of St. Petersburg, Fla.; LeRoy L. Ray of Louisville, Ky.; and Frank R. Beadle of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Sergt. Zane Genmill of St. Clair, Pa.; Frank Rebbillo of Providence, R. I.; Richard A. Williams of Utesa, N. Y.; and Chester Love Cummings of Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Lieut. Alexander Blair, Jr. of Henderson, Ky.; Robert C. Shurig, no address; William L. Heckman of Wapakoneta, Ohio; and William C. Lewis, Birmingham, Ala.

Sergt. Samuel Naydock of Frackville, Pa.; Clifford H. House of St. Steep, Wyo.; Warren J. Ewing of North Baltimore, Ohio; William T. Higdon of Jessup, Md.; and Frank G. Christensen of Racine, Wis.

South Carolinian

Lieut. George D. Burgess of Charleston, S. C.; William K. Roberts of Fitchburg, Mass.; Glenn E. McKee of Sylva, Kan.; and William R. Ray, no address.

Sergt. Wilbur J. Wright of St. Louis; Russell Jones, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miles W. Gendel of Scotts Hill, N. C.; William M. Ewing of Kirtlandville, Chester County, Mo.; and Lawrence E. Hale of Batavia, N. Y.

Capt. William R. Mueselwhite of Newnan, Ga.; Lieut. Donald B. Stinson of Cedarport, Pa.; Knott M. Oakley of San Antonio, Tex.; and Harry R. Erickson of Mahanato, Mich.

Sergt. Clarence E. Bauer of Adrian, Mich.; Edward J. Leary of Van Nuys, Calif.; Alvin J. Kulakowski of Toledo, Ohio; Elmer L. Burger of Evansville, Ind.; and Beryl R. Cundick of Midvale, Utah.

Lieut. James M. Sammonds of Webb, W. Va.; William Tingle of Boston, and Jess F. Baker of San Francisco.

Sergt. Grover C. Williams of Gadsden, Ala.; Eugene H. Evans of Opelousas, La.; Morris C. Beasley of Pawnee, Okla.; John D. Sullivan of Minneapolis and Pruitte L. Clements of Pawhuska, Okla.

Ocean City (N. J.) Lieutenant

Lieut. Walter E. Kelley of Ocean City, N. J.; Bernard R. Goncher of Johnstown, Pa.; Harry J. Boethe of Charlotte, N. C.; and William F. Buckle of San Diego.

Sergt. Wilmer Narveson of Philadelphia; Redrick R. Laite of Somerville, Mass.; Stanley Fish of

New Bedford, Mass.; Richard Starks of Midway, Ky.; Donald A. Walter of Painesville, Ohio; and Harold Spire of Los Angeles.

Sergt. Edward T. Sconiers of De Funiak Springs, Fla.; William A. Adams of Easley, S. C.; Roy T. Nally of Wrentham, Ky.; James C. Simmons of Union, Miss.; William E. Schimke of Manistee, Mich.; and John M. Hughes of Whitestone, Long Island.

Lieut. Norbeck W. Kirk of Bloomington, Pa.; Sanders, no address; Abraham Dreiscus of Kansas City, Mo.; and George L. Ludolph of St. Paul Park, Minn.

Sergt. Brooks West of Detroit, Harry M. Teitler of Philadelphia; Anderson A. McDonald of College Park, Ga.; Richard Sedore of Detroit; Shiller Cohen of The Bronx, N. Y.; and Edward J. Czekauskis of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lieut. Clarence L. Thacker of Kalamazoo, Fla.; Howard H. Snyder, Fort Wayne, Ind.; James T. Watson, Uffia, Ohio; George A. Pucilowski, Harper Station, Detroit.

Virginia and Maryland

Sergt. Robert E. Bunce, Titusville, Pa.; Joseph A. Newhart, Terre Haute, Ind.; John J. Drougas, Zanesville, Ohio; James N. Bracewell, Mapleton, Iowa; Edward Malbel, 2639 Frederick Avenue, Baltimore.

Lieut. Thomas H. Broders, Birmingham, Ala.; Fleming C. Gelsway, Marietta, Va.; Theodore Hakenstadt, Bremerton, Wash.; Mortimer Walsh, Elmhurst, Queens, N. Y.

Sergt. Henry R. Eaton, Tampa, Fla.; Pierce Taylor, Route 3, Greenbrier, Ark.; Jack C. Elliott, Independence, Kan.; Kent R. West, West Blocton, Ala.; Edward W. Swedo, St. Joseph, Mo.

Lieut. Clara M. Smart, Cookeville, Tenn.; Godfrey Engle, Albany, Tex.; Harry Y. Nausele, Landsdowne, Pa.; Ralph Burridge, Louisiana, Mo.

Sergt. Fernando P. Rovaris of Chicago; Robert E. Nichols of Scranton, Pa.; Allen Williams of DeQueen, Ark.; James Abbott of Geneva, Ala.; and Henry Wojciechowski, Cleveland.

Capt. Rodolph E. Flack, San Antonio, Tex.; and Lieut. John Dewar, Fort Stockton, Tex.; James W. Dunn, Riverside, Calif.; and Carl E. Schultz, Detroit.

Sergt. Paul W. Yagreen, Fairport, N. Y.; Rank Hayes, Springfield, Ill.; Edwin N. Breckle, Montgomery, Ala.; Ernest B. Clark, Morgan City, Miss.; and Raymond C. Lewis, Middleville, Mich.

In announcing the names, United States Army headquarters described the raid as "unusually successful" and said photographs showed a majority of the bombs fell within a radius of 300 yards of the freight yards.



Rommel's Loss In Prisoners Put at 10,000

By the Associated Press

Calo, Aug. 19.—A farewell message to the British Eighth Army from Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck disclosed today that in the last two months in Egypt Marshal Erwin Rommel had lost 10,000 of his Axis troops in prisoners alone.

"In the last two weeks" the retiring Middle East commander told his forces "you have stopped the enemy and forced him on the defensive."

The Egyptian battlefield remained quiet today as Gen. Sir Harold Alexander took up his new job as Britain's Middle East commander and as newly arrived United States troops bolstered the Allied reserves for the next phase of the fight.

The first British communiqué since the announcement that Alexander had succeeded Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck reported only "little air activity" yesterday and minor patrol actions Monday night.

The appointment of Maj. Gen. R. L. McCreery 44-year-old expert in armored warfare, as chief of staff to General Alexander was announced tonight by the War Office in London. He succeeded Lieut. Gen. T. W. Corbett.

Robert Payne, 50, of 2232 Ontario Road Northwest, fireman at the Carlton Hotel, last night reported to National Capital Police that while walking along the George Washington Memorial Highway he was robbed of \$38 by two men in an automobile.

Payne said the men called to him to come over to the car and give them directions. When he got to the car, Payne told police, one of the men pointed a revolver at him and said, "Get in." They drove for about two blocks, and then one of them struck him on the head, robbed him of \$38 and threw him out on the road, Payne said.

The victim said he lay on the side of the road unconscious for about an hour before regaining consciousness.

The Foresight, completed in 1935, was a 1350-ton destroyer capable of better than 36 knots.

There also were some losses of merchantmen in the convoy, but the admiralty would not divulge the number of ships in the convoy or the number of ships which arrived at Malta, because "the extent of reinforcement which has been received by the Fortress of Malta is obviously information of considerable importance to the enemy."

The Cairo, completed in 1918, was an old 4200-ton cruiser which had been rearmored in 1939 for anti-aircraft duty. She carried a normal crew of 400 men.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Fighting Ranger And Pretty Wife

Private Othel Green of Des Moines, Iowa, a former amateur boxer, was a member of the Ranger unit during the training period which conditioned them for yesterday's raid on Dieppe. He is shown at left talking to Sergt. Joseph Collis of Stillwater, Minn., his trainer for fights staged at a base in Northern Ireland. Mrs. Green (below), pictured yesterday in Des Moines, said "I've never worried about Othel—that is, until now."

Associated Press Wirephoto



23 Flying Fortresses Blast Airfield During Commando Raid on France

Hangars Wrecked,
Fires Started at
Base in Abbeville

By the United Press

London, Aug. 19.—Twenty-three United States Army Flying Fortresses—total bomb capacity, 220,000 pounds—blasted the German air base at Abbeville today during the commando raid on nearby Dieppe, splintering hangars, poking runways and parking grounds, and starting great fires.

An Army communiqué disclosing the number of fortresses involved in the Dieppe supporting action said a twenty-fourth went out for the attack, but its bomb release mechanism failed and the cargo was jettisoned in the channel.

The 23 giant bombers "dropped their bombs on or near the targets," the official announcement tonight said.

Twelve to 15 German planes were seen flying in the vicinity of Abbeville, but the fortresses ran into little opposition in the air, army headquarters said. Three bombers were scratched by anti-aircraft splinters, but none was damaged seriously.

The sole casualty was a radio operator who suffered an injured kneecap.

Observers reported many bombs burst on the northwest dispersal area of the Abbeville airbase, as well as runways, and also reported seeing clouds of black smoke rising after bombs were placed on fuel-storage sites, the announcement said.

Thus American land and air power struck together for the first time in the European theater.

"The American bomber boys were marvelous—they didn't waste a bomb," said Wing Commander King Combe, who led one of the British and Canadian fighter formations, which escorted the fortresses. He added:

"Buildings around the edge went up in a cloud of smoke and debris. Wherever there were buildings, bombs landed on or around them."

Big Canadian Troop
Convoy Reaches Britain

A British Port (Wednesday), Aug. 19 (AP).—A large contingent of Canadian troops, including armored and air units, has arrived here after crossing the Atlantic without incident in a convoy guarded by warships.

Blimey, It's Winston

Churchill's Front Line Visit Surprises Troops in Africa

By Edward Kennedy

Associated Press Staff Writer

With British Forces on the Egyptian Front, Aug. 19.—A resolute civilian figure in sun helmet, gray suit and black bow tie trudged westward one day recently along the desert coast road to El Alamein, within hearing distance of heavy cannonading.

He held a walking stick and gloves in one hand. In the other was a fly switch—a fine horsehair model dyed bright red.

British army trucks passed—and then stopped short.

"Blimey," exclaimed an amazed driver, "it's Winston."

Prime Minister Churchill of Great Britain, on an inspection trip breaking a flight to Moscow, waved and gave the "V" salute.

Soon he was surprising soldiers all over that section of the desert.

Two shirtless Australians digging a trench dropped their picks to look at him.

"You've got a good suntan," the empire's leader remarked.

Churchill spent most of the day among South African and Australian detachments which make up part of the forces aligned against the German and Italian divisions of Field Marshal Erwin Rommel.

He also encountered British, New Zealand and other Allied soldiers on special details and inspected R. A. F. air fields.

The Prime Minister ate breakfast and luncheon at officers' messes, shooting flies away with the whisk.

With Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck, then still commander of British forces in the Middle East, he looked over antitank guns and watched tanks rumbling over the terrain.

Churchill had arrived by plane at a desert air field at dawn one day, awaited by a small party to whom his plans were officially made known.

He stepped from the plane in the uniform of an air commodore.

As he saluted Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Will Tedder, commander in chief of the R. A. F. in the Middle East, he smiled.

"How are you, young fellow?" Churchill asked.

Churchill's arrival as an air commodore eliminated the formalities which would have been entailed if he had come as Prime Minister. In theory Churchill entered Egypt simply as a member of his Britannic Majesty's forces, who have the right to enter the country freely under the British-Egyptian treaty.

Later he drove to the Suez Canal area to inspect fresh troops and equipment which had arrived recently from Britain.

Railway Collects 9000 Tons of Steel Scrap

Collection and disposal of more than 9000 tons of iron and steel scrap—enough to produce 500 medium tanks or 18,000 pieces of small field artillery—was announced yesterday by the Southern Railway System.

The scrap is made up of discarded material reclaimed along the right-of-way, at coal chutes, water stations, storehouses, freight stations and shops, Harry A. DeButts, vice president of the Southern, said. The railroad also contributed 7,428 pounds of rubber to the scrap drive, he added, and the proceeds were donated to the United Service Organization.

SHOP TODAY 12:30 to 9 P. M.

HAIR-COOLED
Raleigh
HABERDASHER
NATIONAL 2040 2310 F STREET



Pure Silk

EVERY INCH TOP TO TOE
CHIFFON HOSIERY by ARCHER

\$1.35

3 pairs for \$3.90

Rare finds for you! Archer hosiery with every thread pure silk, from top of the hem to tip of the toe! Exquisite, dull 2-thread chiffons worth saving for your very best dates. In three lovely Archer colors, sizes 8½ to 10½. Sorry, no mail or phone orders.

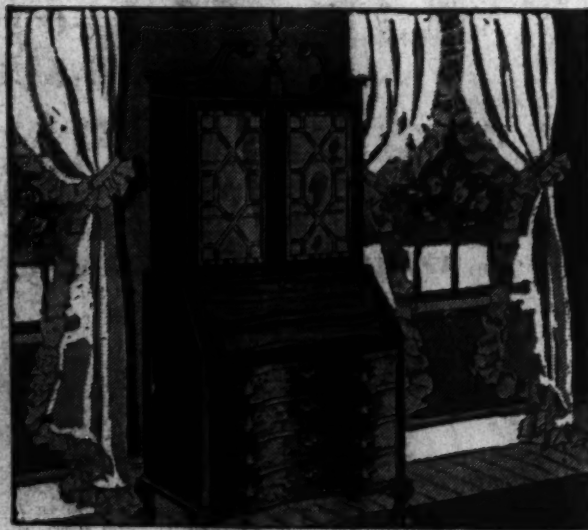
Lose Something?

If you should lose anything while shopping today or going to dinner or the theater tonight, list your loss in the classified section of tomorrow's Washington Post. Lost and found ads can be placed as late as 11 o'clock tonight for tomorrow's Post. Call NATIONAL 4200 to place your ad.

STORE HOURS TODAY (THURSDAY) 12:30 TO 9 P. M.

The August SALE OF LIFETIME FURNITURE

Storewide Savings Now



What a World of Duties
a Desk can Perform!

Its obvious duty, of course, is to further the gentle art of correspondence, to offer you politely paper, pens, and ink when you are in a writing mood. Then, too, it holds the letters you mean to answer some day, and the accounts you must keep, and the precious little missives that you treasure. Last but not least it has the important duty of decorating your home. Sale prices at Mayer & Co. now enable you to save as you select a Secretary Desk. Prices range from \$53.75 to \$245.

**Lifetime
FURNITURE**

Share In The Savings Now

MAYER & CO.

Seventh Street

Between D and E

Malta Convoy Escort Blasts 100 Planes in Furious Fight

By International News Service

Calo, Aug. 19.—At least 100 Axis planes were destroyed or damaged during last week's convoy battle in the Mediterranean, it was revealed tonight.

Dealing a heavy blow to enemy air power in the Mediterranean theater, planes of the British fleet's air arm were credited with having shot down at least 30 of the enemy aircraft which attacked a convoy en route to Malta.

Warships' guns downed eight Axis planes while "other devices," not identified in the official announcement, destroyed another 13.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Four warships lost

Resupplying Malta

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Malta has received vital supplies, brought by a convoy which made a hectic voyage under heavy attack to the Mediterranean stronghold at a cost of four British warships, the admiralty announced today.

The anti-aircraft cruiser Cairo and the destroyer Foresight were sunk, it was announced today. Loss of the aircraft carrier Eagle and the cruiser Manchester had been disclosed previously.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

Between 30 and 40 additional Axis bombers and fighters were listed as "probably" shot down, while a "large number" of enemy planes were known to have been damaged.

Only eight British planes were lost in the operations, but four pilots were saved.

**Lambert
and
Millwork
BY
EISINGER**
WE HAVE REYNOLDS, INC.
SPECIAL AGENTS, 610 N. W. 10

SMART choice of the travelwise!



\$25

(others from \$16.95)

GENUINE TOP-GRAIN COWHIDE
DROP-FRONT ZIPPER BAG that's really a smart choice of the travelwise! It's a zipper bag with an additional drop-front zipper pocket containing nine useful fittings that may be easily gotten to without disturbing the rest of the case. Everything you need . . . at your fingertips . . . let us show you why experienced travelers prefer this Drop-Front Zipper Bag . . . today!

SHOP TODAY 12:30 to 9

FRIDAY 9:30 to 6

CLOSED THIS SATURDAY

BECKERS
1314 F ST. N. W.

MAIL ORDER PHONE 612-2222 CASH 612-2222

Kentucky straight bourbon—100 proof
National Distillers Products Corp., N. Y. ★ ENTIRE STORE Perfectly AIR COOLED FOR YOUR COMFORT ★

Nelson to Be 'Tough to Get This Job Done'

NELSON, from Page 1.

services were ready to act as receivers to a bankrupted civilian management of the war.

"There has been too much loose talk about this program," Nelson asserted. "They say that one thousand plants may be shut down for lack of materials. That is wrong."

"In every program, there must be adjustments, and we are making those adjustments now. I can see the way ahead and we're going to come out on top."

"Adjustments" Foreseen

The production chief added that the "adjustments" probably would be made public shortly. He did not disclose their nature.

Capital observers found great significance in Nelson's new belatedness. Among other things, it was known that Nelson and Price Administrator Leon Henderson, famous here for his frankness and pugnacity, held a "war talk" in Burlington, Vt., last week while Nelson was on vacation.

Nelson made it plain he would no longer tolerate "fifth wheels" in any of the divisions under his control. One of the most frequent criticisms lodged against him has been that he was unwilling to unburden his organization of nonproducers and misfits.

There was strong disposition to believe as well that Nelson meant to clarify and clearly delineate the relationships between WPB and the armed services.

Shutdowns Reveal Situation

Nelson never has acknowledged that any conflict existed or that lines of authority were obscure or being crossed by the military, but some of his subordinates say such is the case.

In recent weeks this beneath the surface conflict has reached unusual proportions, brought to a head by the temporary shutdown of some plants working on Army and Navy contracts.

The speculation that as many as 1000 plants might be shut down for want of materials, to which Nelson referred in this discussion of "loose talk," was mentioned in a recent resolution by the labor-management committee of WPB's labor production division.

The Liberty case does not mean an end to WPB's policy of leaving all officials free to talk to the press at any time, Fitzgerald explained later in the day.

"The open door policy will stand," he said, but added that the dismissal might be taken as warning that any unauthorized release of confidential information would be dealt with severely.

Offensive Weapons To Get First Call

By Bert Andrews

Copyright by New York Tribune, Inc.
Donald M. Nelson, chairman of the War Production Board, soon will inform the military services, in line with his new "get tough" policy, that they cannot have all they want of every conceivable kind of war tool and that top, mandatory priorities will be granted only to "offensive" weapons as opposed to "defensive" weapons. Nelson would not commit himself further on what he intends to do to cure the production malady which has reduced the production of some plane factories and shipyards for lack of materials that were going either into civilian production or into production of war weapons and vehicles not of as pressing need.

However, other sources revealed several developments in the situation today that is hotter in Washington than any subject save war itself.

No Tipping, Please . . .



Associated Press Wirephoto

FARES FOR THE FAIR—Marjorie Lord, Universal screen starlet, models the new uniform to be adopted by the Los Angeles Street Railway Co. for its "conductorettes." Women are expected to be employed as a solution to the growing shortage of male conductors. The uniform, which is a natty version of the slack suit, is made of dark blue whippet cord.

tion today that is hotter in Washington than any subject save war itself.

1. Combat planes of all types are expected to be No. 1 on the new "must" list. Weapons that can be used at the front in the immediate future—not vehicles or other materials that may come in handy some day—will likely be third.

Shipping probably will be third, whether sea craft or cargo planes or both, on the theory that maximum capacity must be provided for the transportation of combat weapons, if the weapons are to be any good.

2. All "defensive" production is going to take a back seat until the output of materials makes them possible and it is certain that many "non-combat" plants will have to close down. Essential civilian needs for preservation of public health, transportation and the like will get enough for maintenance.

3. The news story that caused firing of Frederick L. Libbey stirred many of the dollar-a-year men to launch an "insurrection." Assuming erroneously that the leak on the Libbey report represented WPB's official views, they paraded to Reese H. Taylor, head of the Iron and Steel branch, and voiced a protest in language that amounted to this: "If you feel that way about us, our usefulness is over." It took Nelson himself to assuage their injured pride. He informed them he had selected them because he thought they were the best men in the iron and steel industry and that he still thought so and wanted them to stay. They stayed.

Saving on Tin and Aluminum

4. The Army announced that it expects to save more than 62 million pounds of tin and aluminum during 1942 and 1943 through conservation techniques developed by the Army Ordnance department. This announcement reflected the Army's realization that there isn't enough to go around in 100 per cent doses.

5. The Economic Outlook, monthly survey of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, declared in its current issue that "a considerable number" of plants are being closed down as a result of shortages of materials, with shipbuilding and tank production the chief items affected.

Many in Washington last night were wondering whether Nelson would have the authority to make his new decisions stick, and there were some who were betting that Lieut. Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, chief of the Army's Services of Supply, might decide to make it a contest, with President Roosevelt as the man who would rule which one had complete power.

Plan to Curb Wage Rises Is Drafted

INFLATE, from Page 1.

not be granted, under the order, without the approval of E. S. A. Rigid Interpretation

Any increases granted by WLB would be limited by a rigid interpretation of the "little steel" formula, which would ban increases in most industries. Adjustments for substandard wages are to be permitted under the proposed order only for wages below 47 cents an hour. Other adjustments might be made in the event of serious inequalities creating a man power problem.

While being put into effect, all wages would be frozen for a period of 30 days.

Victory for Henderson

As outlined, the proposal would represent a tremendous victory for Henderson, who had automatically demanded drastic controls over wages to prevent conflict with price ceilings. The previous draft was considerably more moderate with wage adjustments left to the discretion of WLB.

The extent of Henderson's victory if the proposed order is finally approved by the President may be seen in the make-up of three subcommittees to administer various aspects of the cost-of-living program. Henderson is on all three. Henderson was reported already boosting Gov. Herbert Lehman of New York for authority chairman. Others mentioned include Rosen and Supreme Court Justice Douglas.

Officials of organized labor when informed of the proposed plan expressed unqualified opposition. One labor official stated that any such order would automatically abrogate the labor-industry agreement to outlaw strikes for the duration of the war on the condition that the War Labor Board hear and finally determine all disputes.

In applying the "Little Steel" formula, WLB would be compelled to accept industry wage averages as a basis. Thus if an entire industry had received wage increases totaling more than the 15 per cent allowed since January, 1941, under the formula, no individual plant in the industry would be allowed to receive any increase, even if its employees had received no wage boost during the period since January, 1941.

Police Hunt Pair Who Robbed Cabbie

Police yesterday were investigating the early morning robbery of Lord W. Chisholm, 21, a cab driver of 204 Sixteenth Street, Northeast, who said his cab was hailed by two white men who later robbed him of his vehicle and personal property.

A lookout has been broadcast for the pair who hailed Chisholm at the Greyhound Bus Terminal and told him to drive to the 3000 block of K Street Northwest, where, according to Chisholm, he was told to get out, and the men drove off.

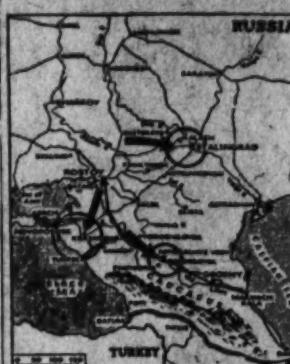
Potomac Danger Zone Warning Is Issued

The War Department announced yesterday that the torpedo testing range, a danger zone, has been expanded on the Potomac River from a section 5 miles above Piney Point to Point Lookout, Md. The warning, issued by the United States Engineer Office at Washington, has been posted in postoffices in southern Maryland.

Acid Indigestion

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back
When excess stomach acid causes indigestion, heartburn, gas, sour stomach and bloating, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People promptly relieve the trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. No laxative. Relieves heartburn, indigestion, gas, sour stomach, and doubles your money back in return of bottle to Dr. Williams at all druggists.

Reds Fall Back From Krasnodar



EVACUATION OF Krasnodar in the western Caucasus was announced today by the Russians who withdrew toward Novorossiisk, Black Sea naval base. A communique said there was no material change, however, in the lines in the Stalingrad and Mineralnye Vody-Pyastigorsk sectors. Heaviest fighting was reported in the encircled areas.

RUSSIA, from Page 1.

ing the western bank of the Don which is only about 50 miles from Stalingrad. Kotelnikovskii is 95 miles southwest of Stalingrad.

The Russians said the Germans concentrated more than 100 tanks on one sector southeast of Krasnodar in an effort to crash through the Soviet lines. Thirty-one of these were reported destroyed as well as 25 trucks filled with Nazi troops. Altogether 400 Germans were killed in this single sector, the communique added.

The fighting on both approaches to Stalingrad continued through the night.

In the Caucasian foothills Russian troops still were battling grimly to check the German sweep through Pyastigorsk (170 miles southeast of the destroyed and abandoned Makip oil fields) toward the Grozny oil fields beyond. Today's communique indicated the Russian lines for the moment were holding in this sector.

Local fighting was reported on the Leningrad-Volkhov front near the Baltic. A German attempt to cross a river in the area was declared to have been repulsed by Soviet artillery.

(The German high command said German and Slovak troops fighting in broken, mountainous terrain of the Caucasus had crossed numerous mine fields and were advancing southward, while mop-up operations continued in the Don Bend, a United Press dispatch said. The communique reported strong Russian attacks on the Vyzna, Rzhnev, Lake Ilmen and Volkov fronts, west and northwest of Moscow.)

The newspaper Pravda said the Russian Black Sea fleet, forced to use bases on the Caucasian coast because of the Nazi occupation of the Crimea, still was operating and attaining its objectives despite raids by German air squadrons.

(Novorossiisk and Batum probably are used by Soviet warcraft for servicing and refueling.)

Helsinki, Aug. 19 (AP)—The Finnish command reported today that 16 Finnish fighters shot down 13 Russian fighters, one hurricane and two dive-bombers out of a Soviet formation of 80 planes over Kronstadt yesterday. One Finnish plane was lost in the hour's combat, it was asserted.

Distraught Driver Abandons Bus After Hectic Day

QUIT, from Page 1.

way back the foot throttle broke. "When this happens we are instructed to put the passengers on another bus, have that driver take care of the crippled bus, and I'm to follow the two routes of both buses. I did this and, of course, some people had to get home by roundabout ways. Well, they grumbled and made cracks. I was getting pretty fed up."

"Later that evening I got caught in the blackout with a packed bus. We're supposed to stop and put the passengers off, but we happened to be in a tough neighborhood and I told them they could stay on the bus if they wanted to. They did, and just then a man—who turned out to be a cop—knocked on the door and wanted to know the score."

Passengers Go to Drug Store

"I made him identify himself and then he ordered all the passengers to go to a drugstore. After the blackout we went on our way. "The whole thing was almost too much, but get me straight, I like my job—been with it nine years—so I let it pass."

Then, Fintel said, his troubles began all over again. At Fourth Street and Rhode Island Avenue Northeast a great crowd of passengers took the bus by storm, filling it to overflowing. Several were crowded against the front so that Fintel's vision was obstructed.

"I told the passengers I couldn't drive while they blocked my view. I told 'em I would be breaking the law if I did. But they wouldn't move."

"I told them," Fintel continued

wearily, "and I pulled up the brake—that I could sit there all night. They said they could, too. "We blocked traffic for 15 minutes."

Driver Leaves Bus

"I can't say that I blame the passengers—they had a right to want to get home and so did I. Well, after some more arguing, I decided that I was going to get home. I just decided the bus business could get along without me."

"So I took my cap and change carrier and told the passengers another College Park bus would be along in about 15 minutes. I also told them for all I cared they could go straight to . . ."

"Some of them said I could, too." The bus blocked traffic for another 15 minutes. The passengers finally got home aboard other buses.

"I ran through with the bus company," Fintel said. Apparently he meant it.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

1011 F Street N.W. Phone DIstribution 5200

Shop Tonight 'til 9

"Washingtonians"

The folks back home want to know about the amazing city in which you are working. Here is the book that tells them.

WASHINGTON IS LIKE THAT

by W. M. Kiplinger

\$3.50

"I've been trying for nine years to acquire information about this place. I now have it here at hand, all between two covers."

Merriner S. Eccles

"Five hundred of the most absorbing pages you will read this season."

Charles Lee, Philadelphia Record

The Book House, Anna St., First Floor.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

1011 F Street N.W. Phone DIstribution 5200



The Gift Shop offers you Hand-painted Tole-type Trays at Savings

Regularly \$5 \$3.75

Celebrating the opening of its radiantly decorated, brand-new location—the Gift Shop offers this exciting saving.

Hospitable oblong trays are decorated in mellow fruit or flower designs, against black, red or blue backgrounds—every inch as ornamental as useful. Approximate size, 12½x20 inches. Alcohol-resistant finish.

Wise of you to buy with future gifts in mind THE NEW GIFT SHOP, FIFTH FLOOR

Fine Leather Goods Since 1804

Featured at \$12



Zipper Cases

Top grain, sustain analine cowhide. Disappearing handles. Inside pockets.

Other Styles from \$7.50

Open Thursdays to 9 P. M.

Charge Accounts Invited

LUTZ & CO.

1325 Q STREET N.W.

The Oldest Name in Scotch

Famous for 315 years



HAIG & HAIG

BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY 56.9 PROOF

SOMERSET IMPORTERS, LTD., NEW YORK

DISTRIBUTORS: MILTON & KROHNKE & SON, INC.

NO COMBINATION SUPERIOR TO THE BEAUTIFUL

MAGNAVOX

RADIO PHONOGRAPH

\$73.25 "Concerto" Electric. For Record Playing only. New Model "Bud Table" Automatic Radio-Phonograph. \$135

WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE LATEST MODEL

"BELVEDERE"

A MAGNIFICENT EXAMPLE OF CHINESE CRAFTSMANSHIP



9 TUBES \$298.50

12 TUBES \$350

Push-button Tuning. Separate Bass and Treble Controls. All Waves Reception. Two Dual-Scale 12-Inch Speakers. Automatic Record Changer. Equipped to plug-in the new FREQUENCY MODULATION ADAPTER, which eliminates static.

WHILE THEY LAST

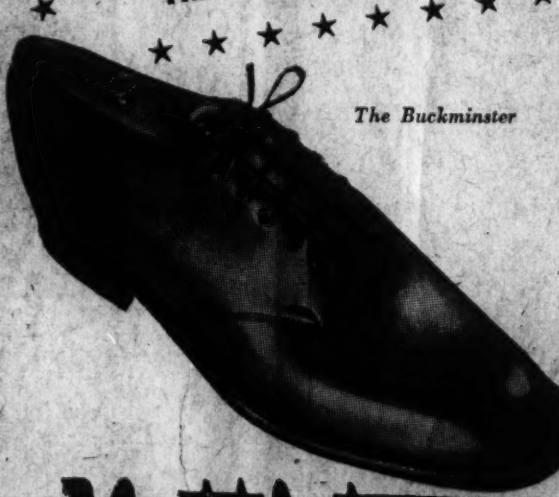
SEE AND HEAR THESE LOVELY INSTRUMENTS:

"Contemporary," automatic record changer. \$237.50
"Happleswhite," traditional styling. \$198.50
"Magnavox Phonographs"—Priced from \$29.95

DROOP'S • 1300 G

EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE FOR MAGNAVOX IN WASHINGTON

MILITARY FOOTWEAR THAT CAN TAKE IT



The Buckminster

Nettleton

- Rich bootmaker Norwegian Calf (Famous for years as a soft supple leather resistant to abrasion.)
- Comfortable Blucher Pattern.
- Distinctive Nettleton styling and craftsmanship
- Buckminster Last—backbone of the Nettleton line—a tradition for comfort.
- Stout flexible sole.
- Rubber heel.

\$12.95

20 Military Models Priced from \$6.95 to \$17.95. Browns—Blacks—Whites.

RICH'S

F STREET AT TENTH

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 9—CLOSED SATURDAY



Our Soldiers, Sailors and Marines are in the fight 100 per cent—back them with at least 10 per cent of your earnings invested in War Bonds—Victory Booth, First Floor

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

10th 11th F AND G STREETS

PHONE DISTRICT 5300

Store Hours, 9:30 to 6—Thursday, 12:30 to 9

Shop Tonight till 9

Under your dirndl—soft, lightweight girdle by Simone. Rayon-and-cotton with lacy elastic \$3.95

Beneath your short slacks—pantie girdle by Mabs of Hollywood, cotton and Nylon woven with "Lac-tex" yarn. Tealose, white or blue. Lacy panels for easy stretch \$3.95

Being "Smooth" at College is a Matter of Foundations

What a pity about Mary, whose figure would be simply super-duper if it were not for that tummy. And Jane, whose derriere needs just a bit of smoothing down. What a pity—unless, being the smart girls they are, they come hurrying to Woodward & Lothrop, before they start packing, to spend just a pittance for the lightweight, persuasive—and, oh, so comfortable foundation garments that can make a mint of difference in the glances, envious (feminine) and approving (masculine) a girl rates on campus.

CORSETS, THIRD FLOOR



Conniston Wool Tweeds More Welcome than Ever

This is the year when your appraising eye looks at coat or suit and asks, "Will it serve me long and look faithfully ready, day after day? Is it practically timeless in its styling? But does it still have ways and means of keeping me looking radiant and feminine, not just efficient?" So you remember Conniston tweeds—their functional, but flattering, cut—their durability—their excellent tailoring—and their heart-warming colors.

So have your warm, wise suit and coat—but have them red or haze green, olive, grape, brown or blue—both alike or contrasting. Each in sizes 12 to 20.

Each coat or suit, priced separately—**\$39.75** a well-worth-it

SPORTSWEAR, THIRD FLOOR

Your new draped frock or that princess line asks all-in-one smoothness—Carter's "Complete," rayon, plastic yarn and cotton with pretty lace for uplift, \$8.50

Now You May Have That Favorite Button-button Frock in Forstmann Fabric

If you bought it, this summer, in crisp linen, you know what a wonderful, wearable dress it is. Easy-to-slip-into as a coat—sleeves such a comfortable length—and a beautiful simple neckline to dress up with your favorite jewels.

And now you may enjoy its flattering lines in Forstmann's caress-soft 90% woolen, 10% rabbit-hair—in colors to set your eyes sparkling: Verona green, bayou blue, purple, port or demure gray. Sizes 16 to 42 **\$35**

WOMEN'S DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR



Smart Fur Coats in Those Hard-to-find Junior Sizes

at pleasant low prices, too, in our Annual Advance Offering of Furs

\$110 to \$195

All prices plus 10% tax

Sigh no more for the double luxury of a beautiful fur coat that really fits you. Woodward & Lothrop has assembled a collection especially for you—and, to make it all the happier—at prices to fit college or just-out-of-college budgets. Each coat sparkles with youthfulness and verve—each is made up to Woodward & Lothrop standards—in furs that offer you excellent durability-value. We picture:

A—Beaver-dyed mouton lamb, 40-inch great-coat style, makes you want to purr over its warmth and good looks. Wears like true love. \$135

Other beaver-dyed lambs—32-inch, \$110; 36-inch, \$125.

B—The new camel-tone-dyed lapin, a luscious honey color that blends with everything as beautifully as your camel-hair coat does. Heavenly, if you are blonde. \$135

And in the group are muskrats, gray kidskins, caracul-dyed lamb, dyed skunk stripe and black-dyed Persian paw—all accredited at any college. In the collection, sizes 9 to 17.

All prices plus 10% tax

Storage until November 1st without charge. Deferred payments may be arranged.

FUR SALON, THIRD FLOOR



Agents Jury Calls Russian Mystery Man

By Dillard Stokes
Post Staff Writer

The star witness before the special grand jury on Axis agents tomorrow will be the White Russian mystery man—Representative Hamilton Fish's old friend, George Jammar Djamgaroff.

Fish might be called later on. Fish and Djamgaroff were on the books of the Dominican Republic together—the Russian openly for \$50,000 a year as a registered agent and the Congressman secretly for a flat \$25,000.

Fish got the money out of a \$306,600 credit set up for the Dominican dictator, Gen. Rafael L. Trujillo, through his legation here. The Congressman, who is ranking Republican of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, claims he is just handling some wildcat oil speculation for the Latin dictator.

Interest Dates Back to 1937

Fish paid \$12,500 back to Trujillo, put \$400 in his own bank account and put at least \$640 into oil stock in his own name. Fish did not mention the \$25,000 when he filed his income tax return for 1939, and the Government is investigating, to see whether the New York Congressman is liable to tax, penalty or prosecution.

Fish's interest in Trujillo dates back to 1937, when he touched up an attack on the "good neighbor policy" with a demand for breaking relations with the Dominican government. Trujillo's soldiers murdered several thousand Haitians, Fish charged.

Some months later Trujillo hired Djamgaroff—for whom Fish interceded with immigration officials in 1932—at \$50,000 a year. The Russian arranged for a Congressional junket to the Dominican Republic, and Fish was one of the guests.

When Trujillo returned the visit in July, 1939, Fish was the chief speaker at a banquet in the dictator's honor. Nothing was said about atrocities, but Fish hailed the visitor as the creator of a golden age.

Helgesen Being Recalled

Less than a week later, the "creator of a golden age" arranged for the \$25,000 credit in favor of his eulogist.

Special Prosecutor John T. M. Reedin disclosed last night that the summons had been issued for Djamgaroff, adding that another former Dominican press agent, Ray Helgesen, previously a Washington newspaperman, was being recalled to give additional testimony. Hurrying back from a brief vacation, to help in the session tomorrow, is Special Prosecutor William Power Maloney.

Both Djamgaroff and Fish have been called by the special grand jury before.

The Russian was a witness in June, during the inquiries that preceded the "vermin press" conspiracy indictment returned on July 21.

Fish was a witness during the prosecutions of another man he said was an old friend of his—the German agent, George Sylvester Viereck—and of Fish's secretary, George Hill, who was Viereck's propaganda aide and who went to jail for perjury, for telling the grand jury he did not know Viereck.

Hill Recalls Story

During Viereck's trial, Hill recounted his former story and testified that it was Fish himself who first introduced him to the German agent, with instructions to help Viereck crank out a speech of the late Senator Ernest Lundeen (Farmer-Labor) of Minnesota. Under oath, Fish said he saw "no reason to deny" this introduction.

When Viereck himself was a witness he refused to say whether he knew Fish, Hill, former Senator

Lieutenant Missing In Blimp Mystery



LIEUT. ERNEST DEWITT CODY

27, is one of two Navy veterans of dirigible operations listed as missing from the disabled patrol blimp which fell in a street of suburban San Francisco. Lieut. Cody is pictured in 1938 when he was graduated from the Naval Academy at Annapolis

yesterday filed an attack on the authority of the special grand jury. These defendants are due to file pleadings, argue over bond and the like. The proceeding is set for 1:30 p. m.

Molzahn's Lawyer Cites 'Lack' of Evidence

By the Associated Press

Hartford, Aug. 19.—Lawyers defending the Rev. Kurt E. B. Molzahn told a Federal Court jury today that the Government had failed utterly to prove that the Philadelphia pastor had committed any of the three overt acts attributed to him in an indictment charging conspiracy to violate the Espionage Act. Contending the prosecution was built solely on the testimony of a man who appeared with credentials "full of suspicion and told a preposterous story," Defense Attorney Cyril Coleman said in his summation: "The essential weakness of the Government's case is the weakness

of Father Pelypenko. There is no decent evidence proving an overt act on the part of the defendant."

He referred to the Rev. Aleski Pelypenko, Ukrainian Roman Catholic priest from Argentina who worked as a counter-espionage agent for the FBI last year.

For "those of us who are Roman Catholics," said Coleman, "it is a matter of surprise and chagrin to find a man who claimed to be a priest engaged in what is fundamentally a dirty business."

The Government's charge that Mr. Molzahn was trying to help Gerhard Wilhelm Kunze, former German-American Bund "leader," get a passport for travel to Europe last summer was based, Coleman

said, on the "fateful four words—I know, I know."

That was the reply Father Pelypenko swore Mr. Molzahn made when the priest told him last summer that Kunze was leaving the country with "important papers."

If the jury believed that, Coleman told the eight men and four women who have heard the 17-day-long trial, it would be "on the unsupported word of that man (Father Pelypenko) who came into this case veiled in mystery."

Kunze and three others have pleaded guilty to the charge against Mr. Molzahn, conspiring to furnish United States military secrets to Axis powers.

Coleman argued further that Government testimony itself disproved the other two overt acts charged against the defendant—that he arranged a meeting a year ago this month between Kunze and Dr. Wolfgang Hell of El Paso, Tex., also an admitted conspirator, and that Molzahn permitted Kunze to use the address of his Philadelphia parsonage as a return address on his mail.

Lieut. Fraleigh, District Dentist, Commended

Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox yesterday commended Lieut. Claud M. Fraleigh, Dental Corps, United States Navy, for "gallant conduct" rendered in an Army field hospital during the defense of Bataan Peninsula.

Lieutenant Fraleigh, 33, whose home is 2335 Fifteenth Street Northwest, is listed as missing in action.

Sleeping on Wall Is Fatal to Negro

Charles Jackson, 42, Negro, of 909 Twenty-fifth Street Northwest, died in Casualty Hospital early yesterday after falling 30 feet from a wall bordering a Government building at 401 South Capitol Street. According to witnesses, Jackson had been sleeping on the wall when he fell to the concrete area below. He was removed to Casualty Hospital and treated for a skull fracture.

Bahr Tells of Gestapo Dealings

By the Associated Press

Newark, N. J., Aug. 19.—A voluminous, self-authored statement in which Herbert Karl Friedrich Bahr told how the German Gestapo instructed and directed him to obtain information concerning American war production was placed in evidence today as the Government completed its case in the Buffalo (N. Y.) scholar's trial on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage. Frederic M. P. Pearce, Bahr's court-appointed counsel, said after the conclusion of today's testimony that he would ask Federal Judge William F. Smith tomorrow for a directed verdict of acquittal on the ground that no evidence to substantiate the charge had been presented.

Bahr's statement—the penciled original was 37 pages long—admitted he had written letters to German agents in Germany, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey from Aarau, Switzerland, and Lisbon, Portugal, where he waited to sail to the United States aboard the diplomatic exchange vessel Drottningholm. He was arrested July 6 after the ship reached Jersey City. The letter, Bahr's statement said, related to his difficulties in getting

money into the United States and to a system of correspondence with agents in Germany.

He described how he "came in contact" with the Gestapo after disagreements over wages with the management of three German war plants, where he had been employed as a draftsman and designer.

Bahr said the Gestapo first intended to send him back to the United States as an inventor's representative to the General Electric Co. in Schenectady, N. Y., but that those plans were abandoned after America's entry into the war.

He then told how the Gestapo instructed him in the use of invisible ink, concealed some of it and a quantity of United States currency in his baggage and clothing, outlined the information they wanted and staged his "escape" across the German border into Switzerland.

The statement did not, however, say that Bahr intended to carry out the instructions after his arrival here, although he did admit accepting \$7000 from the Gestapo—\$3000 for the voyage across, "8000 I was to have for wages for one year; \$1000 I was to use as money to bribe or loosen someone's tongue; \$1000 was for any traveling I might have to do."

Thomas H. Hyson Martin W. Hyson Jerry E. Hyson

Refined Dignified Service

Hyson's

FUNERAL HOME

"Our Prices range as low as any in the City of Washington"

Air Conditioned

Complete Funerals

Two Chapels Private Ambulances

Herbert E. Hyson

NA. 8420 FUNERAL DIRECTOR ME. 4723
RE. 2212

1300 N Street N.W.

"No Change, Thanks... I'LL TAKE A WAR STAMP INSTEAD!"

EVERYBODY'S DOING IT! Next time you order a drink or a bottle of Golden Wedding—take your change in WAR STAMPS! A single 25¢ war stamp will buy a dozen bullets for the rifles of our men in the front lines! Stamps make bonds! And bonds bring a 33% return in only 10 years. Invest in America! Say "I'll take my change in war stamps"... today!



Golden Wedding

5 GREAT WHISKIES
"WEDDED" INTO ONE

A BLEND OF STRAIGHT WHISKIES—90 PROOF. As you prefer—Bourbon or Rye. The straight whiskies in Golden Wedding are 5 years or more old. Stag-Finch Distillers Corporation, New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK BOUND?

Make the most of your stay. Make your headquarters at the 17-story, ultra-modern **King Edward Hotel**, 44th St., East of Broadway—in the heart of Radio City. Fish Ave. and Times Square District.

300 Rooms—200 Baths
Rates \$12.50 to \$45.00 Daily
Special Low Weekly Rates
Write for free "Guide of N.Y.C."—H. H. Cummings, Mgr.

ANSLEY

for discriminating music lovers...

Characteristically American in its independence of design, the Winslow expresses the great charm and fine, sturdy craftsmanship of the Jeffersonian period. It is of genuine mahogany with carefully selected, swirl veneers.

Wide selection of other models, period and modern styles, with choice of 13 finishes.

FM (Genuine Armstrong System) available as optional equipment at extra cost.

JORDAN'S
1013-1015 7th St. N.W.

THE HECHT CO.
OPEN TODAY 12:30 TO 9 P. M.

The Hecht Co.
7 STREET, 7th STREET, E STREET
NATIONAL BLDG



RAINCOAT SALE

Two styles in this special group! REGULAR LENGTHS: Showerproof cotton gabardine with slash pockets, button front and two-way collar. KNEE LENGTHS: Showerproof cotton gabardine with zipper, fly-front, extra change pocket, two-way collar, cotton plaid lining and railroad stitching on bottom and sleeve cuffs. Both may be worn for rain or shine. Tan and oyster shades in sizes 34 to 46. Limited quantities.

9.95 and 12.95 Raincoats \$15 and 17.50 Raincoats

8.95

11.85

For rain or shine. Full length cotton gabardine made water-repellent by the "Weather-sealed" process. Cotton plaid lining, rayon sleeve lining and deep rayon yoke. Button-thru and zipper fly fronts.

Just 54 sample coats in this group. Many are imported from England. Water-repellent cotton poplins, gabardine and muslin finishes. Double lined or self lined, button-thru and fly fronts. Sizes from 34 to 46 for regulars, shorts and longs but not all sizes in every model.

The Hecht Co.'s MODERN SPORT SHOP—Main Floor

Japanese Warship Sunk Off Aleutians

Grim Sport 3 Jap Planes Bagged in 'Duck Hunt'

By William L. Worden

Associated Press Staff Writer
Anchorage, Alaska, Aug. 19.—The story of a mammoth duck hunt by three United States Army pilots—with Japanese patrol planes as ducks—was related today by officers of the Air Force defending Alaska.

The hunt took place in the cloud banks over the Aleutian Islands several days ago, with two vicious Army interceptor fighters as the hunters and an Army bomber as the big dog.

The bag was at least one four-motored Japanese seaplane, and perhaps three.

The hunters took off early one morning and moved to a previously agreed upon rendezvous over a rocky island between two bombed Dutch Harbor and Japanese-occupied Kiska.

The bomber was piloted by Lieut. Maj. H. Mac Williams, and he went ahead in true bird dog fashion, roaring over a thick cloud bank at medium altitude. Behind came the two hunters—Lieut. Kenneth Ambrose, 23, of Berkeley, Calif., and Lieut. Stanley A. Long, 22, Forest Lake, Mich.

Two Jap Bombers Sighted
Suddenly Lieutenant Mac Williams sighted two Japanese bombers gleefully moving east fully loaded with bombs intended for United States surface craft and apparently happy in the belief there were no United States fighters within hundreds of miles.

Like, if you please, a good spaniel barking, Mac Williams witnessed his discovery to the fighters. They climbed to 30,000 feet to be on even terms with the Jap bombers.

However, they almost immediately sighted two bombers 20 miles east of Mac Williams, and flying at 9,000 feet.

Long and Ambrose dove immediately, roaring down behind the bombers which were flying so close together that the first burst of fire struck the right hand Jap plane in the windshield and cockpit and the plane on the left in the belly.

His attack so surprised the Japanese that Long roared on past without drawing any return fire. Ambrose attacked the left hand plane almost simultaneously, concentrating his fire on the port engine.

His first burst missed, due to distance, but his second tipped the wing between the motors and started a fire.

The check of shells from the bomber's tail cannon shook Ambrose as he roared on, but missed his plane.

Americans Attack Again
Both Japs immediately attempted to escape into a fogbank below, but the Americans had time for a second, and frontal, attack.

This time, Ambrose saw an explosion tear along the entire underside of his Jap's wing, while Long put more slugs through the cockpit of his quarry.

As the Japs reached the fog, the plane on the left was enveloped in flames, and the righthand bomber was diving drunkenly. Both scuttled their bomb loads.

Meanwhile, faithful Bird Dog Mac Williams was rushing back to get in on the fight. He was too late for the shooting, but he did plunge into the fogbank like a retriever into a thicket, chasing the Japs while the fighters remained in the clear weather above and moved on eastward.

Twenty-five minutes later, Mac Williams flushed another quarry. Straight toward the two Army interceptors came a westward flying four-motored Japanese bomber. They concentrated their fire on its belly, and the Jap ship immediately dove for the fog.

But as it disappeared, it was rolling wildly, mostly on its back, and appeared about to crash from 2500 feet.

Because there was no turret available or because it was disabled, one Japanese gunner thrust his weapon through a window of the doomed bomber, and his gun was still spitting futilely at the hunters as the Japanese flying boat disappeared.

Then the duck hunters went home.

U. S. Toll Now 23; Foo Thought Building Sub Bases in Area

By John G. Norris

Post Staff Writer
An American submarine has sunk another Japanese warship in the fog-bound waters of the western Aleutian Islands, the Navy announced yesterday.

The vessel was either a cruiser or a destroyer, the communiqué stated, but weather conditions made it impossible for exact identification to be made by observers to be inordinately high for the Japanese gains in the area—the occupation of remote Attu, Agatu and Kiska Islands.

Recent reports of Japanese undersea craft operating off Kiska, however, have caused other authorities to conclude that the enemy was developing its spacious harbor as a submarine base.

Jap "pigboats" operating out of such a base could prey on shipping plying between the United States and Siberia, and the U. S. West Coast and Alaska, and thus prove a thorn in our side.

Nine of the 23 enemy ships sunk or damaged in the Aleutians to date have been accounted for by submarines. The remainder have been bombed by Army and Navy planes.

Submarine commanders and bomber pilots have reported the sinking of a Japanese cruiser or destroyer in the western Aleutian area. Conditions made impossible an exact identification of the type of ship.

"This sinking has not been announced in any previous Navy Department communiqué."

Yanks Inch Ahead
In Solomon Battle
General MacArthur's Headquarters, Australia, Aug. 19 (AP)—Fighting in the Solomon Islands, which apparently had settled down to a methodical extension of footlocks, continued today with the broad object of stopping Japanese expansion toward the southeast.

The latest communiqué said Allied heavy bombers attacked Japanese warships off Fala Island in the Solomon group with unknown results. All attacking planes, presumably flying fortresses, returned to their bases safely.

The absence of any other official reports, and of anything approaching a blow-by-blow account, did not suggest to observers, however, that the battle was over. On the contrary, an impression grew that dislodging the enemy from positions fortified for weeks may be a long tedious task.

One of the liveliest subjects of speculation concerned the Japanese fleet, and what it has been up to since it retreated after a clash with American war vessels the night of August 8-9.

K. of C. Resolution Pledges Loyalty To the President
Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 19 (AP)—A strong war resolution pledging support and loyalty to the President was drafted today by a committee and will be presented to the Supreme Council of the Knights of Columbus at the closing session of their annual convention tomorrow.

Today's session brought the reelection of five supreme directors. They are William J. Guete of New Orleans, Francis Foster of Montreal, Ray T. Miller of Cleveland, Gervase T. Murphy of Calumet, Mich., and Michael F. Walsh of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Francis J. Heasel of Asheville, N. C., was elected supreme treasurer for the remaining year of the term of the late Daniel J. Callahan of Washington, who died early this year.

Invasion Craft U. S. Revives Sea Otter Experiments

Copyright by New York Tribune, Inc.

Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., lend-lease administrator, has revived experiments with the Sea Otter, the shallow-draft, gasoline-powered vessel, which may be adapted for use by the United Nations' armed forces as an invasion supply craft, it was learned yesterday.

Cargoes, Inc., a new company, has succeeded Ships, Inc., a separate agency organized last year to build the first full-scale model, which made a trial trip to Charleston, S. C., from Orange, Tex., and then was rejected. The project later developed into a political football.

The idea of the Sea Otter, which President Roosevelt renamed the Seamobile in order to eliminate the jinx which plagued this radically designed vessel, already has been adopted in principle by the Germans. Because of the shortage of shipping, plus the heavy toll which the Royal Air Force has taken of German and Italian shipping in the Mediterranean, the Nazis are using special motor lighters, similar to the Sea Otter to supply Marshal Erwin Rommel's forces in Africa.

The motor lighters are delivering war material to Rommel from Italy and Greece.

Other Agencies Interested
Experiments looking to the possible use of the Sea Otters as ocean-going vessels also are continuing. However, very little is known of these trials and lend-lease officials declined to disclose any details. In addition to lend-lease, other important Government agencies are interested in the project, which has been finally removed from the political arena and is now getting close engineering and technical attention.

The Sea Otter type of vessel is described as ideally suited for loading and unloading equipment in shallow draft harbors. For example, the full-scale model, which made the trip from Texas to South Carolina, had a draft of only 11 feet. In addition it offered a small surface target and could easily evade submarine torpedoes, which normally travel at levels of 15 feet under the sea's surface in order to avoid wave action.

The one-third scale model which was built at Long Island, N. Y., and had its trial run in Long Island Sound was capable of carrying about 120 tons of freight. Even smaller models could be built for use as lighters, such as the Germans are employing in the Mediterranean.

Carl Use Narrow Strip Steel
These lighters can be built with a minimum of welding from narrow strip plate steel, which can be manufactured by small mills. They will not require the use of steel plate of which there is a shortage and every available ton of which is being used for major shipbuilding.

Very little information has been received in the United States about the German lighters, which are heavily armed craft. Reports from Cairo, however, confirm that the Axis was again putting an American idea to practical operation while the democracies were still discussing it.

Surface Raider Sinks First American Ship

By International News Service

The first known sinking of an American vessel by a German surface raider in the Atlantic was announced yesterday by the Navy, which also disclosed the sinking of a British merchantman.

The American freighter fell victim to a Nazi surface raider and torpedo boats launched by the larger ship in the South Atlantic last month, with a probable loss of 18 American seamen.

The British vessel was torpedoed by an Italian submarine in the Caribbean, with the loss of three lives.

The Nazi surface raider sent out a faked distress signal to lure the medium-sized American ship within torpedo range, it was related by two officer-survivors.

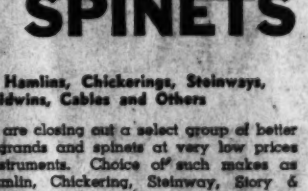
Torpedo boats scored three and possibly four, torpedo hits on their ship, "all from different directions," the survivors reported.

The raider then raked the listing vessel with shell fire, killing approximately 16 men, and later machine-gunned a lifeboat in the water, wounding two men.

Survivors reported that 19 other crew members, accepting an invitation extended in English to leave their boat and raft, were taken prisoner aboard the raider.

Nine Norwegian seamen, survivors of a freighter previously announced as sunk, landed yesterday at an East Coast port after drifting 48 days on two rafts and subsisting on raw fish, turtles and rainwater.

Robert H. Jackson, associate justice of the Supreme Court, has accepted the honorary chairmanship of the International Student Assembly, which opens September 2 at American University, it was announced yesterday by International Student Service.

Who said, "Imported?" THIS IS AMERICAN! 

Special Values in GRAND PIANOS and SPINETS

Mason & Hamlin, Chickering, Steinway, Baldwin, Cables and Others

This week we are closing out a select group of better reconditioned grands and spinets at very low prices for quality instruments. Choice of such makes as Mason & Hamlin, Chickering, Steinway, Story & Clark, Winer, Cable and others, in a good selection of sizes. For prices phone National 5223.

VERY EASY TERMS OLD PIANOS IN TRADE

JORDAN'S 1013-1015 7th St. N.W.

DEFINITELY SUPERIOR RUM FROM PUERTO RICO!

• The finest Rum from Puerto Rico

Rico at a surprisingly reasonable price! Gold Label or White Label—86 Proof.

PUERTO RICAN

2 Subs Sunk, 1 Attacked, 2 Seen Off Brazilian Coast

By the Associated Press

Rio de Janeiro, Aug. 19.—Two submarines were declared sunk off the Brazilian coast, one other was attacked and two more were sighted in the waters of the western South Atlantic in recent operations as Brazil moved today to clear the sea lanes of all her merchant shipping.

The most recently attacked submarine was sunk early today near Bahia, where it was sighted by planes of Brazil's coastal patrol. The sinking occurred shortly after announcement of the destruction of a U-boat by a United States medium bomber, piloted by Capt. Jack Lacey, U. S. A., off the coast of Serpica.

Bombs Sink Subs
Lacey's victim, which he machine-gunned, bombed back to the surface as it tried to submerge, and was then finished off with direct hits. The U-boat was believed to be one of those responsible for the sinking of five Brazilian ships within three days.

The submarine sunk this morning was one of two reported sighted in the western South Atlantic earlier, and the other was described as of "enormous size"—so big that a fishing boat crew believed it was a merchantman until it dove.

All Brazilian ships have been recalled into port, and the government recalled all furloughed soldiers and prepared naval forces for counter-blows on the submarines, but there was no indication of an immediate declaration of war.

Authorities had not gone beyond a war ministry spokesman's statement that Brazil stood at the gates of war or President Getulio Vargas' promise that unrestricted U-boat warfare would not go unaverted.

Observers concluded in the light of Vargas' remarks that Brazil's immediate reaction, while fighting defensively, would be to seize Axis property and shipping to replace losses and bear down on spies and Fifth Columnists.

Meanwhile naval units continued the search for survivors of the five torpedoed Brazilian ships. The continued arrival of survivors on isolated beaches and the washing ashore of shark-mutilated bodies at widely separated points indicated many days may pass before accurate information on losses are available.

Rio de Janeiro was the scene of day-long anti-Axis demonstrations which reached a high point at noon when several German-owned shops in the center of the city were smashed and sacked.

The city was still under the police curfew order which was republished today in all papers, specifying that bars and shops close at 8 p. m. and all amusements at 10 p. m.

ARMY, NAVY, COAST GUARD, PUBLIC HEALTH, CHIEF PETTY OFFICERS

D. J. Kaufman is Exclusive Agency For

Browning-King UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT

Complete stock of Officers' Uniforms for every season and climate, expertly fitted on our premises. Also a large selection of caps, shirts, shoes, all insignia and accessories. Members of all Post Exchanges.

Charge Accounts Available

D. J. Kaufman 1006-07 PENNA. AVE. N.W.

Here's the One You've Wanted! Throws a Solid Stream 40 Feet!

STIRRUP PUMP With 10 Feet of Sturdy Braided Hose

Adjustable nozzle throws flat spray 18 feet or solid stream 40 feet. Double-acting type. Pumps 7 gallons a minute at 85 strokes per minute. 10 Feet of sturdy hose. Re-inforced base accommodates both feet. Heavy gauge metal, yet light in weight and easy to use.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS—Sixth Floor

AIR COOLED LANSBURG'S

9.95

7th & E Sts. N.W.

DELIVERY SERVICE—NATIONAL 3320

Clark's 705-14th St. N.W.

NEW TAXES WILL RAISE PRICES \$6 Per CASE 50c Per QUART BUY NOW AND SAVE!

OLDER & BETTER No Advance in Price MONOGRAM RYE OR BOURBON NOW 6 YEARS OLD

Now that Monogram is all 6 years old, you will find it smoother and definitely a delicious whiskey. 86 Proof. MONOGRAM makes the finest HI BALLS and COCKTAILS... "WASHINGTON'S PARTY FAVORITE."

3 Full Quarts \$5.50 \$21 Case \$1.89 BOTTLED IN BOND MONOGRAM RYE OR BOURBON—100 PROOF \$24.50 Case \$2.09 Quart

IMPORTED *CARIOCA RUM Produced and bottled in Puerto Rico. Light or dark. 86 proof. \$1.69 FIFTH

GIN SALE! SOHENEY'S DRY COCKTAIL GIN The manufacture of neutral grain spirits has been prohibited for the duration of the war. Buy now at this special price while the supply is still available. 86 proof. \$1.69 quart 3 FULL QUARTS \$5

ITEMS STARRED CASH & CARRY ONLY BOTTLED IN BOND—100 PROOF GLENMORE KENTUCKY BOURBON \$25.50 Case \$2.19 86 Proof \$3.25 FIFTH

IMPORTED CINZANO VERMOUTH Sweet, 15.5% 57° V.L. large bottle 30-oz. \$1.49 BOTTLED IN BOND—100 PROOF CROWN OF BALTIMORE STRAIGHT M.D. RYE \$1.99 86 Proof \$2.59 FIFTH

GRAVES GIN Neutral Grain Spirits 90 proof \$23.50 case \$1.99

World Famous PETER DAWSON Special Scotch "Peter Dawson" is justly famous for its perfect balance—Neither too light nor too heavy—MILD and MELLOW 86 proof. \$36 Case \$3.09 FIFTH

Imported AULD PETRIE SCOTCH WHISKY Produced and bottled in Scotland. 86 Proof \$2.59 FIFTH

For Those Who Want the Best! WATERFILL & FRAZIER SOUR MASH 100 PROOF KENTUCKY BOURBON 6 YEARS OLD

We are proud to recommend this fine OLD FASHION SOUR MASH WHISKY as the finest of all Kentucky Bourbons. Sold on a quality basis and with a money back guarantee. \$31.50 Case \$2.79 QUART

MATTEVISTA 19-21% CALIFORNIA WINES Produced and bottled in Fresno County, California by A. MATTEVISTA established 1892. TOKAY MUSCATEL MADERA PORT MADEIRA MELLOW DRY SHERRY QUART 99c 1/2 GAL. \$1.55 GALLON \$2.98

Imported FRED L. MYERS'S JAMAICA RUM (Kingsley Blend) Heavy dark rum with a hint of molasses. Spiced for ginger, lemon, and other rum mixtures. 87 proof. \$2.89 FIFTH \$32.95 CASE

LIMITED QUANTITY IMPORTED 3 STAR MARTELL'S FRENCH COGNAC An opportunity to purchase fine Old World Cognac, soon unobtainable at any price. Put away a few bottles for festive occasions. 84 proof. \$5.95 FIFTH

IMPORTED 3 STAR HENNESSEY BRANDY \$6.95 84 proof

EXCLUSIVE DEALERS FOR Wurlitzer, Everett, Knabe, Fischer, Weber, Mathushok, Estey, Lester, Starr AND MANY OTHERS ALSO PIANOS FOR RENT

KITT'S 1330 G Street

1330 G Street

Yanks' Rangers Named For Indian Fighters

By Rice Yahner
Associated Press Staff Writer

United States Ranger Headquarters somewhere in Britain, Aug. 19.—Uncle Sam's Rangers, who have been taking lessons in rough and tumble slaughter from their British counterparts, the Commandos, went along to Dieppe today on a field trip to practice what they had learned on live Germans.

With a name and tradition for toughness taken from one of the most adventurous eras of American history, the Rangers went through the most harrowing battle school in the United Kingdom for weeks in preparation for the first land attack of United States troops against the ramparts of German-subjugated Europe.

They took their name from Rogers' Rangers, crafty Indian fighters whose raid against the St. Francis Indians during the French and Indian wars was immortalized by Kenneth Rob-

He didn't know its explosive charge had been extracted.

Wrestling (dark alley style) and ju jitsu were after-dinner pastimes at the camp I visited. A man out of condition was a candidate for the hospital if he joined the fun.

Often the boys ignored the stairway in the castle where they had their headquarters. They'd just grab a rope on the third floor and "absail down."

"Absailing" is the simple device of looping a rope around your leg and letting yourself drop as fast as your leg can withstand it.

One of the instructors was a blond, 20-year-old English lieutenant with a fine voice.

This one-time singer in the Drury Lane made a sport of potting rabbits with a .45 automatic from a jeep going 50 or 60 miles an hour.



AT BATTLE SCHOOL—Tracer ammunition fired from machine guns at a battle school in Britain gave Rangers idea of conditions they might encounter

erts in "Northwest Passage." Working with hard-muscled British veterans of commando blows at the Vaagso and Lofoten Islands, St. Nazaire and Bruneval, the United States Rangers—volunteers all—have built iron endurance in grim practice: Beach landings under actual fire, silent slaughter in hand-to-hand and bare knife fighting.

That training has been secret. I was the first American newspaperman to visit them in camp as they put on the finishing touches of their training for such ventures as the Dieppe raid.

I rowed with them in a practice landing on a beach where tracer bullets from a British Bren gun splattered almost within hand-reach of the gunwales. Land mines and grenades sprayed us with mud. Rifle bullets whistled by so close that one punctured a mess kit slung from a ranger's belt and another knicked the guard off a bayonet atop one soldier's pack.

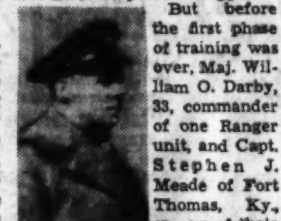
That was the school they learned in these Rangers who numbered in their ranks American Golden Gloves champions,

Then there was Alex, a 26-year-old Scot, who looked as tough as "Singing Sam" looked gentle.

He, too, had a game. He invited any untrained man to poke a loaded revolver in his stomach and guaranteed to break his opponent's neck before he could pull the trigger.

But before the first phase of training was over, Maj. William O. Darby, 33, commander of one Ranger unit, and Capt. Stephen J. Meade of Fort Thomas, Ky., as any of their commanders were a match for Sam or Alex.

Most of the original Rangers were Westerners, but they also included Pvt. Chico Fernandez of Havana, an expert machine-gunner; Pvt. Sampson One Skunk, a Sioux Indian from Cherry Creek, S. Dak., and even lion-tamer Corpl. James Haines, 29 of Lexington, Ky., who worked with Frank Buck



DARBY—a subordinate commanders were a match for Sam or Alex.



THEIR FACES BLACKENED, Commandos looked like this after raid on Boulogne, April 22

a former lion tamer, a crack machine gunner from Cuba, a Dakota Indian, and hardened athletes from American sports fields.

They have climbed 4000-foot mountains through forests never before penetrated by man.

The new American Rangers have been taught to kill expertly and silently with their knives and bare hands as well as with guns and grenades.

Just to show them what a trained Ranger is expected to do, their British instructors stalked a deer in the forest and when the stag was surrounded a big Scot leaped upon him and killed him with a knife.

A sentry's throat can be slit in the same, silent way.

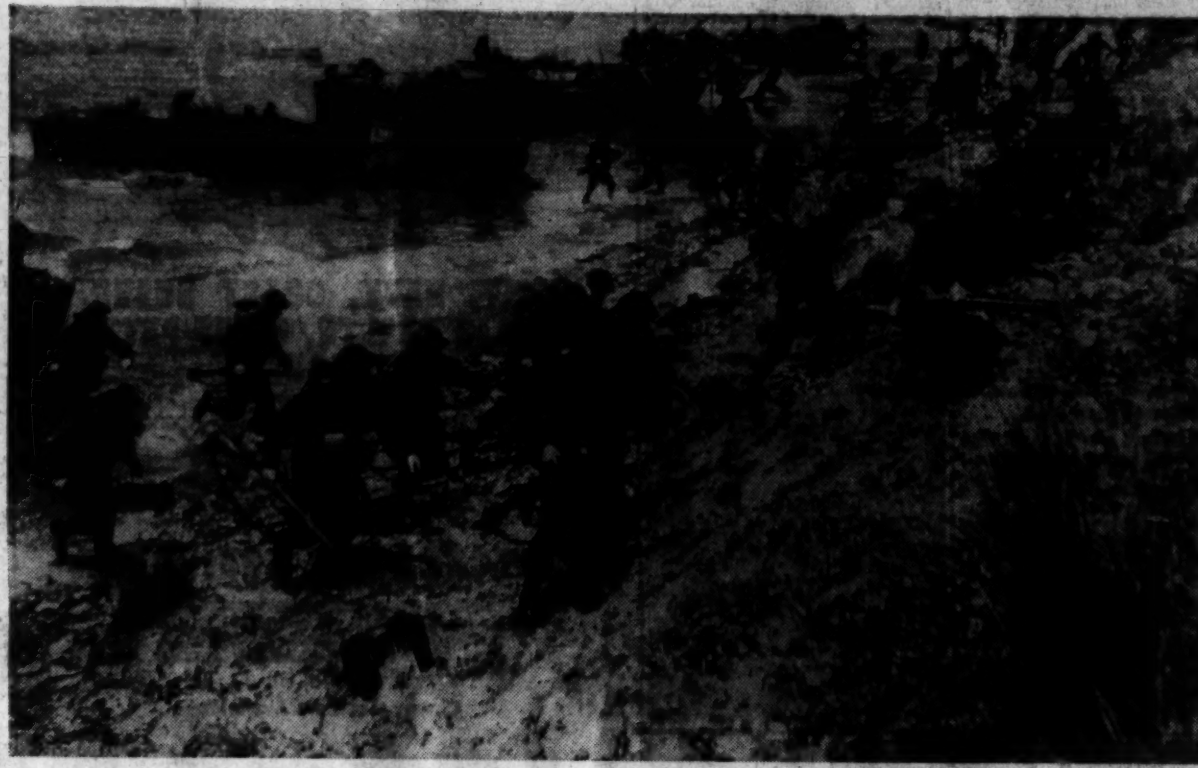
Earlier in their training, a hand grenade had landed, fuse smoking, in one Ranger boat. Pvt. Clayton Schooley, 22, of Munising, Mich., picked up the sizzling bomb and with a shout of "Overboard!" flung it into the water.



CAPT. STEPHEN MEADE is shown as he passed out sidearms to fellow-soldiers at Fort Thomas, Ky.



1. AMERICAN TROOPS—Volunteers who took the name Rangers from old Indian fighters and who trained like this in battle schools in England—fought yesterday in raid on German-held France. They were joined by . . .



2. . . BRITISH COMMANDOS, veterans of much training in carrying out surprise attacks. They went about their bloody business yesterday after having learned like this to rush a shoreline from landing barges



3. OBJECTS OF THE RAID were in the vicinity of Dieppe, important Nazi-held port on the English Channel. An airview shows the outer harbor. Among results was destruction of a six-gun artillery battery

Dieppe Coast Both Helpful and Hazardous to Invaders

The French coast near Dieppe—where the first American forces landed—presents both favorable and unfavorable physical conditions to the United Nations invaders, says a National Geographic Society bulletin.

Out of the English Channel rise the sheer, white cliffs of Normandy, here and there cut by river valleys. Before the war, stretches of beaches at their bases were thronged with vacationists at this time of the year. A rocky shelf, dry at low tide, extends all along the Dieppe coast. This shelf is generally not more than 200 yards wide.

To invasion forces, one disadvantage is that the beach shores on which landings may

be made from small boats are often in the shadow of commanding bluffs, from which the enemy could launch counterattacks.

The whole northern coast of France is considered dangerous for normal shipping because of its many offshore rocks and shallows, its unequal depths and its tricky currents. On the other hand, hazards which are known may turn out to be advantages in military operations where special craft may be evolved to meet the necessities. The prevalent fogs of the area, too, though feared by peacetime mariners, are today valuable for protective cover. Toward the eastern

end of the English Channel, where Dieppe is situated, the fogs are so common, especially in summer, that the land in some sections is almost never clear of mist.

Dieppe itself has an extraordinary harbor. The break in the chalk cliffs, made by the estuary of the Arques River, takes the form of a narrow entrance which leads first to an outer 16-acre harbor and then to the inner port, the latter with an area of 10 acres. Early Norman settlers named it Diep, because of its deep, sheltered position.

The port has seen history made since Roman times. It was an important French naval base during the seven-

teenth-century wars against England, Spain and the Netherlands for control of the seas. In the late 1600's, it was severely bombarded by a British fleet, and during the Franco-Prussian War of 1870 it was occupied by the Germans.

Dieppe was not only a fashionable resort in peacetime but a hard-working fishing village and a town famed for its handicrafts, including lace making and porcelain work. With a prewar population of about 25,000, it was also something of a factory town, where raw materials shipped to its port often were turned into finished products before being sent on to other markets.

The WASHINGTON Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson
(Maj. Robert S. Allen on Active Duty)

Aluminum Shortage Threatened

ON MARCH 13 this column warned that, in addition to aluminum shortage No. 1, the Nation might face aluminum shortage No. 2 through inability to get bauxite (the raw material for aluminum) from Dutch Guiana because of submarine sinkings.

It hasn't leaked out yet, but on August 7 WPB's Arthur Bunker appeared before a WPB materials meeting and yelled to high heaven because the aluminum industry was not getting enough bauxite. Too many ships are being sunk.

It also never leaked out, but one year previously Arthur Bunker had flatly opposed any other source of bauxite except Dutch Guiana. When WPB's Bill Elliott warned him of a shipping shortage in the Caribbean, Bunker replied:

"As long as my brother can ship sugar from Cuba, I'm going to ship bauxite from Dutch Guiana."

Arthur Bunker, former vice president of Lehman Brothers, long has been stamped as a good friend of the Aluminum Company; as favoring its process of making aluminum from high grade Guiana bauxite rather than from low grade bauxite or aluminum clays which are plentiful inside the U. S. A.

For weeks competitors of the Aluminum Company camped in WPB offices trying to persuade Bunker, William Batt and Z. Jeffries of General Electric that the United States should not put all its aluminum eggs in one "basket"—the high grade bauxite imported from abroad—but should also use the German, French, Russian lime soda process by which aluminum is smelted from low grade ores.

The Royal Run-Around

HOWEVER, ALCOA'S COMPETITORS got the royal run-around. Prof. Grenville Holden, now with OPA, long-time friend of Alcoa, frankly said:

"If you want a hat you go to a hat store. If you want aluminum you go to the Aluminum Company of America."

However, inside fact is that the Aluminum Company is now frantically asking Jesse Jones' Defense Plants Corporation for \$4 million dollars with which to convert its plants to low grade bauxite, as proposed by Alcoa's competitors several months ago. This \$4 million dollars is to be used for Arkansas and Georgia ores.

So far Alcoa has been very careful not to get into the smelting of aluminum clay. This is found all over the United States, and is so plentiful in some areas that widespread development probably would break Alcoa's hitherto air-tight monopoly on the aluminum business.

However, Secretary Ickes, no lover of the Aluminum Company, has his Bureau of Mines working on pilot plants to smelt aluminum clays in the Far West. And it may be that even the reluctant big business friends of Alcoa in WPB eventually will come around to the aluminum clay urged on them months ago.

NOTE: The aluminum shortage is one reason why Henry J. Kaiser is given the run-around in building giant cargo planes. Aluminum shortage No. 1 was caused when Alcoa experts blantly assured Ed Stettinius that the country needed no more aluminum facilities. Shortage No. 2 is being caused by Alcoa's earlier insistence on using only high grade bauxite from Dutch Guiana across the submarine-infested Caribbean.

Capital Chaff

NAVAL LIEUT. Barry Bingham, publisher of the Louisville Courier-Journal, will go to London, where his father was the late much loved Ambassador, to handle naval press relations for Admiral Stark. . . . President Ernest M. Hopkins of Dartmouth will be campaign manager for Republican Senator Styles Bridges of New Hampshire against former Republican Francis Murphy, now Democrat. Like Bridges, President Hopkins has been a militant supporter of Roosevelt's foreign policies. . . . One snag in bringing the C. I. O. and A. F. of L. together is the fact that Bill Green wants the C. I. O. to come back into the A. F. of L. fold, with the combined organization being known as the "American Federation of Labor." But Phil Murray and C. I. O. leaders say there must be a complete new organization with a new name. . . . To help relieve desperate shortages, the C. I. O. and A. F. of L. will urge organized labor to collect scrap iron around industrial communities.

Which Is 'Helpful'?

ON AUGUST 12, one day after isolationist Congressman Ham Fish was renominated on the Republican ticket, Elmer Davis' Office of War Information sent out the following teletype directive to all shortwave radio stations:

"The renomination of incumbents in yesterday's primary elections is largely a matter of domestic interest and use of the story on shortwave would not be helpful."

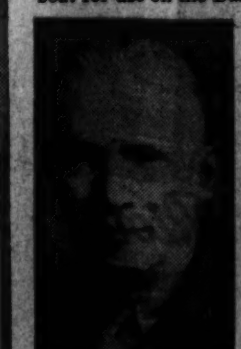
Next day, August 13, the same OWI sent out the following teletype message:

"Two outstanding isolationists were defeated in Tuesday's primary elections for the American Congress. They were Representative Harry B. Coffey of Nebraska and Representative Martin Sweeney of Ohio."

Merry-Go-Round

Though the United States Navy gave the royal run-around to the Sea Otter, Germany is now reported building exactly this type of shallow-draft, automobile-engined boat for use on the Danube, the Black and Caspian Seas—against Russia. . . . The real guys who proposed transferring gold mining workers to the hard-

pressed copper industry were not Gen. Brehon Somervell but Wendell Lamm, head of WPB's Labor Division, and Ed Trichant, his general counsel. They proposed not only that gold miners but some unemployed anthracite coal miners be transferred to the copper mines. However, Three-Star General Somervell got the credit. . . . The way United States official estimates of German losses are arrived at is by a secret sampling process of German communities performed by neutrals. By this method it is estimated that one million Germans were killed in one year of Russian fighting. . . . Germany has admitted losses of 1,500,000, which, however, include killed, wounded and prisoners. . . . When the WPB made a survey of junk dealers it found six million pounds of "scrap" silk stockings on hand. This is a "gold mine" for making silk bags to hold gunpowder for the Navy.



GEN. SOMERVELL

20 From District Aboard Gripsholm

Maryland, Virginia Also Represented On Refugee Ship

The State Department yesterday made public the complete list of some 1451 American and other nationals who are coming home on the S. S. Gripsholm, after being held prisoners by the Japanese in the Far East. Twenty Washingtonians are aboard, as well as a number of Virginians and Marylanders.

The Swedish exchange liner, it was said, is expected to arrive at New York on August 25. Governmental agencies concerned in the examination of arriving passengers, in order to expedite the disembarkation of the passengers, have decided that no persons will be allowed on the pier until examination is completed.

Mrs. Grew Leaves Ship

Joseph C. Grew, erstwhile Ambassador to Japan, is the ranking official on the Gripsholm. Mrs. Grew, the State Department disclosed, disembarked at Rio de Janeiro.

Other Government officials or employees aboard, who gave Washington as their home address, are Miss Marion Arnold, clerk; J. Holbrook Chapman, second secretary, consul; Robert C. Coudray, vice consul; Charles H. Faust, translator; Donald W. Lamm, vice consul; Robert S. Ward, consul, and Kenneth Years, consul.

Other Washingtonians homeward bound are Dr. John D. Bigger, of 2001 Twenty-fourth Street Northwest, a missionary in Korea; Cameron Arthur Carter, Rachel B. H. Craig, of Congress Heights, D. C.; Isabel and Winifred Hemingsway, George B. King, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Larsen, of Takoma Park, Seventh-Day Adventist missionaries, and their three children; J. Gordon MacIntyre, Paul Malone, a well-known figure on Capitol Hill when he was with the House Appropriations Committee, before going to Paris and later to Manila; and Malcolm D. and Janet M. Shuttles.

Le Count Is Passenger

Walter Kenneth Le Count, former vice president of the Export-Import Bank here, whose home is in Arlington, Va., is on the way home, after having been taken prisoner in Thailand. Other Virginians are Mary Louise Allman and John N. Allman of Union Hall, Norwood Francis Allman of Rocky Mount, William Decker, Viola Decker, Loren A. Decker, Stafford E. Decker and C. E. Decker (infant) of Leomaster, Flora E. J. Dodson of Richmond, Bernard Y. Eakes of Richmond, William A. Fowler of Red Oak, Peter W. and Lettie S. Hamlett of Farmville, and

Alma Olga and Charles William Hepler of Woodstock, William F. Junkin, Nettie D. Junkin and N. Junkin of Tazewell, Claude M. Lee of Charlottesville, Mary Wilson McCown of Lexington, Charles G. and Nancy B. McDaniel of Hampton, Cameron F. McKee of Richmond, Harry White and Grace Field Myers of Lexington, Charles A. Nichols of Richmond, Milledge Theron Rankin of Richmond, John H. and Sallie C. Reed and John H. Reed, Jr., of Richmond, Montgomery L. Ridenour of Petersburg, Ella B. Shields of Winchester, Dr. F. and Elizabeth B. Stamps of Richmond, Ernest L. Vest of Waynesboro and Harold M. Walden of Scottsburg.

Marylanders Aboard

The State Department listed the following Marylanders on the Gripsholm: Karl Herbert Beck of Frostburg, Arthur Russell Knipp, Hans Knipp and Margaret Knipp of Baltimore, Harry Herman Morse of Takoma Park, Agnes Murdoch, Mary Cole Murdoch and Margaret F. Murdoch of Baltimore, Margaret Carey Walden of Ridgewood and John J. Walsh of Cumberland.

West Virginians include Elizabeth F. Barnes, a clerk in the diplomatic service; Charles Ashley Higgins, Charles T. Higgins and Mary A. Higgins of Beckley.

Among the 33 newspapermen and members of their families aboard the Gripsholm is Joseph W. Alsop,

Blind Man Is 'Aircraft Spotter'



Associated Press Wirephoto

JULIUS COTA, Jr., totally blind for the last seven years, is aiding the Nation's war effort as an aircraft spotter. After special training he can tell types of planes, their altitude and the direction in which they are flying by his acute sense of hearing. With him atop a lookout tower in the Santa Barbara area is his guide dog, Partner.

War Sidelights

Kent in Tight Squeak With Nazi Raider

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—The Duke of Kent, youngest brother of King George, had a narrow escape from death or injury tonight when a German bomber swept low and machine-gunned a southern English town where the Duke was inspecting British troops.

Several machine-gun bursts sprayed the District where the Duke was performing his duties as a British Army officer. He was not hurt, however, and the machine-gunning failed to inflict any damage or casualties.

Haig Believed Prisoner

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—Earl Haig, 24, son of the British World War commander, is missing and believed to be a war prisoner in the Middle East, his sisters have been informed. He became a second lieutenant in the Scots Greys in August, 1939.

'Forced Transfer'

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—The Polish government-in-exile said today that the Germans planned to deport half a million Poles from Polish Pomerania to make way for Nazi colonists.

The plan to make that region a "rampart of Germanism," it said, was outlined in the Berliner Boerschen Zeitung Monday.

The Polish announcement added: "The German paper foresees that the forced transfers will begin in the autumn simultaneously with an order forbidding the use of the Polish language in the Danzig-West Prussian Gau (district) in accordance with the statement by Gauleiter (Albert) Forster in June."

There was no indication where the Poles would be sent.

The Berlin newspaper was quoted as conceding that Germans represented only 43 per cent of the province's 2,500,000 population.

Jr. of the New York Herald-Tribune, who resigned his lieutenant's commission in the Naval Reserves before Pearl Harbor to become an administrative adviser to Colonel now Brig. Gen. Claire Chennault, then commander of the "Flying Tigers" of China. Alsop was on his way from Manila to Chungking when he was captured in Hongkong. His column "Capital Parade" was a Washington Post feature before he went into the service.

SHOP TODAY-12:30 NOON to 9 P. M.

Friday Hours: 9:30 to 6

For VICTORY—for SECURITY—Buy WAR BONDS and STAMPS



FOR THE MAN WITH A FLAIR FOR THRIFT... WHO KNOWS THE "EXTRA PAIR" MEANS MONTHS OF ADDED WEAR... Here's a Limited Group

2-Trouser SUITS

2-Trouser "COMMANDERS"

2-Trouser "COMMANDERS"

2-Trouser "KARLTONS"

\$34.45

\$39.45

\$44.45

COMPANION EVENT
FALL
TOPCOATS
All-Wool Coverts and Tweeds
\$24.75

—Beautiful color tones, in Tweeds—correct shades in Coverts. Fly front models set-in sleeves. Patch or slash pockets. See these coats now—and prepare for the fall. Regulars, short, long sizes.

Kann's Men's Store—Second Floor

—These two-trouser suits were purchased prior to regulations affecting the manufacture of two-trouser suits. Body and sleeve lining of fine quality rayon—talon fasteners on all trousers—smooth finished worsteds and rough tweeds. Single and double-breasted (with vests). Many young men's drape models. Regulars, shorts, longs, stouts in the group. Properly labeled as to fabric content.

MONTHLY TERMS MAY BE ARRANGED AT THE CREDIT OFFICE WITH A PAYMENT OF 1/3 DOWN. Or a Small Deposit Will Hold Your Purchase in Our Layaway Department Until Fall.

Kann's—Men's Store—Second Floor

SPECIAL GROUP—Just 56

Men's 2-Trouser TWEED SUITS

Regularly \$35.00

—Two Trouser Commanders in wanted herringbones and diagonals. Three button single breasted model with pleat trousers, talon closure, and vest. Note the sizes and select yours now. Regulars 34 to 42, Shorts 35 to 39, and Longs 36 and 40 Only.

\$26.45

Kann's—Men's Store—Second Floor

A FORTUNATE PURCHASE PLUS
REDUCTIONS FROM OUR OWN STOCK!

Men's \$6.95 to \$10.95 Sport Ensembles

With weeks of hot weather yet to come and a possible shortage of slack suit fabrics for next season we suggest you take advantage of this offering.

\$4.99

Quality fabrics, quality tailoring—smart styling at this low price. Good-looking rayons—rayon and cotton fabrics in contrast and harmonizing shirt and slack sets—in a large variety of colors. Short and long sleeve models. Sizes 30 to 42 in the group

Kann's—Men's Store—Street Floor

MEN'S 1.65 to 2.50

SPORT SHIRTS

\$1.19

—Colorful, good looking cotton sport shirts—convertible collar styles that can be worn with or without a tie. Cool-looking fabrics smart weaves, in a variety of colors. Small, medium and large sizes.

Kann's Men's Store—Street Floor

MEETS STRICTEST QUALITY DEMANDS!

... Good Because It's Ripe!



ROBERT MORRIS

FREE FOOT TEST

Thousands of chronic foot sufferers, through taking this quick, simple, scientific test, have found the way to relieve their foot pains and aches. Costs you nothing; doesn't obligate you one bit.

Dr. Scholl's

Foot Comfort Dept.

Kann's

Keep Your Feet Fit for Action

"K.A."

The Washington Post

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

An Independent Newspaper.
(Published every day in the year.)

Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and local news or special reports published herein. Rights of reproduction of all other matter herein are also reserved.

New York Office: 485 Madison Avenue
Chicago Office: 300 North Michigan Avenue

CARRIER DELIVERY
District of Columbia and Suburban Areas:
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

BY MAIL—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday Editions: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Editions Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$12.00 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$6.00 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$3.00 (3 issues)
One Month: \$1.00 (1 issue)

sort is made, it is our opinion that mass herding of employees in vulnerable structures is more dangerous than leaving them undisturbed.

Curtain Raisers

The events which have crowded on the heels of the Moscow conference confirm the conclusion that that parley marked the beginning of a new phase in this titanic war. Maybe that phase might lead to a turning point. It is much too early, of course, to make any such prediction. All we can say is that from now on the United Nations will aim actively and continuously at wresting the initiative from Hitlerite Germany. This is the new phase. It has succeeded a phase which lasted nearly three years, during which, except for momentary diversions in such places as Greece, the nations of the free world have been fighting on battlefields chosen by Germany and Japan. Yet time has not been wasted. Battle experience has been accumulated, material has poured out of the factories in Britain and America, men have been trained by the millions, and a combative spirit has been generated in the breasts of peoples who have been robbed of their liberties. Now we seem to be on the eve of a mighty convulsion of all these elements dedicated to the overturn of Hitler and his foul tyranny.

The main post-Moscow event is the great commando raid on a 60-mile stretch of the French coastline centered on Dieppe—the first exploit of this kind of the United Nations acting in common. The participation of one of our own units, and the sterling job it did, will give the entire Nation a special thrill of satisfaction. Our defeats have been many and various, but never have we had reason to doubt the individual valor of our armed forces. At Wake they covered themselves with glory. At Bataan and in Corregidor they wrote a page in American history that generations of Americans unborn will read with pride. Our "Flying Tigers" in China have seemed to personify the spirit which built a continent out of a wilderness. There will be no doubt that the Rangers will be equally outstanding. What they were required yesterday to do called for iron nerves, yet an "avalanche of volunteers" asked to join the expedition. With such a spirit animating our troops—and we know it animates the British and the Fighting French as well—who can doubt the outcome of this travail?

Two speculations are raised by the raid on France. It may have been a feint, or one of a series of feints, intended to disguise a much more serious operation that elsewhere will "stick." Where that will take place is secreted in the bosoms of our military chieftains. Or the raid may have been aimed solely at bringing into view the Nazi defenses in Northern France. If this latter supposition is correct, the operation was successful. Not only were land defenses surveyed, and all manner of installations destroyed; the Nazis had to send up their air force and dispatch their armored units to the nine-hour battle front. The information will be of great value for follow-up operations. If it does not compel the Germans to switch their dispositions, at least it will keep them guessing, and we may let the Nazis make the most of their propagandistic effort for home consumption that they repelled an effort to establish a second front. None of these protestations is likely to remove the fear inside Germany—or, for that matter, among the Nazi high command—that a second front is in the offing.

Another portent of continuous action is the removal of Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck from the command in Egypt and the substitution of Gen. Sir Harold Alexander. In the British army General Alexander stands for aggression. It is a passion with him. A doughty soldier, he served brilliantly in France and in Burma. And, though those actions were retreats, he displayed those qualities of leadership which are required to match those of the dashing Marshal Rommel. The change in command may be, of course, another feint. With short lines of communications, the Nazis seem well able to resist a desert advance. But, given enough men and supplies, General Alexander certainly will allow Rommel no rest. Attack in North Africa as well as in Europe, accordingly, cannot be left out of Hitler's calculations. He can count no longer either on the Cairo mentality or the defense complex elsewhere to allow him to develop his own strategy. That we can succeed in wrecking that strategy this year is our only hope of saving Russia and shortening this war by many years.

Fats For Explosives

The industries of America are appealing to housewives to save all waste kitchen fats. The War Production Board has explained the reasons why salvage of such materials is urgent: supplies of vegetable fats shipped here from the Far East have been drastically reduced by war in the Pacific, and substitutes must be found to produce millions of pounds of glycerine used in the manufacture of explosives. So in a quite literal sense the salvaging of waste kitchen fats will help to make the bombs, shells, and bullets needed to win the war.

Instructions as to how to salvage waste fats are easily followed and involve little extra work. Moreover, a pound of fat can be easily transported to the nearest meat

dealer who acts as a collection agency. So far as the general public is concerned, the collection difficulties that hamper the salvaging of bulky heavy materials are in this instance virtually nonexistent. Consequently, the housewife has an opportunity to participate in a salvage campaign of great importance with the knowledge that her efforts will not be wasted for lack of adequate collection facilities.

On Foreign Soil

From various fragments of news which have cropped up within the past few weeks it becomes apparent that what might be called the honeymoon period between the populations of Britain and Northern Ireland on the one hand and the A. E. F. on the other has now ended. The same thing is apparently true in Australia where, it will be remembered, the arrival of Americans was greeted with even greater joy. Not to put too fine a point on it, bad spots are beginning to appear in the relations between British and Americans in Britain and the Australians and Americans in Australia.

The fact that this was inevitable does not make the problem any the less delicate and difficult. It has, of course, existed in some degree or other in all wars waged under condominiums. There have been some instances in which these frictions have led to rather serious consequences as, for example, between the Carthaginians and their mercenary allies after the First Punic War and again between the Byzantines and the Crusaders. In the last World War they existed in very mild form between the British and French and later between French and Americans and also between British and Americans. In a still milder form they existed even between English and Imperial troops, especially the highly paid Anzacs.

The reasons are manifold and complex. A numerous alien army—or, for that matter, even a large native army—however friendly its purposes, seldom remains permanently popular among the people with whom it is quartered. This would certainly be the case if a large British or Australian army were now quartered in this country. Differences of customs, of habits, of social organization and of national psychology and latent historical jealousies provide innumerable occasions of friction, even where there is no difference of language.

However, the principal cause of whatever irritation now exists in Britain and Australia seems to be economic. In a country like Britain, which has been on increasingly short commons for more than two years, the abundance and quality of American Army rationed rations aroused first amazement, then envy and finally perhaps some bitterness. In a country desperately short of every kind of consumer goods the relatively princely wages (recently doubled) of the American soldier, plus the American tendency toward extravagance, must have created a certain consternation. Moreover, since American armies are no more comprised exclusively of "plaster saints" than British armies, incidents inevitably occur around which all these resentments can be crystallized.

This problem is one of the most difficult of the whole war. It ought to be recognized as such and methods adopted to cope with it. It would certainly be wise if some mixed body of British officers well acquainted with America and American ways and American officers with a similar knowledge of the British were created to take it in hand. One recalls Lord Kitchener's nobly couched "Last Message to the Troops Embarking for Battle" as a precedent for the contribution that General Marshall could make. One recalls, too, the admirable work in the last war of some of the French liaison officers detailed to British and American units. We strongly urge an application of the same system upon our War Department. If the morale branch under General Osborne has not already recommended it.

German propaganda may be depended upon, of course, to do its utmost to exploit any opportunity of this kind. Hence it is a good thing to remember that Hitler has a vastly greater problem of the same sort on his own hands. Compared to the feelings that German and Italian soldiers have for each other, or to the emotional relationship of Hungarian and Rumanian in Hitler's armies, or for that matter that either has to any German, the relationship between Britons and Americans in England is still one of true and perfect love, admiration and confidence.

VICTORY GARDEN

Now I will take my hoe
And fight with things that grow,
Chicweed and chicory,
And cocklebur and dock,
Crab grass, my enemy;
Hack at the stubborn root,
Smash at the sturdy stock,
The living leaf and petal
Of bindweed and redroot,
The mallow and the nettle.
I wound and let them bleed,
I slash and let them lie;
Sorrel and ironweed,
Thistle and cress and chest,
I leave them there to die.
In my clean new-turned row,
And kill that life may grow.

JOYCE HORNER.

The Mountain Moved—Bang!



Letters To The Editor

Abstract Art

Mr. Holden, writing in your letters column, objects to George Kratina's interpretation of Christ, or rather objects to the "danger" of its being chosen and erected, because it doesn't resemble any worldly object, or so I understand. Well, to be extremely literal minded about it, is there anyone alive who really knows what Christ did look like.

"It would seem to me that the artist in question was trying to create the essence or spirit of Christ rather than a dead imitation of the material body of Christ, and in view of the fact that Christ's very teachings concerned the spiritual and the relative unimportance of the material as compared with the spiritual, does it really seem that the artist has gone very far astray after all, when he tried to interpret Christ in that abstract manner, which is so suggestive of the spiritual?"

If many people were not so insistent that imitation of material objects be present in works of art, and could free themselves of this hampering notion, they would discover new beauty, real beauty. And one need not be a hypersensitive art critic to enjoy it. We all delight in seeing a rocket arching through the sky on a Fourth of July night. What, on beholding the lovely sight, brings that very undeniable feeling of pleasure and satisfaction? It certainly isn't the rocket itself, for you can't even see that small thing. Undoubtedly it is that beautiful flaming arc which the rocket transcribes through the sky at an ever-changing pitch of curve. We don't insist that it resemble a pig or a cow or a man or any earthly thing that has come within our visual experience. Instead, our soul seems if anything more capable of receiving a true aesthetic thrill from beauty as manifested by the abstract.

A so-called realistic work of art can only be beautiful if it possesses in its make-up certain impersonal and abstract qualities. And it is the artist who intelligently uses these qualities produces art. The French Impressionists, which we take so much for granted today, were in their early days held under just as much suspicion as much of this modern art is today.

CHARLES WASHBURN.
Washington, Aug. 14.

Draft "Walkathons"

In these days our armed forces are risking lives and the possibilities of being crippled for life for the "folks back home" and to preserve the integrity of our Nation. Those of outstanding citizenship in high position warn us it is possible that we can lose the war. Yet nearby there goes on a disgusting and inhuman spectacle, advertised by radio, appealing only to audacious natures, wasting the effort needed in an "all-out" war. It can do no good and seems only to lower the sense of decency of both spectators and participants.

Greed of promoters and greed and vanity of those who participate, would merit the shame, only that should be awarded them. It reminds me of the insanity of Nero, who is alleged to have added while Rome burned. I refer in disgust to the Walkathon. Of all places, such insane activity should be elected by radio, appealing only to audacious natures, wasting the effort needed in an "all-out" war. It can do no good and seems only to lower the sense of decency of both spectators and participants.

It is time to eradicate such lack of patriotism and silly activity in the heart of our Nation. Draft the offenders for useful effort.
CLARENCE DREMS, JR.
Alexandria, Va., Aug. 13.

All communications must

carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, letters should be held to 300 words. Letters are subject to condensation.

From Down Under

Herewith a press cutting which I thought, if published, should interest the thousands of relatives and friends in America who have soldiers in Australia. In the summer we sometimes have a week on end when the temperature rises from 100 degrees to 115 degrees.

"Through the work of the Allied Forces Information Bureau, many Allied servicemen have been entertained in private homes at weekends."

"The following is a typical letter of appreciation sent to a host and hostess by an American sergeant."

"May I express my deepest appreciation for the most gracious way you offer the hospitality I was given during my weekend leave in Adelaide. You gave me the feeling that I was home and I can't thank you enough."

"Thanking you doesn't seem sufficient for what you are doing by offering the comforts of your home to the American soldier. It more than proves to me the grand race the people of Australia are. I can say that during the time of training the people of the United States did not offer the comforts of their homes to the soldier that the people of this continent do. Of course, this was no doubt due to the fact that they had no one abroad, and did not realize the full meaning of war."

Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Mr. Nelson's Failure

IT IS quite possible for Mr. Nelson to master his situation. Whether or not he will is at bottom not a question of technique and of organization, but of a man's character. Very soon we shall know whether pleading and yielding and making the best of it are the whole man or whether there is in him also a hard core of lucid will, now tempered by hard experience. For the time has come when Mr. Nelson must either abdicate his powers or assert them—assert them with the President and in the conduct of the war.

We must hope with all our hearts that he will assert his powers, because if he does not assert them, then one of two things will happen. Either the resources of the United Nations will be squandered in the competition of Army, Navy, shipping, lend-lease, civilian and neutral procurement officials—or Mr. Nelson, who has learned what his job means, will be replaced by someone who will take another four to six months to learn what it means.

BECAUSE his powers are set up by an Executive Order which is wide but not definite, he is not the acknowledged superior of all the procurement officials and an unchallenged member of the high command of the war. He is compelled to assert the authority which he was supposed to have and ought to be exercising. Thus far he has not asserted it, and the result is that he finds himself now trying to meet requirements which he had no effective part in planning or determining.

Obviously, the first step is to go back to the President, as the news reports say he will do at the Cabinet meeting on Friday, to have his powers renewed, reaffirmed, and consolidated. Without this he can do nothing. He must have a firm guaranty that Donald Nelson and his deputies, and not the White House, will allocate all steel and all the other critical materials. He must be assured that there will be no changes in the program—as there have been so many times—unless he participates in the decision from start to finish, and is able, therefore, to make the President and the military commanders realize the full consequences of what they are doing. Finally, he ought to have from the President a notice to all officials in Washington that the struggle for personal and bureaucratic power will not be tolerated any longer, and that selfish and intrigue will be punished.

Army Tells How Flying Fort Fought 23 Fighters, Crashed

Washington Bureau of Chicago Post
Further details of how a Flying Fortress fought off 23 Japanese fighter planes over Burma and crash-landed with two motors gone, riddled with bullets and in flames, were disclosed by the Army yesterday as it awarded the Silver Star for Gallantry to the crew of nine.

Maj. Frank D. Sharp, 36, of Salem, Oreg., and Second Lieut. Herbert E. Wundelick, 22, Williston, N. Y., landed the flaming bomber near a British-controlled village last June and, although wounded, made their way back to Calcutta, India.

One of the enlisted men, Pvt. (first class) Francis J. Teshan, Footville, Wis., was decorated posthumously since he was killed at his gun by machine-gun bullets from enemy fighters.

On This Page

WALTER LIPPMANN—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
MARK SULLIVAN—Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
ERNEST LINDLEY—Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
BARNET NOVER—Monday, Wednesday, Friday. (On vacation)
MERLE PUSEY—Tuesday.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"Here are your pipe and slippers, dear"

How France Gets News

By Pierre Mendes-France

How The Censorship Is Circumvented

M. Mendes-France was one of four members of the Chamber of Deputies who in June, 1940, left Bordeaux on the steamer Massilia with an idea of continuing the war from North Africa. As a result of this incident he was sentenced to six years in prison. In June, 1941, he escaped from a military hospital at Clermont-Ferrand and later from France. He is now serving with the De Gaulle air force. The following is excerpted and translated from an article contributed to the Free French newspaper, *Pour le Victoire*, of New York.

AMONG the rights of man and of citizenship there is one that does not appear expressly in any of the declarations, yet it is the one to which Frenchmen cling especially. This is "the right to know what is going on." What ever else one may say, the Third Republic, thanks to the liberty of the press, which was complete and at times excessive, all Frenchmen could follow great political events. Certainly there were facts, which the big newspapers sought to conceal or distort. But despite certain delays, and thanks to the diverse tendencies of the newspapers, the public was able to gain, out of the lot, an approximate and sufficiently accurate notion of what were the great national issues.

All this was changed after June, 1940, in the "free zone" as well as in the occupied zone. In essential matters the French have been subjected to the methods which have been applied for years in Germany and Italy. The press is systematically concealed, as much so in matters that concern foreign policy and the war as in matters concerning internal affairs.

French Papers Lack News

The thirst for news is not satisfied by the newspapers of the "free zone." These are quite vacuous; they publish merely the official communiqués of the Service de l'Information and the bulletins of the Havas Agency, now under German control. They have sunk into insignificant sheets without influence and without merit which could not survive without government subsidies. This is why the circulation of the great Parisian newspapers published in the "free zone" has dwindled so greatly. The *Petit Journal*, Colonel de la Roque's organ, has a circulation of less than 5000 copies. *Paris Soir* (I am referring to the edition published at Lyons, not to the Paris edition, whose direction is entirely in German hands) has experienced a similar decline in sales. Several newspapers which are seeking discreetly to make their true feelings about collaboration known to their subscribers have been rewarded by regaining the favor of the public. In this class is *Figaro*, which, frequently suspended by the censorship, thereby gains more readers.

Le Temps has likewise been suspended at various times. It is generally known that Le Temps has been owned for many years by the Comité des Forges. That was its systematic attitude of pacifism, especially during the Munich period. Since then the Comité des Forges has made a better estimate of the value of collaboration. The industrial establishments of Lorraine are now being exploited by the Germans, who have made themselves absolute masters of them. The directors of the corporations to which they belonged have not received so much as an Ausweis in return. "Collaboration" is not just an unequal division of labor; it is a German metallurgical interest, not just the administration of French properties for the benefit of Germany; actually it is a form of total exploitation. They have treated the gentlemen of the Comité des Forges and of the 300 families like veritable Jews. In short, these gentlemen now appreciate that collaboration is not to their advantage; hence the recent attitude of their official organ, Le Temps.

The great provincial newspapers have gained a certain value by the debasement of Parisian journalism. Le Monde de Paris et le Dôme is the personal mouthpiece of Pierre Laval. It systematically promotes the policy of collaboration, as do most of the other newspapers of Lyons and Marseilles. The *Depeche de Toulouse*, owned by the brothers Larraut, a venerable organ of southern radicalism. On the other hand, there are several provincial newspapers which, in spite of the censorship, find a way to touch up their articles with allusions or insinuations easily recognized by the public. On different occasions I have found them, for example, in *Alexander Varennes* paper, La Montagne, published at Clermont-Ferrand. This too, has been alternately sanctioned and suspended, again and again.

Swiss Papers Render Services
The total absence of interest in the French newspapers explains the extraordinary success in France of the Swiss newspapers. The *Journal de Geneve* (whose French edition has a larger run than the Swiss edition), the *Gazette de Lausanne*, the *Tribune de Geneve*, and so on, are read by ever-increasing numbers. The same is true of German language newspapers, especially *Die Weltwoche*, that remarkable weekly published at Zurich. These newspapers are subjected to a peculiar regulation: They must withhold news 24 hours so as not to scoop the French newspapers. The publication of certain kinds of news is forbidden them, for example, exchange reports (lest they reveal to Frenchmen the real value of the franc). Despite these restrictions, the Swiss newspapers render an inestimable service. France, thanks to the Swiss press, Frenchmen are kept acquainted with the British, Russian and American military communiques. They find also in the objective editorials an impartial view of the general situation. Finally, the whole Swiss press is impregnated with the spirit of independence which in itself constitutes a sort of permanent defiance of the totalitarian states.

Of the publications in the occupied zone, the only ones which

regularly enter the "free zone" are the *Pariser Zeitung*, *L'Auto* and *Le Figaro*. These two last named have become very collaborationist indeed; they are given over to systematic panegyrics of Germany and depreciation of France.

France Listens to B. B. C.

Outside the press, the principal means of information is the radio. For the same reasons that explain the decline of the newspaper in the "free zone" the public shows no interest in the broadcasts from Vichy. Radio-Paris is naturally more sedentary, but at the same time its new programs are much more interesting and much more complete than those of Radio-Vichy.

The broadcasts which have the greatest success throughout the whole of France are manifestly those from London. (I do not speak of the American broadcasts, which during my time in France were very often heard. Actually it appears they are now being more and more closely followed by their listeners.) It is not too much to say that the whole country listens to the B. B. C. There are persons who will not miss a word of the evening; they do not want to miss the daily message from their friends, the French in London. The French resistance is animated and solidified during these two hours, thanks to the British radio.

Vichy has attempted by every means to prevent listening. From the first there has been interference and this has been increased until listening is a very difficult and exhausting business. Nevertheless the number of groups which are listening is increasing night after night. The effort is incalculable. In some places groups have been formed whose members habitually listen. When they meet afterward they reconstruct the whole broadcast, particle by particle, which may have been imperfectly heard by one or more of them. There are also listeners who take down the broadcasts in shorthand and transcribe them afterward for clandestinely circulated tracts.

Thus the interference did not prevent the French from listening regularly to their friends in London. It was then that Admiral Darlan brought out a decree which forbade listening, under pain of severe penalties. After that if you happened to be on bad terms with your downstairs neighbor or your concubine you ran a danger of being imprisoned. If your neighbor was, in addition, a member of the Legion, you were in a bad fix indeed. On simple, unsupported denunciations people were being condemned in both occupied and unoccupied zones, and most of all in the Midi, for tuning in on the British waves. Nevertheless there were a few brave souls. P. F. receiving apparatuses, especially among the peasants, who did not turn each evening to the B. B. C.

When I was at L— I always went for lunch or dinner to a little restaurant about 5 or 6 kilometers out of the city on the road to V—. It was frequented mostly by workmen who at noon always ate in two little rooms, but in the evening in only one of these rooms. After several visits I observed that the room which remained closed in the evenings was always occupied by the same group of persons, who entered it by another door after passing through the kitchen. At first I did not take close watch of their arrangements. But, by and by, having gained the confidence of the patronne (this came to pass as a result of the minor complications arising from the number of food tickets she had to collect from me), I learned from her that seven or eight of her customers gathered every evening to listen to the English radio. I was presently admitted to this little circle. We listened together almost every evening. Often I recognized with emotion certain of my personal friends among these "spokesmen of the Free French forces"—some of those who specialized in the discussion of economic, monetary or agricultural questions: Professor Cassin, or Andre Labarthe, or some other. There were others whom I did not know: Jean Marin, Jacques Bourdieu, the so-called "commentators," sometimes enthusiastic, sometimes noncommittal, of my neighbors. But they were all "stampeded" when De Gaulle himself came to the microphone and in his stern and powerful voice fung out the watchwords. Then all were as one!

In the course of time this little group at "Mère Marie's place" became an organized De Gaulle cell. But I have only indirect knowledge of that. For, in fact, after winter set in, I was not able to go very frequently; the cold and the rain made the journey on foot to and from every evening much too difficult. Nevertheless, I had acquired, like all the others, the necessity of listening every evening to the "Frenchmen. Speak to Frenchmen" program. I had no intention of buying a receiving set that was too expensive and I did not expect to remain much longer in France; I thought, instead, of renting one. I went to the shop of a merchant in L—. He had only one set available for hire. I asked him if it was of good quality. With the instinct of the businessman who understands the real wishes of his customers he replied immediately, "Oh, monsieur, with this you can understand London perfectly."

And that was after Darian's decree!

The B. B. C. broadcasts frequently provide quips, wisecracks, ironic couplets, and well-known

songs in which original words have been parodied. These are repeated over and over and in a little while everybody in France knows them. When someone hums "La Cucaracha" nobody needs to say anything more. Everybody knows the words to this air that the B. B. C. has introduced during these past two years. Thus a sort of complicity among a whole crowd is created by nothing more than the humming of a banal and innocuous tune. I have observed this often on tram cars and in trains.

The children at school and in the streets, too, hum the airs of the B. B. C. I remember, for example, the little children who lived in the same house as myself, who stopped singing "Tout doud, tout doudement"—the slow-down chant intended for the workmen who labor against their will for the Germans. Or else

Radio-Paris—ment
Radio-Paris—ment
Radio-Paris—ment allemand!

I should like also to say a word about the role of the intellectuals and their present attitude. Here, as everywhere else, the number of traitors is very slight. A few writers not well known and in general pretty mediocre are collaborating directly with the Germans. Among these, Alphonse de Chateaubriand, whose Hitlerist tendencies have been known for years; Abel Bonnard, who has been rewarded by a ministerial portfolio in place of the reorganized Nouvelle Revue Française, with Brien de la Rochelle and Jacques Chardonne. Besides these, there are various writers, Rene Benjamin, Thierry-Maunier, Henry Pourrat, and of course, Maurras, who are more in harmony with Vichy than with the Germans, and who make the aggrandizement of certain of the principal themes of their production. Among scientists who have behaved badly one could cite principally Georges Claude and Prof. Serge Hurst.

As against the few names above I should place those of the immense majority of men of letters and of science. First of all there are those that have been maltreated, imprisoned, in some instances deported by the Germans; Langevin, arrested in spite of his age and ill health (he was released later); Professor Wahl, also arrested, as were Emil Borel, Louis Lipiez, Charles Mauguin, members of the Institut, and above all Fernand Holweck, assassinated at the end of 1941, after frightful tortures, because he would not deliver to the Germans scientific secrets which might have a military use. Not one French newspaper published a line about this crime, which was nevertheless speedily known. Likewise, all those men who had expounded doctrine, theories, incompatible with the Fascist system were arrested.

Writers Keep Faith

The literary world, especially those men who have continued the brilliance and prestige of the French genius, has persevered in a most dignified and courageous attitude. The tribute to Bergson at the height of the application of the racial laws provoked a considerable echo. The Swiss papers dedicated articles to it which were the cause of much emotion in France. Before the Academy, Valery delivered a eulogy of Bergson which, for all its discretion and delicacy, was nonetheless a brilliant protest of the intellect.

The greatest names of French literature, have refused either to become a party to the debasement of France or to accept defeat with Vichy. Mauriac, Duhamel, Gide, Claudel, Girardoux, none of these has collaborated. On the contrary, they have seized each opportunity to express (though necessarily in veiled terms) their ideas about the present situation, their refusal to participate in the degradation of the patrie and their desire to see her restored to her place in the free world.

At the end of the year 1941 the works of French writers now living abroad began passing from hand to hand in France. Jacques Maritain's book on the defeat, "A Travers le Désastre," was everywhere read with emotion. Similarly, the messages of Jules Romains and the messages of Bernanos, broadcast by the B. B. C., have had great success.

I have often asked booksellers in the "free zone" about the real preferences of the public. Their replies were almost always the same. "The readers want stuff that permits them to 'escape.' That is what explains the craze for books on 'pure' science and history. They buy, for example, a great many of the books of Jacques Bainville (which are very suggestive); unfortunately, one found difficulty in procuring them at the end of 1941, and it was, of course, impossible to make reprints. Needless to say, the

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Private Purkey

(Home on a short furlough, Oscar, unknown to Harriet, who is in the WAACS, saw his girl friend Minerva, who has signed up in the women's naval auxiliary.)

Oscar—So you're a WAVE! What's the idea?

Minerva—I didn't want to be just a ripple or a backwash, like your friend Harriet.

Oscar—I heard you joined the Navy to get smarter uniforms than they have in the women's Army. The WAVES can profit by mistakes made by the WAACS.

Minerva—Do you think this war is a style show?

Oscar—You make me wonder.

Oscar—Have you ever been to sea?

Minerva—Only that time in a canoe with you. Once was plenty!

Oscar—What makes you think you'll like naval service?

Minerva—The promise I won't get any sea duty.

Oscar—What kind of a Navy is it that won't go on the water?

Minerva—That's what we're going to demonstrate.

Oscar—Can you splice a rope?

Minerva—What do you think I'm joining, a rodeo?

Oscar—Can you box a compass?

Minerva—No, but I can wrap up a clock.

Oscar—Did you ever port your helm?

Minerva—No profanity, please!

Oscar—Did you ever stow a skiff?

Minerva—Stop lisping!

Oscar—I'm serious, Min. What is a starboard tack?

Minerva—You've got me there; I'm no carpenter.

Oscar—Gee, Min, you're awful ignorant.

Minerva—Otherwise why would I be standing here talking to you?

Oscar—Say, listen, why are you girls going to train for the Navy at Smith College away up in Northampton?

Minerva—Because we thought it would sound funny to train sailors at Vassar.

Oscar—I see your uniforms are to be Mainbocher of Paris.

Minerva—Isn't that wonderful?

Oscar—It's better than what Mike Todd of Star and Garter. What will the regular Navy think of that after all these years in the original John Paul Jones sailor suits.

Minerva—A woman sailor is expected to look better than a man.

Oscar—What difference does it make when she falls overboard?

Minerva—Lissen, is this a date or a quiz program?

Oscar—Okay, admiral. I'll stow the question.

Minerva—Thanks, colonel!

Barnet Nover

whose column appears on this page every Monday, Wednesday and Friday is now

on vacation

Ballads on Feasts and Foragings

When gourmets to the board

Their paunchy selves for tasty fare,

Most nostrils quiver at the smell

Of food that master chefs prepare;

But if you wish that you were there,

Hold on—Lucullan tables lack

The virtues found when you prepare

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

At witching hour, when all is well,

A hungry man steals down the stair

Into the cook's own citadel,

To gather morsels extra rare

And strip ungarded cupboards bare;

Then to the bedroom creeping

back,

Thus adding to adventure's flair

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

Prince, would you forget your thinning hair,

Your troubles state and cardiac?

Then try, for liberty from care,

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

W. E. T.

The Nazis are now claiming that Napoleon was a German. Look in that tomb, quickly, Pierre, or see if the general has turned over!

Private Purkey has a name for all top sergeants. He calls them Karloffs.

bookshops have all been expurgated. Even in the free zone all anti-Nazi literature (the books of Raushenbach, for example) and the work of anti-Hitlerist writers like Jules Romains, Jacques Maritain, Kerillis, Emil Ludwig, Freud, etc., and the French Yellow Book of the autumn of 1940 have been confiscated. All these are equally unobtainable in the big libraries. But many municipal libraries still retain them and copies concerned with these individuals still circulate from hand to hand.

Shop 'til 9 P.M. this evening!

The "Fria"

You walked too much strip shoe you've made a favorite because of fine quality, workmanship, and style—now more important than ever for activity filled days. Cowboy tan or black calf.

Exclusive at Jolly's Shoe Salon, Fourth Floor.

\$9.95

Lady Nettleton

Army vs. Nazis

Recruiting Halt

Washington Bureau of Chicago Post

The War Man Power Commission, headed by Paul V. McNutt, had before it yesterday a recommendation that the Army be ordered to stop voluntary recruiting.

The recommendation came from the commission's management, composed of representatives of the A. F. of L., C. I. O., and industrial management. Chairman McNutt has not yet acted on it. If he does he will probably ask President Roosevelt to order full responsibility for the procurement of fighting men turned over to the Selective Service System, whose chiefs have long favored such a move.

Army inroads upon the supply of technically trained men needed in war industry were understood to be behind the management-labor committee's suggestion. Through its recruiting powers the Army is able to offer inducements and incentive patriotic appeals to bring into service engineers and other technical men. While the management-labor committee does not dispute the Army's need for such men, it believes that interference to industry could be minimized by making the Selective Service System the sole source of man power for the Army.

Competition Rife

The issue points up the competition for men that is developing as the war effort, both on military and industrial lines expands—a competition which under the present system the Man Power Commission attempts to govern by strictly voluntary and persuasive methods.

Commission spokesmen say that so far these methods have succeeded in most cases in keeping industry supplied with men. From seven million last January, employment in war industries has risen to a point somewhere between 12 and 13 million. By the end of the year, however, that figure will have to be close to 20 million. The squeeze in reaching it may produce demands for compulsory powers in drafting and transferring labor supply, and freeing men in their jobs. That will be a decision for the White House, was said.

How the commission now oper-

in Congress

TODAY

Senate

Meets at noon.

Committees—Patents, open session to hear Standard Oil officials on development of synthetic rubber and other war goods, 10:30 a. m.

House

Meets at noon.

Committees—Merchant Marine Subcommittee on cancellation of Higgins shipyard contract, 2 p. m.

YESTERDAY

Both Houses in recess.

Barnet Nover

whose column appears on this page every Monday, Wednesday and Friday is now

on vacation

Ballads on Feasts and Foragings

When gourmets to the board

Their paunchy selves for tasty fare,

Most nostrils quiver at the smell

Of food that master chefs prepare;

But if you wish that you were there,

Hold on—Lucullan tables lack

The virtues found when you prepare

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

At witching hour, when all is well,

A hungry man steals down the stair

Into the cook's own citadel,

To gather morsels extra rare

And strip ungarded cupboards bare;

Then to the bedroom creeping

back,

Thus adding to adventure's flair

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

Prince, would you forget your thinning hair,

Your troubles state and cardiac?

Then try, for liberty from care,

The pleasures of a midnight snack.

W. E. T.

The Nazis are now claiming that Napoleon was a German. Look in that tomb, quickly, Pierre, or see if the general has turned over!

Private Purkey has a name for all top sergeants. He calls them Karloffs.

bookshops have all been expurgated. Even in the free zone all anti-Nazi literature (the books of Raushenbach, for example) and the work of anti-Hitlerist writers like Jules Romains, Jacques Maritain, Kerillis, Emil Ludwig, Freud, etc., and the French Yellow Book of the autumn of 1940 have been confiscated. All these are equally unobtainable in the big libraries. But many municipal libraries still retain them and copies concerned with these individuals still circulate from hand to hand.

Shop 'til 9 P.M. this evening!

The "Fria"

You walked too much strip shoe you've made a favorite because of fine quality, workmanship, and style—now more important than ever for activity filled days. Cowboy tan or black calf.

Exclusive at Jolly's Shoe Salon, Fourth Floor.

\$9.95

Lady Nettleton

The Washington Post

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

An Independent Newspaper.
(Published every day in the year.)

Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or otherwise credited in this paper and local news of prominence which are published herein. Rights of publication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

New York Office: 485 Madison Avenue
Chicago Office: 360 North Michigan Avenue

CARRIERS DELIVERY

District of Columbia and Suburban Areas:
Daily and Sunday Deliveries: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Deliveries Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Deliveries Only: 10 Cents Per Week

BY MAIL—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina
Daily and Sunday: 18 Cents Per Week
Daily Only: 10 Cents Per Week
Sunday Only: 10 Cents Per Week

Other States, Mexico and Canada
Daily and Sunday: 22 Cents Per Week
Daily Only: 12 Cents Per Week
Sunday Only: 10 Cents Per Week

One Year: \$2.40 (12 issues)
Six Months: \$1.20 (6 issues)
Three Months: \$0.60 (3 issues)
One Month: \$0.20 (1 issue)

Not for Foreign Countries not listed

Will be furnished upon request.

Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1877.

Postoffice at Washington, D. C.,
Postoffice No. 1000, Second-Class Mail Matter.

TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Thursday, August 20, 1942

Bernard M. Baruch

It is curious what a feeling of confidence can be generated among millions of Americans by the picture of a septuagenarian seated on a park bench. But we dare to say that precisely such a feeling was created when President Roosevelt asked Bernard M. Baruch to head a committee of three to report on rubber. For rubber has long since ceased to be a raw material. It is a hot potato, a political football, a potential Teapot Dome, a saw on the nerves of the American population. Yet, as soon as Mr. Baruch undertook the job, and established his office on a park bench, presto! the problem seemed to disappear. The people felt that at last this proliferating and pestiferous issue was in good hands.

This comes from having established a reputation for public service. Mr. Baruch's reputation is towering—in the Administration, in Congress, in the country at large. People will always recall his massive service in the first World War when he mobilized American industry for war work. His record in those years left an indelible impression upon our national memory. What was that impression? It was the impression of a man who can get things done. God knows, we are in the same extremity today of wanting to get things done. But, as we look back, we see that Mr. Baruch not only got things done; he got them done with dispatch and in the right way. That is the reason that Mr. Baruch's reputation has grown through the years. In every good cause he has shown the same unerring ability, the same selfless devotion. Both the ability and the devotion remain unimpaired, yet he was 72 yesterday. Long may he live, for the longer he lives the more luster will be added to his name and the more work he will accomplish. He could have had no better birthday present than the evidence of public confidence with which his latest appointment was greeted.

Blackout Questions

The citizen who wants to acquire firsthand knowledge of the way blackouts are handled in his neighborhood should arrange to get caught on the streets in one of our "surprise" raids. That ought not to be difficult, considering that a large proportion of the population had ample advance knowledge of the latest practice drill. The pedestrian trapped in the center of town may be lucky enough to find harborage in some nearby shop or office building. But the man wandering about outlying residential districts has only a choice of evils. Ordered to stay off the streets, he may retreat to somebody's front yard or camp on a doorstep which presents more hazards than the open spaces. Few people would have the hardihood to demand admission to a strange residence. Indeed, the chances are that attempts to gain admission would not be very successful. That is no reflection on householders; it merely testifies to a very natural unwillingness to receive an unknown nocturnal visitor who might turn out to be a thief or worse.

We conclude, therefore, that no matter how promptly and universally lights are doused at the call of the siren, Washington's air-raid system will remain highly defective unless or until provision is made for regular air-raid shelters in designated locations not very far apart. That may be an overlarge order for remote and sparsely populated suburban areas. But it is not too much to ask for most residential city areas. In the central part of town there is need not only for special air-raid shelters but also for some intelligent planning for the location of such shelters. For example, the mere evacuation of office workers from the top and bottom floors of buildings in which they work is no guarantee of safety. If buildings are old, if facilities for escape in case of fire are inadequate, this kind of crowding merely increases the risks of heavy casualties. Solid, well-constructed buildings with ample exits ought to be selected as evacuation centers for the workers in more vulnerable nearby structures. Plainly marked, they could also accommodate a certain number of passers-by. Unless some provision of this

sort is made, it is our opinion that mass herding of employees in vulnerable structures is more dangerous than leaving them undisturbed.

Curtain Raisers

The events which have crowded on the heels of the Moscow conference confirm the conclusion that that parley marked the beginning of a new phase in this titanic war. Maybe that phase might lead to a turning point. It is much too early, of course, to make any such prediction. All we can say is that from now on the United Nations will aim actively and continuously at wresting the initiative from Hitlerite Germany. This is the new phase. It has succeeded a phase which lasted nearly three years, during which, except for momentary diversions in such places as Greece, the nations of the free world have been fighting on battlefields chosen by Germany and Japan. Yet time has not been wasted. Battle experience has been accumulated, material has poured out of the factories in Britain and America, men have been trained by the millions, and a combative spirit has been generated in the breasts of peoples who have been robbed of their liberties. Now we seem to be on the eve of a mighty convulsion of all these elements dedicated to the overturn of Hitler and his foul tyranny.

The main post-Moscow event is the great commando raid on a 60-mile stretch of the French coastline centered on Dieppe—the first exploit of this kind of the United Nations acting in common. The participation of one of our own units, and the sterling job it did, will give the entire Nation a special thrill of satisfaction. Our defeats have been many and various, but never have we had reason to doubt the individual valor of our armed forces. At Wake they covered themselves with glory. At Bataan and in Corregidor they wrote a page in American history that generations of Americans unborn will read with pride. Our "Flying Tigers" in China have seemed to personify the spirit which built a continent out of a wilderness. There will be no doubt that the Rangers will be equally outstanding. What they were required yesterday to do called for iron nerves, yet an "avalanche of volunteers" asked to join the expedition. With such a spirit animating our troops—and we know it animates the British and the Fighting French as well—who can doubt the outcome of this travail?

Two speculations are raised by the raid on France. It may have been a feint, or one of a series of feints, intended to disguise a much more serious operation that elsewhere will "stick." Where that will take place is secreted in the bosoms of our military chieftains. Or the raid may have been aimed solely at bringing into view the Nazi defenses in Northern France. If this latter supposition is correct, the operation was successful. Not only were land defenses surveyed, and all manner of installations destroyed; the Nazis had to send up their air force and dispatch their armored units to the nine-hour battle front. The information will be of great value for follow-up operations. If it does not compel the Germans to switch their dispositions, at least it will keep them guessing, and we may let the Nazis make the most of their propagandistic effort for home consumption that they repelled an effort to establish a second front. None of these protestations is likely to remove the fear inside Germany—or, for that matter, among the Nazi high command—that a second front is in the offing.

Another portent of continuous action is the removal of Gen. Sir Claude Auchinleck from the command in Egypt and the substitution of Gen. Sir Harold Alexander. In the British army General Alexander stands for aggression. It is a passion with him. A doughty soldier, he served brilliantly in France and in Burma. And, though those actions were retreats, he displayed those qualities of leadership which are required to match those of the dashing Marshal Rommel. The change in command may be, of course, another feint. With short lines of communications, the Nazis seem well able to resist a desert advance. But, given enough men and supplies, General Alexander certainly will allow Rommel no rest. Attack in North Africa as well as in Europe, accordingly, cannot be left out of Hitler's calculations. He can count no longer either on the Cairo mentality or the defense complex elsewhere to allow him to develop his own strategy. That we can succeed in wrecking that strategy this year is our only hope of saving Russia and shortening this war by many years.

Fats For Explosives

The industries of America are appealing to housewives to save all waste kitchen fats. The War Production Board has explained the reasons why salvage of such materials is urgent: supplies of vegetable fats shipped here from the Far East have been drastically reduced by war in the Pacific, and substitutes must be found to produce millions of pounds of glycerine used in the manufacture of explosives. So in a quite literal sense the salvaging of waste kitchen fats will help to make the bombs, shells, and bullets needed to win the war.

Instructions as to how to salvage waste fats are easily followed and involve little extra work. Moreover, a pound of fat can be easily transported to the nearest meat

dealer who acts as a collection agency. So far as the general public is concerned, the collection difficulties that hamper the salvaging of bulky heavy materials are in this instance virtually nonexistent. Consequently, the housewife has an opportunity to participate in a salvage campaign of great importance with the knowledge that her efforts will not be wasted for lack of adequate collection facilities.

On Foreign Soil

From various fragments of news which have cropped up within the past few weeks it becomes apparent that what might be called the honeymoon period between the populations of Britain and Northern Ireland on the one hand and the A. E. F. on the other has now ended. The same thing is apparently true in Australia where, it will be remembered, the arrival of Americans was greeted with even greater joy. Not to put too fine a point on it, bad spots are beginning to appear in the relations between British and Americans in Britain and the Australians and Americans in Australia.

The fact that this was inevitable does not make the problem any the less delicate and difficult. It has, of course, existed in some degree or other in all wars waged under condominiums. There have been some instances in which these frictions have led to rather serious consequences as, for example, between the Carthaginians and their mercenary allies after the First Punic War and again between the Byzantines and the Crusaders. In the last World War they existed in very mild form between the British and French and later between French and Americans and also between British and Americans. In a still milder form they existed even between English and Imperial troops, especially the highly paid Anzacs.

The reasons are manifold and complex. A numerous alien army—or, for that matter, even a large native army—however friendly its purposes, seldom remains permanently popular among the people with whom it is quartered. This would certainly be the case if a large British or Australian army were now quartered in this country. Differences of customs, of habits, of social organization and of national psychology and latent historical jealousies provide innumerable occasions of friction, even where there is no difference of language.

However, the principal cause of whatever irritation now exists in Britain and Australia seems to be economic. In a country like Britain, which has been on increasingly short commons for more than two years, the abundance and quality of American Army rations aroused first amazement, then envy and finally perhaps some bitterness. In a country desperately short of every kind of consumer goods the relatively princely wages (recently doubled) of the American soldier, plus the American tendency toward extravagance, must have created a certain consternation. Moreover, since American armies are no more comprised exclusively of "plaster saints" than British armies, incidents inevitably occur around which all these resentments can be crystallized.

This problem is one of the most difficult of the whole war. It ought to be recognized as such and methods adopted to cope with it. It would certainly be wise if some mixed body of British officers well acquainted with America and American ways and American officers with a similar knowledge of the British were created to take it in hand. One recalls Lord Kitchener's nobly couched "Last Message to the Troops Embarking for Battle" as a precedent for the contribution that General Marshall could make. One recalls, too, the admirable work in the last war of some of the French liaison officers detailed to British and American units. We strongly urge an application of the same system upon our War Department, if the morale branch under General Osborne has not already recommended it.

German propaganda may be depended upon, of course, to do its utmost to exploit any opportunity of this kind. Hence it is a good thing to remember that Hitler has a vastly greater problem of the same sort on his own hands. Compared to the feelings that German and Italian soldiers have for each other, or to the emotional relationship of Hungarian and Rumanian in Hitler's armies, or for that matter that either has to any German, the relationship between Britons and Americans in England is still one of true and perfect love, admiration and confidence.

VICTORY GARDEN

Now I will take my hoe
And fight with things that grow,
Chicweed and chicory,
And cocklebur and dock,
Crab grass, my enemy;
Hack at the stubborn root,
Smash at the sturdy stalk,
Snapping the tender shoot,
The living leaf and petal
Of bindweed and redroot,
The mallow and the nettle.
I wound and let them bleed,
I slash and let them lie;
Sorel and ironweed,
Thistle and cross and cheat,
I leave them there to die
In my clean new-turned row,
And kill that life may grow.

JOYCE HORNER.

The Mountain Moved—Bang!



Letters To The Editor

Abstract Art

Mr. Holden, writing in your letters column, objects to George Kratink's interpretation of Christ, or rather objects to the "danger" of its being chosen and erected, because it doesn't resemble any worldly object, or so I understand. Well, to be extremely literal minded about it, is there anyone alive who really knows what Christ did look like.

"It would seem to me that the artist in question was trying to create the essence or spirit of Christ rather than a dead imitation of the material body of Christ, and in view of the fact that Christ's very teachings concerned the spiritual and the relative unimportance of the material as compared with the spiritual, does it really seem that the artist has gone very far astray after all, when he tried to interpret Christ in that abstract manner, which is so suggestive of the spiritual?"

If many people were not so insistent that imitation of material objects be present in works of art, and could free themselves of this hampering notion, they would discover new beauty, real beauty, and one need not be a hypersensitive art critic to enjoy it.

We all delight in seeing a rocket rushing through the sky on a Fourth of July night. What, on beholding the lovely sight, brings that very undeniable feeling of pleasure and satisfaction? It certainly isn't the rocket itself, for you can't even see that small thing. Undoubtedly it is that beautiful flaming arc which the rocket transcribes through the sky at an ever-changing pitch of curve. We don't insist that it resemble a pig or a cow or a man or any earthly thing that has come within our visual experience. Instead, our soul seems if anything more capable of receiving a true esthetic thrill from beauty as manifested by the abstract.

A so-called realistic work of art can only be beautiful if it possesses in its make-up certain impersonal and abstract qualities. And it is the artist who intelligently uses these qualities produces art.

The French impressionists, which we take so much for granted today, were in their early days held in derision just as much suspicion as much of this modern art is today.

CHARLES WASHBURN.

Washington, Aug. 14.

Draft "Walkathons"

In these days our armed forces are risking lives and the possibilities of being crippled for life for the "folks back home" and to preserve the integrity of our Nation. Those of outstanding citizenship in high position want us it is possible that we can lose the war. Yet nearby there goes on a disgusting and morose spectacle, advertised by radio, appealing only to sadistic natures, wasting the effort needed in a "full-out" war. It can do no good and seems only to lower the sense of decency of both spectators and participants.

Greed of promoters and greed and vanity of those who participate, would merit the shame, only that should be awarded them. It reminds me of the insanity of Nero, who is alleged to have fiddled while Rome burned. I refer in disgust to the Walkathon. Of all places, such insane activity should be ejected from our National Capital, in time of war especially. The knowledge of such activity can only tend to lower the morale of troops fighting in distant places as they realize they are giving their all for such heartless and irresponsible morons. It is time to eradicate such lack of patriotism and silly activity in the heart of our Nation. Draft the offenders for useful effort.

CLARENCE DEEMS, Jr.

Alexandria, Va., Aug. 13.

All communications must

carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, letters should be held to 300 words. Letters are subject to condensation.

From Down Under

Herewith a press cutting which I thought, if published, should interest the thousands of relatives and friends in America who have soldiers in Australia. In the summer we sometimes have a week on end when the temperature rises from 108 degrees to 115 degrees.

Through the work of the Allied Forces Information Bureau, many Allied servicemen have been entertained in private homes at weekends.

The following is a typical letter of appreciation sent to a host and hostess by an American sergeant: "May I express my deepest appreciation for the most gracious way you offer the hospitality I was given during my weekend leave in Adelaide. You gave me the feeling that I was home and I can't thank you enough."

"Thanking you doesn't seem sufficient for what you are doing by offering the comforts of your home to the American soldier. It more than proves to me the grand race the people of Australia are. I can say that during the time of training the people of the United States did not offer the comforts of their homes to the soldier that the people of this continent do. Of course, this was no doubt due to the fact that they had no one abroad, and did not realize the full meaning of war."

"I am sure they do now."

"I hope I have been able to uphold my end, and have shown the pride and spirit which we in America have, and I trust that I shall always be welcome. I thoroughly enjoyed every minute of my stay."

"Using the Australian language, Cheerio, to all, and again I say thank you."

C. E. WYETT.

Town Clerk.

Thebarton, South Australia,

June 24.

Doctor's Triumph

Dr. Chevalier Jackson of Jefferson Medical College and Temple University has once again triumphed over certain death in removing an obstruction from the larynx of a little Canadian mist, as reported in your columns today.

If there ever was a medical hero, it is Doctor Jackson, the inventor of the bronchoscope, and there should be some way of paying national homage to him—something in the way of a Congressional Medal of Honor and the official thanks of the Nation. I suggest that some member of Congress from Philadelphia initiate a movement for such recognition while the doctor is still with us.

CHARLES E. CROSS.

Washington, Aug. 17.

Sidestepping

Referring to your editorial in your issue of July 27 entitled "Easy Way," I have read Secretary Claude R. Wickard's reply to you, which you also published.

In your editor's note saying you were glad to publish Secretary Wickard's explanation, I think you have expressed the situation very well in saying "it appears to us to be quibbling with words to maintain the ceiling price is in OPA."

It is strange that nearly all those associated in executive positions of our Government are so willing to sidestep the facts to save the responsibilities being placed on themselves.

A. C. YOUNG.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 13.

National Lottery

Why not a national lottery for the duration of the war? The suggestion, even though it may call down the wrath of the righteous and the pious upon my head.

We are engaged in a life and death struggle for the preservation of all that is worth while in our national and social life. We are confronted with havoc and horror unspeakable in other lands. It is no time to stand upon prudery, puritanism and hypocrisy. Anything that can further the ends of victory and security should be used in this crisis.

Proceeds from the sale of bonds to finance the war is admittedly not up to the requirements. Purchase of these bonds is purely a matter of patriotism, and all honor to those who respond to the call. We might profitably supplement this appeal to patriotism with an appeal to cupidity and establish a national lottery for the duration of the war and a limited period thereafter. If every 25-cent war bond contained a number representing a chance at a capital prize payable in bonds, the Government intake would be tremendous and constant.

Gambling is inherent in human nature. There are many who would give \$10 for a chance at a big prize who would not give a dollar to save the Constitution. This is a sad reflection upon the patriotism and intelligence of multitudes, but this is a time to face the facts, because the facts are facing us, and they are facts grim, ghastly and gory.

R. A. BANKS.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 17.

Psychological Warfare

We can take it as the first principle of psychological warfare that our directors in this field will do a far better job of directing if citizens make them know we too understand the basic points of psychology.

Secondly, all promises and warnings we send our enemies should be simple, clear, definite—grasped and remembered.

Thirdly, all "promise-warnings" should be repeated often, and without alteration, like advertising slogans. Drive the idea home in as many and various ways as possible—by radio, air-borne leaflet, etc.

Just the above three fundamentals, widely understood by Americans, would sharpen our psychological warfare to the point where it would become our very greatest of all weapons.

BOLLING SOMERVILLE.

Norwood, Va., Aug. 17.

Strength In Numbers

Have just finished reading Secretary's article in The Sunday Post, but fail to follow his argument in regard to the carrier controversy.

At Midway, the Japs only had four or five carriers, too few for the job. Obviously, if they had had 100 carriers, carrying about 7500 planes, Midway would have fallen, so that it seems unfair to conclude from the Midway battle that carriers are useless against land-based planes. Secretary does not emphasize the part played by carriers in the conquest of the Philippines and the East Indies. Here, the land-based planes were weaker than the carrier-based planes and, so, lost.

To date, the value of carriers has depended upon the relative strength of the opposing forces. The stronger air force has won, and the same rule should apply in the Solomons.

Doubtless, when stone battle clubs were a new weapon, some general with an army of four stone axes lost a battle. Whereupon, the experts said the new-fangled things were useless until another general with a thousand stone axes won a battle.

L. F. SHIPPEN.

Blue Ridge Summit, Pa., Aug. 13.

The Post Impressionist

Old Style and New

If I wasn't a gunner
I wouldn't be here.
Port, first.
If I wasn't a gunner
I wouldn't be here.
Starboard, first!

Thus sing-songed a petty officer on the U. S. S. Pensacola while he paced the deck, and at each command to fire a report rang out until 21 guns from the saluting battery had honored the Peruvian flag immediately anchor had been dropped in the Bay of Callao early in May, 1878.

The Pensacola had been central in a beautiful marine picture that morning when she rounded the island San Lorenzo after a voyage from Valparaiso and made for the port where I saw her while at the age of 12 I served as coxswain for an eight-oared shell manned by young Americans and Englishmen, members of the Callao Rowing Club, who were out for a practice spin.

A beautiful picture was that frigate while her sails were being furled and stowed away and which were used to reinforce steam power in antiquated marine engines. Beautiful, but useless for what in that day was modern warfare. She was built of wood and her guns until 1890, when, thanks to the persistence of William Collins Whitney, who persuaded a reluctant Congress to vote the necessary appropriation, units of the new White Navy began coming down the ways. Had it not been for Mr. Whitney, who was Secretary of the Navy during the first Administration of Grover Cleveland, America could not have waged a successful war against Spain in 1898; Dewey would not have had the Olympia and other ironclads with which to defeat Montojo in Manila Bay, and Sampson and Schley would not have been victorious at Santiago. Men of the maritime service, bearing these facts in mind, should designate Mr. Whitney the uncle of the United States Navy even as John Paul Jones is its father.

Even greater than the change in construction of warships during half a century has been the change in methods and manners of conducting warfare between nations. Formerly it took form with the punctiliousness of the duello; now it is savage slaughter.

Late one autumn day in 1879, while the Callao fleet was blockading the Port of Callao, a cutter flying a white flag came ashore and the officer in command, having been ceremoniously received by an Army man, presented with a complimentary letter from the admiral, a formal notice that the city would be bombarded 24 hours later. In this manner the Chileans complied with international law of that date. Next day the sailors of the Callao fleet, all of all types were brought into use; there was a mass exodus to the capital, to Miraflores and other suburbs. Those who were unable to afford the capital and took to the open fields on foot.

We were living at La Punta and from the veranda of a hotel had an excellent view of Callao Harbor and across the bay to the mountains beyond the time mentioned. The ironclad Blanco Encalada and Almirante Cochrane opened the engagement. The corvette Union and the gunboat Pilcomayo, all that was left of the Peruvian navy, sent a few shells screaming over the water and so did the two castles in which ancient cannon were mounted. Action by both sides was at long range and lasted for many minutes. Nearing midnight all became quiet. Next day the Peruvian casualty list numbered two killed and a score injured, all soldiers; property loss small.

Nearing the close of our second conflict with Great Britain an American sloop of war entered Martinique to find an English sloop of approximately the same tonnage lying at anchor. The captain of one of the ships challenged the other to sail outside the 3-mile limit and fight. Instant acceptance was followed by both ships making sail and a cutter from neutral Martinique went along as umpire. The vessels were making ready for the engagement when another craft carrying all sails, bore down on them with the news that the Treaty of Ghent had been signed; peace had come. So the sloop put back to port and that night officers and men combed and made merry.

During the engagement between Bon Homme Richard and the Serapis John Paul Jones ordered his crew at three different times to cease firing. During the hull he would call across to the captain of the Serapis and politely ask if he would like to strike his flag. A negative reply in ceremonial language and the battle would be renewed.

In 1818, the British of steamboat fame submitted a proposal of a submarine for consideration by the Navy. In a report made by Commodore Rogers the weapon was denounced as unworkable, not as accurate as the practice of the willow warfare—it would be a treacherous attack on the enemy.

When making ready for a naval engagement, during the good old days a captain would say, "You may clear for action, Mr. Wilson, if you please." And Lieutenant Wilson would salute, and say, "Aye, Aye, sir. Clear for action."

It is all so different now.

CLAUDE WETMORE.

Tough Sales Tax

Any half-intelligent person, that reads the advertisements and observes the buying of booze and bawbles will realize that a sales tax will be a necessity.

To leave no loophole there must be no exemptions, not even tombstones. Let's be sensibly tough and not cravenly sorry. C. BARTLE.

Washington, Aug. 13.

Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Mr. Nelson's Failure

IT IS quite possible for Mr. Nelson to master his situation. Whether or not he will is at bottom not a question of technique and of organization, but of the very human question of his mind and character. Very soon we shall know whether he is yielding and making the best of it or whether he is a hard core of luck will, now tempered by hard experience. For the time has come when Mr. Nelson must either abdicate his powers or assert them—assert them with the President and in the conduct of the war.

We must hope with all our hearts that he will assert his powers, because if he does not, then one of two things will happen. Either the resources of the United Nations will be squandered in the competition of Army, Navy, shipping, lend-lease, civilian and neutral procurement officials—or Mr. Nelson, who has learned what his job means, will be replaced by someone who will take another four to six months to learn what it means.

BECAUSE his powers are set up by an Executive Order which is wide but not definite, he is not the acknowledged superior of all the procurement officials and an unchallenged member of the high command of the war. He is compelled to assert the authority which he was supposed to have, and ought to be exercising. This he has not asserted it, and the result is that he finds himself now trying to meet requirements which he had no effective part in planning or determining.

Obviously, the first step is to go back to the President, as the reports say he will do at the Cabinet meeting on Friday, to have his powers renewed, reaffirmed, and consolidated. Without this he can do nothing. He must have a firm guarantee that Donald Nelson and his deputies will be replaced by someone who will take another four to six months to learn what it means.

Army Tells How Flying Fort Fought 23 Fighters, Crashed

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

Further details of how a Flying Fortress fought off 23 Japanese fighter planes over Burma and crashed-landed with two motors gone, riddled with bullets and in flames, were disclosed by the Army yesterday as it awarded the Silver Star for Gallantry to the crew of nine.

Maj. Frank D. Sharp, 35, of Salem, Ore., and Second Lieut. Herbert E. Wunderlick, 32, William, N. Y., landed the flaming bomber near a British-controlled village last June and, although wounded, made their way back to Calcutta, India.

One of the enlisted men, Pvt. (first class) Francis J. Teehan, Footville, Wis., was decorated posthumously since he was killed at his gun by machine-gun bullets from enemy fighters.

Army Promotes Capra, Kintner

By the Associated Press

The War Department announced yesterday the promotion of Maj. Frank Capra, motion picture director, to the rank of lieutenant colonel, and of Capt. Robert E. Kintner, a former newspaper columnist, to the grade of major.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"Here are your pipe and slippers, dear"

How France Gets News

By Pierre Mendes-France

How The Censorship Is Circumvented

M. Mendes-France was one of four members of the Chamber of Deputies who in June, 1940, left Bordeaux aboard the steamer *Massilia* with an idea of continuing the war from North Africa. As a result of this he was sentenced to six years in prison. In June, 1941, he escaped from a military hospital at Clermont-Ferrand from France. He is now serving with the De Gaulle air force. The following is excerpted and translated from an article contributed to the *Free French* newspaper, *Pour la Victoire*, of New York.

AMONG the rights of man and of citizenship there is one that does not appear expressly in any of the declarations, yet it is the one to which Frenchmen cling especially. This is "the right to know what is going on." What ever else one may say, the Third Republic, thanks to the liberty of the press, which was complete and at times excessive, all Frenchmen could follow great political events. Certainly there were facts, and sometimes important facts, which the big newspapers sought to conceal or distort. But despite certain delays, and thanks to the diverse tendencies of the newspapers, the public was able to gain, out of the lot, an approximate and sufficiently correct notion of what were the great national issues.

All this was changed after June, 1940, in the "free zone" as well as in the occupied zone. In essential matters the French have been subjected to the methods in Germany and Italy. The truth is systematically concealed, as much so in matters that concern foreign policy and the war as in matters concerning internal affairs.

French Papers Lack News

The thirst for news is not satisfied by the newspapers of the "free zone." These are quite vacuous; they publish merely the official communiqués of the Service de l'Information and the bulletins of the Havas Agency, now under German control. They have sunk into insignificant sheets without influence and without merit which could not survive without government subsidies. This is why the circulation of the great Parisian newspapers published in the "free zone" has diminished so greatly. The *Petit Journal*, *Colonel de la Roche*'s organ, has a circulation of less than 5000 copies. *Paris-Sol* (I am referring to the edition published at Lyons, not to the Paris edition, whose direction is entirely in German hands) has experienced a similar decline in sales. Several newspapers which are seeking discreetly to make their voices heard about collaboration known to their subscribers have been rewarded by resigning the favor of the public. In this class is *Figaro* which, frequently suspended by the censorship, thereby loses more readers.

Le Temps has likewise been suspended at various times. It is generally known that *Le Temps* has been owned for many years by the Comite des Forges. That explained its systematic attitude of pacifism, especially during the Munich period. Since then, the Comite des Forges has made a better estimate of the value of collaboration. The moves, the foundations and the industrial establishments of Lorraine are now being exploited by the Germans, who have made themselves absolute masters of them. The directors of the corporations to which they belonged have not received so much as an *Ausweis* in return. "Collaboration" is not just an unequal division favorable to German metallurgical interests; not just the administration of French properties for the benefit of Germans; actually it is a form of total expropriation. They have treated the gentlemen of the Comite des Forges and of the 300 families like veritable Jews. In short, these gentlemen now appreciate that collaboration is not to their advantage; hence the reticent attitude of their official organ, *Le Temps*.

The great provincial newspapers have gained a certain value by the debasement of Parisian journalism. *Le Monde de Puy* at Le Doron is the personal mouthpiece of Pierre Laval. It systematically promotes the policy of collaboration, as do most of the other newspapers of Lyons and Marseilles. The same is true of the *Despeche de Toulouse*, owned by the brothers Larnaud, a venerable organ of southern radicalism. On the other hand, there are several provincial newspapers which, in spite of the censorship, find a way to touch up their articles with allusions or insinuations easily recognized by the public. On different occasions I have found them, for example, in *Al-Exander Varennes* paper, *Montagne*, published at Clermont-Ferrand. This too, has been alternately sanctioned and suspended, again and again.

Swiss Papers Render Services

The total absence of interest in the French newspapers explains the extraordinary success in France of the Swiss newspapers. The *Journal de Geneve* (whose French edition has a larger run than the Swiss edition), the *Gazette de Lausanne*, the *Tribune de Geneve*, and so on, are read by ever-increasing numbers. The same is true of German language newspapers, especially *Die Weltwoche*, that remarkable weekly published at Zurich. These newspapers are subjected to a peculiar regulation: They must withhold news 24 hours so as not to scoop the French newspapers! The publication of certain kinds of news is forbidden them, for example, exchange reports (that they reveal to Frenchmen the real value of the franc). Despite these restrictions, the Swiss newspapers render an indispensable service to France. Thanks to the Swiss press, Frenchmen are kept acquainted with the British, Russian and American military communiques. They find also in the objective editorials an impartial view of the general situation. Finally, the whole Swiss press is impregnated with the spirit of independence which in itself constitutes a sort of permanent defiance of the totalitarian states.

Of the publications in the occupied zone, the only ones which regularly enter the "free zone" are the *Pariser Zeitung*, *L'Auto* and *L'Illustration*. These two last have become very collaborativeist indeed; they are given over to systematic panegyrics of Germany and depreciation of France.

France listens to B. B. C.

Outside the press, the principal means of information is the radio. For the same reasons that explain the decline of the newspaper in the "free zone," the radio has no interest in the broadcasts from Vichy. Radio-Paris is naturally more tendentious, but at the same time its news programs are much more interesting and much more complete than those of Radio-Vichy.

The broadcasts which have the greatest success throughout the whole of France are manifestly those from London. It is not so much the American broadcasts which during my time in France were not very often heard. Actually it appears they are now being more and more closely followed by their listeners. (It is not too much to say that the whole country listens to the B. B. C. There are persons who will not make an appointment between 8 and 9 o'clock in the evening; they do not want to miss the daily message from their friends, the French in London. The French resistance is animated and solidified during these two hours, thanks to the British radio.)

Vichy has attempted by every means to prevent listening. From the first there has been interference and the recording has been increased until listening is a very difficult and exhausting business. Nevertheless the number of groups which are willing to listen at night is making the effort is incalculable. If your neighbor was not a collaborator, these places groups have been formed whose members habitually listen. When they meet afterward they reconstruct the whole broadcast, parts of which have been imperfectly heard by one or more of them. There are also listeners who take down the broadcasts in shorthand and transcribe them afterward for clandestinely circulated tracts.

Thus the interference did not prevent the French from listening regularly to their friends in London. It was then that Admiral Darlan brought out a decree which forbade listening under pain of severe penalties. After that if you happened to be on bed terms with your downstairs neighbor or your concubine you ran a danger of fine or imprisonment. If your neighbor was, in addition, a member of the Gestapo, you were in a bad fix indeed. On simple, unsupported denunciations people were being condemned to prison and even shot. Occupied zones and most of all in the Midi, for tuning in on the British waves. Nevertheless there were very few owners of P. S. receiving apparatus, especially in the occupied zones. It did not turn each evening to the B. B. C.

When I was at L— I always went for lunch or dinner to a little restaurant on 5 or 6 which looked out of the city on the road to Vichy. It was frequented mostly by workmen who at noon always ate in two little rooms, but in the evening in only one of these rooms. After several visits I observed that the room which remained closed in the evenings was always occupied by the same group of persons, who entered it by another door after passing through the kitchen. At first I did not take close watch of their arrangements. But, by and by, having gained the confidence of the patron (this came to pass as a result of the minor complications arising from the number of food tickets she had to collect from me), I learned from her that seven or eight of her customers gathered every evening to listen to the English radio. I was presently admitted to this little circle. We listened together almost every evening. Often I recognized with emotion certain of my personal friends among these "spies" of the Free French forces—some of them French forces—some of them French forces who specialized in the discussion of economic, monetary or agricultural questions; Professor Cassin, or Andre Labarthe, or some other. There were others whom I did not know: Jean Marin, Jacques Bourdieu, and so on. I noted the comments, sometimes enthusiastic, sometimes noncommittal, of my neighbors. But they were all "stamped" when De Gaulle himself came to the microphone and in his stern and powerful voice flung out the watchwords. Then all were as one!

In the course of time this little group at "Monsieur Marie's place" became an *orgue de Gaullist* cell. But I have only indirect knowledge of that. For, in fact, after winter set in, I was not able to go very frequently; the cold and the rain made the journey on foot to and from every evening much too difficult. Nevertheless, I had acquired, like all the others, the necessity of listening every evening to the "Frenchmen Speak to Frenchmen" program. I had no intention of buying a receiving set that was too expensive and I did not expect to remain much longer in France; I thought, instead, of renting one in L—. He had only one set available for hire. I asked him if it was of good quality. With the instinct of the businessman who understands the real wishes of his customers he replied immediately, "Oh, monsieur, with this you can understand London perfectly."

And that was after Darlan's decree!

The B. B. C. broadcasts frequently provide quips, wisecracks, ironic comments, and well-known

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Private Purkey

(Home on a short furlough, Oscar, unknown to Harriet, who is in the WAACS, saw his girl friend Minerva, who has signed up in the women's naval auxiliary.)

Oscar—So you're a WAVE! What's the idea?

Minerva—I didn't want to be just a ripple or a backwash, like your friend Harriet.

Oscar—I heard you joined the Navy to get smarter uniforms than they have in the women's Army. The WAVES can profit by mistakes made by the WAACS.

Minerva—Do you think this war is a style show?

Oscar—You make me wonder.

Oscar—Have you ever been to sea?

Minerva—Only that time in a canoe with you. Once was plenty!

Oscar—What makes you think you'll like naval service?

Minerva—The promise I won't get any sea duty.

Oscar—What kind of a Navy is it that won't go on the water?

Minerva—That's what we're going to demonstrate.

Oscar—Can you splice a rope?

Minerva—What do you think I'm joining, a rope?

Oscar—Can you box a compass?

Minerva—No, but I can wrap up a clock.

Oscar—Did you ever port your helm?

Minerva—No profanity, please!

Oscar—Did you ever stow a skiff?

Minerva—Stop kidding!

Oscar—I'm serious, Min. What is a starboard tack?

Minerva—You've got me there; I'm no carpenter.

Oscar—Gee, Min, you're awful ignorant.

Minerva—Otherwise why would I be standing here talking to you?

Oscar—Say, listen, why are you girls going to train for the Navy at Smith College away up in Northampton?

Minerva—Because we thought it would sound funny to train sailors at Vassar.

Oscar—I see your uniforms are to be by Mainbocher of Paris.

Minerva—Isn't that wonderful?

Oscar—It's better than by Mike Todd of Star and Garter. What will the regular Navy think of that after all these years in the original John Paul Jones sailor suits.

Minerva—A woman sailor is expected to look better than a man.

Oscar—What difference does it make when she falls overboard?

Minerva—Listen, is this a date or a quiz program?

Oscar—Okay, admiral. I'll stow the question.

Minerva—Thanks, colonel!

Ballade on Feasts and Forays
When gourmets to the board propel
Their paunchy selves for tasty fare,
Most nostrils quiver at the smell
Of food that master chefs prepare;
But if you wish that you were there
Hold on—Lucullan tables lack
The virtues found when you prepare
The pleasures of a midnight snack.
At witching hour, when all is well,
A hungry man steals down the stair
Into the cook's own citadel.
To gather morsels extra rare
And strip unguarded cupboard
bare;
Then to the bedroom creeping back,
Thus adding to adventure's flair
The pleasures of a midnight snack.
Prince, would you forget your thinning hair,
Your troubles state and cardiac?
Then try for liberty from care.
The pleasures of a midnight snack.
W. E. T.

The Nazis are now claiming that Napoleon was a German. Look in that tomb, quickly, Pierre, and see if the general has turned over!

Private Purkey has a name for all top sergeants. He calls them Karloffs.

bookshops have all been expurgated. Even in the free zone all anti-Nazi literature (the books) of Raushenring, for example) and the work of anti-Nazi writers like Jules Romains, Jacques Maritain, Kerillis, Emil Ludwig, Freud, etc., and the French Yellow Book of the autumn of 1940 have been confiscated. All these are equally unobtainable in the big libraries. But many municipal libraries still retain them and copies concerned with these individuals still circulate from hand to hand.

Army vs. Labor Dearth

Recruiting Halt Urged in Shortage

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

The War Man Power Commission, headed by Paul V. McNutt, had before it yesterday a recommendation that the Army be ordered to stop voluntary recruiting.

The recommendation came from the commission's management-labor policy committee, composed of representatives of the A. F. of L., C. I. O. and industrial management. Chairman McNutt has not yet acted on it. If he does he will probably ask President Roosevelt to order full responsibility for the procurement of fighting men turned over to the Selective Service System, whose chiefs have long favored such a move.

Army inroads upon the supply of technically trained men needed in war industry were understood to be behind the management-labor committee's suggestion. Through its recruiting powers the Army is able to offer inducements and invoke patriotic appeals to bring into service engineers and other technical men. While the management-labor committee does not dispute the Army's need for such men it believes disturbance to industry could be minimized by making the Selective Service System the sole source of man power for the Army.

Competition Bids

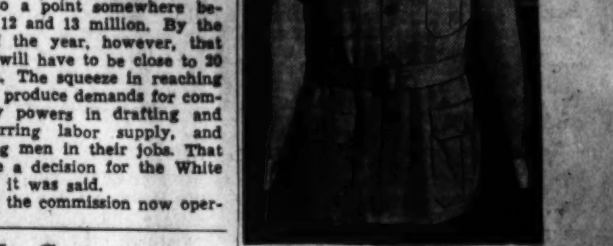
The issue points up the competition for men that is developing as the war effort, both on military and industrial lines expands—a competition which under the present system the Man Power Commission attempts to govern by strictly voluntary and persuasive methods.

Commission spokesmen say that so far these methods have succeeded in most cases in keeping industry supplied with men. From seven million last January, employment in war industries has risen to a point somewhere between 12 and 13 million. By the end of the year, however, that figure will have to be close to 20 million. The squeeze in reaching it may produce demands for compulsory powers in drafting and transferring labor supply, and freeing men in their jobs. That will be a decision for the White House, it was said.

How the commission now operates is shown by current efforts to increase the number of men available for work in Western copper mines. Commission-sponsored conferences here and in Denver have arranged for "segregated transfers" of coal miners to copper diggings. This method rests on persuasion of miners to change their jobs and finding some way to pay their costs of transfer. No Federal funds are available for such expenses.

Other major problems before the commission are labor hoarding and piloting. Numerous cases have been reported of industrial plants keeping idle labor on the rolls as insurance of a future labor supply. In one shipyard, for example, inspectors found a worker assigned to carry a plank from one end of the yard to another. However, commission spokesmen say, hoarding is not as great as luring of workers from one plant to another. The commission endeavors to combat these practices by talks with plant managers and labor leaders.

Labor shortage is most acute, and hoarding and piloting there, more prevalent, in about 20 industrial areas, including Detroit, Baltimore, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Joliet, Chicago, Flint, Buffalo, Bridgeport, Norfolk, Chester, Akron, Moline, Davenport and Rock Island.



OFFICERS' Lounge Jacket

A magnificent, easy-fitting jacket designed for smart comfort off duty. It is a favorite with high American and British Officers in the Far East today. Handmade in Washington with Lewis & Thos. Salts.

In Suntan Fine Twill Cotton Gabardine... \$15

In Fine Wool & Rayon Suntan Gabardine... \$25

Lewis & Thos. Salts
1409 G STREET, N. W.

Executive 3822
Not Connected with Saltz Bros. Inc.

YESTERDAY

Both Houses in recess.

Barnet Novor

whose column appears on this page every Monday, Wednesday and Friday is now on vacation.

Today

Meets at noon.

Committees—Patents, open session to hear Standard Oil officials on development of synthetic rubber and other war goods, 10:30 a. m.

House

Meets at noon.

Committees—Merchant Marine Subcommittee on cancellation of Higgins shipyard contract, 2 p. m.

Lewis & Thos. Salts

ANNOUNCE A

SALE

of

Army Officers' UNIFORMS

Every garment in this special selling is taken from our own Regular Stocks of Lewis & Thos. Salts fine quality uniforms. Reductions are being taken at this time simply as a matter of equalizing our stocks after inventory. A full range of sizes are on hand as this announcement appears.

- \$20 Army Officers' Chino Khaki Blouse and Slacks... All Sizes... \$16.75
- \$35 Army Officers' White and Tan Palm Beach Uniforms... All Sizes... \$29.50
- \$45 Tropical Worsted Slacks and Slacks for Army Officers... \$37.50
- \$8.75 Army Officers' Chino Caps, with one extra cover... All Sizes... \$7.50

LEWIS & THOS. SALTZ

INC.

1409 G STREET N. W.

EXECUTIVE 3822

NOT CONNECTED WITH SALTZ BROS. INC.

Shop 'til 9 P.M. this evening!

The "Friar"

The walked to monk shop shoes you've made a favorite because of fine quality, workmanship and style—now more important than ever for activity filled days. Cavalry tan or black calf.

Exclusive at Joffe's Shoe Salon, Fourth Floor

\$9.95

Lady Nettleton

Nazis Seen Facing Hard Six Months Job To Get Oil From Captured Caucasus Fields

Full Production May Need Much Longer Period

By Howard W. Blakeslee
Wide World Service Editor.

New York, Aug. 19.—Six months or more—that's how long Hitler will have to wait before he begins to get much oil out of the Russian Caucasus—if he conquers those precious fields.

He may have to wait considerably longer before he can get the fields back into anything like full production.

Under peace-time schedule, Americans would need a minimum of one year to restore the Caucasus fields after the Russians had devastated them.

Hitler may be able to cut the American record. He has had apparently a full year to get ready. Nevertheless, his difficulties are amazingly complicated.

These difficulties are outlined by Dr. Gustav Eglloff, director of research, Universal Oil Products Co. His estimate for full restoration of the Caucasus fields is one year at American rates.

"The Caucasus," he says, "is estimated to be producing something like 500,000 barrels of oil a day, 85 per cent of the Russian production.

There are 1300 miles of pipeline in the Caucasus. The wells range roughly between 2500 and 10,000 feet in depth. There is relatively little shallow oil production.

"Germany has an enormous problem in rehabilitating the Caucasus oil industry, if and when it falls into Germany's hands.

"One problem is in designing plants. Two, fabricating materials. Three, shipping the materials to the Caucasus. Four, erecting and operating the plants.

"Germany has no large background of experience in designing, operating and building oil pipe lines and refineries of the capacity operated in the Caucasus, and drilling on such terrain as the Caucasus.

"Some oil wells are under water in the Caspian Sea, the drilling taking place from the shore similar to operations in California and Louisiana. During the winter when the Caspian Sea is frozen over, oil drilling rigs have been known to operate with a foundation for the rigs on top of solid ice. They also use special barges such as are used as drilling platforms in the American Gulf Coast areas.

"The difficulty of drilling in Russia is far greater than the Japs have had to contend with in the East Indies or the Germans in Roumania, Poland or Germany itself."

Russia refines its petroleum from the Caucasus right in that area. Germany can try the same method or can transport the oil back to safer nearer refineries, and to refineries already built.

But that is neither quick nor easy. Tankers, tank cars and pipe lines would be required. Completely unknown is Germany's present setup for furnishing them.

But so far as information is available, Dr. Eglloff says Germany has very limited facilities for oil transportation. The refineries to which the Caucasus oil might go are in Russia (at already captured Odesa, Kherson and Berdiansk), in Roumania, France, Italy, Czechoslovakia and Germany.

The captured Russian refineries will turn out about 14,000 barrels a day. There is no word as to how badly they were damaged by the Russians. The 14,000 barrels is just a trickle.

Hitler is better off in oil if he can ship back to Roumania. The refineries there are ready to handle about 110,000 barrels a day, even without enlargement. The reason for this is that the Roumanian production, going down steadily through the years,

Rita Gets Another Title



Associated Press Wirephoto

NOW, SHE'S "MISS PANAMUSICANA"—Add the title "Miss Panamusicana" to all the other honors heaped upon Rita Hayworth, the screen star. Dancing teachers convening in Pasadena, Calif., say she epitomizes the finest attributes in both North and South American dancing. So, they gave her the new title.

has dropped far below the refining capacity of 250,000 barrels daily. At Maikop, Hitler already has taken an area that produces about 50,000 barrels of oil a day. Dr. Eglloff estimates that this much can be restored to production for the Germans in probably six months.

Home-Made Bomb Set Off in India

Bombay, Aug. 19 (AP).—The first use of a home-made bomb in the current disturbances in India was reported from Lucknow in central north India today. A police corporal and several other persons were injured.

At Bangalore police fired 32 rounds into a crowd, killing one person and wounding 38. Rioting, store closings and the burning of public buildings such as postoffices were reported at Nagpur, in central India. Delhi in the north central part, Madras in the east, Calcutta in the northeast, and Karachi in the west.

Henderson Cites Variety of Oil Shortage Plans

A half-dozen detailed proposals, including consumer rationing, were presented to the War Production Board yesterday by Price Administrator Leon Henderson, designed to alleviate the fuel oil shortage next winter.

Chairman Donald M. Nelson decided to appoint a small committee of WPB members with full power to make a choice among the Henderson proposals and order the program into effect as soon as possible. The committee probably will be named today.

"Rationing of fuel oil was one of several plans presented by Mr. Henderson, but that doesn't necessarily mean that it will be the plan selected," said a spokesman for Nelson. Nelson did not comment.

One of the alternatives, it was indicated, might be a limitation order curtailing deliveries of fuel oil to dealers and making them responsible for equitable distribution among householders.

Grew Gave U. S. Message To Hirohito

By Max Hill

Aboard the S. S. Gripsholm (Wide World).—Bright and clear, the December sun beat against the Tokyo Embassy's high white walls, against the Stars and Stripes and the great blue and gold eagle seals.

It was a calm day, but inside Ambassador C. Grew's private residence the danger signal was evident as a red traffic light.

He was "on guard," waiting with nerves on edge. In his close-by residence Eugene Dooman, the counselor, fretted with trifles while the clock ticked off its slow minutes. He was waiting, too.

Grew was curt and terse and cold with correspondents who sought to ask him about President Roosevelt's message to Emperor Hirohito.

"There's nothing I can say," Grew replied with severe emphasis to all questions put to him by the correspondent of the Associated Press and Wide World.

"There's absolutely nothing I can say to you at this time."

Our usually cordial ambassador, fondly thought of by all Americans in Japan as "the Chief," was gone. A sharp click and the wire was dead.

Urgent Message Comes in

Time's finger moved with dread slowness that day—but the tedious morning hours passed, then the afternoon. Long after dark, just before 9 p. m. in fact, Mr. Grew communicated with his aide.

An urgent message had just been delivered from Washington, he told Mr. Dooman. The President's message was beginning to flow into the code room where alarmed clerks worked with furious intensity.

Piece by piece it was delivered to the residence by messengers. The copy bore the notation: "Received at Marunouchi telegraph office, 9 a. m., December 7, 1941." The calculating hand of the military took no chances, delivered the telegram 12 hours late. They didn't want their bloody business upset by any such fluke as interference by Emperor Hirohito.

Dooman telephoned Foreign Minister Togo's private secretary. An interview that night was promised. The Ambassador thought he could be at the official residence before midnight.

At 11:30 p. m. the Foreign Minister's private secretary was on the telephone again. Minister Togo, he pointed out, wished to go to bed. Wasn't the message something that could be handled in the morning? Indeed not, Dooman told him.

Thousands of miles away over the Pacific, Japanese bombers loaded with death and destruction were nearing their objective—Pearl Harbor in Hawaii. But all was quiet in Tokyo, and Minister Togo wanted to retire.

Grew Sees Togo

Finally the message was complete—a somber document, indeed. Regardless of the hour, it must be delivered.

At Togo's official residence, lights burned brightly, and the Ambassador was guided with formal ceremony, up the crimson carpeted stairs to the second floor drawing room.

Seated stiffly on the blue plush arm chairs, Grew and Togo began their historic conversation. The Ambassador, likely, hunted nervously for his glasses, peered over the rims in characteristic manner, and began reading the President's message to the Emperor.

For 25 minutes these two men were closeted together in the almost garish room talking quietly, calmly, while out across the Pacific, Togo's fellow subjects were ready to loose their deadly cargoes on a sleeping American city.

Ambassador Grew, as usual, was emphatic but calm. The historic message read to Togo, he departed and quickly notified Secretary of State Hull that it had been delivered.

Throughout the discussion Togo gave no indication that he had the slightest inkling of what the military of Japan were up to.

Even the next morning at 7:30 a. m., when Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador, left the foreign minister's official residence after a talk with Togo, there seemed to be no indication the gainmo knew anything was seriously wrong. "A Very Tragic Moment"

An American Embassy staff member saw the two of them come down the stairs together, chatting and laughing in the most friendly manner. Ambassador Grew was there, also, and was told by Minister Togo that the Emperor had been informed of the President's message.

The Ambassador returned to his residence, still not aware that as of dawn, war had spread to the Pacific. Squads of police and gendarmes had raided the homes of most of the private Americans in Tokyo and Yokohama, and many of them had been arrested but no word came to the embassy.

Shortly before 11 a. m. a Mr. Ohno of the Foreign Office appeared at the locked gates of the embassy and inquired for Councillor Dooman. It so happened Dooman was locked out himself, and had gone to the gainmo to protect.

Ohno then asked to be guided to the office of First Secretary Crocker. There as representative of the Ambassador, Crocker was informed that "there has arisen a state of war between Your Excellency's country and Japan beginning today."

Crocker listened in silence, taking deep drags on his cigarette. Then he said:

"This is a very tragic moment." Ohno looked at him quietly with the typical bland blank face of an Oriental.

"It is," he replied. "My duty is very distasteful." That was all. War had come to the embassy officially at 11 a. m.

WOODWARD

LOTHROP

107 11th and G Streets

Store Hours Thursday
12:30 to 9:00

11 Lovely Lipsticks

each with refills available

And what a potent and practical point that is, these days, when the brave, smart reds that kindle your loveliness, are doubly important. Choose your favorite one or two for daylight and evening makeup—treasure the cases and apply refills "as needed."

TOILETRIES, AISLES 12, 13 AND 14, FIRST FLOOR

HERB FARM SHOP
\$1 Refills, 60c

HOUBIGANT
\$1 Refills, 50c

Princess House
\$1 Refills, 50c

Princess Malchabell
\$1 Refills, 50c

Frances Denney
\$1.50 Refills, 75c

Dorothy Gray
\$1.50 Refills, 75c

Harriet Hubbard Ayer
\$1 Refills, 50c

GOURIELLI
\$2.50 Refills, \$1.50

Helena Rubinstein
\$1.50 Refills, 75c

Mary Dunhill
\$1.25 Refills, 50c

Kathleen Mary Quinlan
\$1.50 Refills, 75c

All prices plus 10% tax

EVER SEE a more innocent-looking couple of lines of Classified Advertising? But what a wallop they packed! This sedate two-liner appeared (one day!) in The Washington Post. Calls and more calls cascaded over the awfully appreciative furniture owner, and day's end found the dining room set, living room pieces and a couple of extras all converted into fresh new money.

That's all there is to the story . . . one ad, one day, one sellout!

Production costs on this nifty venture? Exactly forty-four cents!

It does seem that Post Classified Ads really produce . . . doesn't it?

The Washington Post

Wickard Urges Repeal of Present Farm Parity Provisions

Needed to Curb 'I Wish I Were 62 Instead...' Price Rises, Secretary Says

Secretary of Agriculture Claude R. Wickard last night called for repeal of provisions of the Price Control Act forbidding price ceilings on farm products at less than 110 per cent of parity.

In a Nation-wide radio broadcast, he urged the Nation's farmers to take the lead in breaking a "log jam" which has threatened the inflation program with destruction, presumably to make it easier for other groups including labor to go along with the program.

Wickard also disclosed that he was ready to approve price ceilings on livestock to protect meat packers from a price squeeze that has threatened to put many small operators out of business. The ceilings have been requested by Price Administrator Leon Henderson. Wickard conditioned approval on the development of a practical marketing plan which would bar "abnormal profits to anyone in the industry at the expense of the producers or consumers."

Cities Changed Conditions

With respect to the parity provisions, Wickard frankly admitted that he had changed his mind. "Because conditions have changed," he said, "I believe it would be wise to repeal this provision." It seemed to me that they would never average parity unless there was an opportunity for some of them to be slightly above parity at least part of the time.

"Now the situation is different. Farm prices have reached parity on the average. We are in war. Every day makes it clearer that we must get everything we've got into winning the war. Also every day makes it clear that we must take drastic steps to check inflation."

Pointing out that 110 per cent of parity provisions were being used as an argument to "slow down economic controls in other fields," Wickard said, "I believe it would be wise to repeal this provision."

It was assumed that repeal would permit price ceilings to be established at parity level.

Outlets Suggested

In cases where parity prices would provide an insufficient production incentive, Wickard suggested that subsidies be provided. "As for livestock ceilings, Wickard denied that the lack of ceilings had created the present meat shortage in the East. He said that the farmers could not be blamed for meat scarcity, but that greatly increased demand by our armed forces and our allies, and increased civilian purchasing power were responsible. Lack of ceilings on livestock has started to squeeze some packers as a result of the bidding up of prices by other packers with expanding orders, he said. Some packers are bidding money for livestock, then they can get for the meat dressed, he added, because of a desire "to give up profits temporarily in order to keep their line-up of customers."

Danger of Open Violations

"Furthermore, the squeeze has become so tight that there is great danger of wide-open violations of the price ceilings for meats," he stated. "Unless something is done, the whole structure of price control may be jeopardized. With the nation at war, the question of who is to blame for the price squeeze ceases to be a problem. The problem becomes one of keeping the packing industry in operation full tilt, and of preserving the price ceilings."

"The time has come for united action, across the whole front, to keep up production, and to hold down increases in industrial prices, farm prices, and wages. It would be a national catastrophe for us to have an inflationary wartime boom and a postwar crash. It would be particularly unjust to our soldiers. We must not allow them to be mustered out of war into an economic mess of our own making. "No one would be harder hit by deflation than the farmers. So farmers are ready to do their part



SON JOINS BARUCH ON 72D BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY—Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of President Roosevelt's special rubber investigating committee, indicates how it feels to be 72 years old by smiling at his son, Lieut. Comdr. Baruch, Jr., U. S. N. R., who combined a family visit here with official business for the Navy. Most emphatic comment from the elder statesman about the anniversary yesterday was: "I wish I were 62, instead."

Md. Dog Revives After Owner Calls From Ga. Camp

Special Dispatch to The Post
Cumberland, Md., Aug. 19.—A telephone call from Franklin H. Young, who has just completed his basic training at Camp Wheeler, Ga., has given new lease on life to Pal, 10-year-old white spitz collie.

The dog and Franklin were inseparable companions. When the young man left for induction in June, Pal spent several days roaming the neighborhood in search for him. This was followed by settled grief, drooping of spirits and loss of appetite.

Sunday night Mrs. J. Frank Young had a telephone call from her son that he was about to be transferred. Pal heard his master's voice over the telephone, jumped to his feet, wagged his tail furiously and tried to reach the telephone. Mrs. Young put the dog's ear to the receiver and at the first sound of his name, spoken by the familiar voice, he barked in joyous abandon. Since Sunday he has resumed interest in life, his appetite is normal and he pays numerous visits daily to the telephone.

Banker Seriously Ill

Hagerstown, Md., Aug. 19.—Stricken while at his desk yesterday, Charles E. Johnston, secretary-treasurer of the Hagerstown Trust Co., is in a serious condition at the Washington County Hospital.

In the President's broad anti-inflation program, though I realize that many individual farmers still have low incomes, the combination of fair prices and large production assures a good national farm income. The great majority of farmers ask nothing further. They do not want to grasp for more at the expense of the Nation's safety.

Labor, WPB to Confer Here On War Materials Shortages

Eighteen officials of American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations Unions in metal-fabricating industries will confer on existing raw material shortages with officials of the War Production Board's Labor Production Division at a two-day meeting beginning August 24. It was announced yesterday by Wendell Lund, director of the WPB labor division.

"The purpose of the conference," Lund said in his letter to William Green, president of the A. F. of L., and Philip Murray, C. I. O. head, "is to examine the problems faced by the unions and by the Nation

as a result of material shortages, and to canvass the means by which such shortages can be reduced and their impact eased."

"I have advised Mr. Donald M. Nelson that I believe this conference offers a genuine opportunity for labor to review the facts, to criticize constructively and to offer their best judgment as to the most effective solution to this crucial problem."

The meeting, which will be a closed one, was called by Lund at the request of the labor production division's six-man labor policy committee, composed of A. F. of L. and C. I. O. leaders.

Mustang Fighters Shine at Dieppe

London, Aug. 19 (AP).—One highly gratifying phase of the Allied landing at Dieppe was the performance of American-built Mustang fighter planes, British commentators said tonight.

These planes, produced by the North American Aircraft Co. and known in the United States as P-51, are single-engine fighters, reputedly the fastest in the world. They got their first thorough test today in combat against the famed German Focke-Wulf 190s.

Flown by the R. A. F., under the army cooperation command, the Mustangs made sweeping attacks on enemy ground defenses at "zero" altitude and were reported to have given "extremely good account" of themselves.

It was not disclosed immediately how many German planes they destroyed, but one American pilot flying with the R. A. F. brought down one F-W 190. He was Pilot Officer H. H. Hill of California.

Hevenor, Ex-D. C. Bank Head, Indicted for Mail Fraud

New York, Aug. 19.—A seventeen-count mail fraud indictment was returned today by a Federal grand jury against Harvey B. Hevenor, former Washington banker, who was accused of swindling 36 prominent persons in an ornate investment fraud, among them Dr. William Allan Nelson, President Emeritus of Smith College.

The alleged victims of the plot, who invested their money in a new-type fuse for antiaircraft projectiles, did so in the belief they were aiding the Allied cause.

In the fall of 1939, according to the indictment, Hevenor organized the General Ordnance Co., Inc., of Delaware, and induced Maj. Wilford J. Hawkins, retired Army ordnance expert, to assign over to him patent rights to the Hawkins space fuse. Major Hawkins was a classmate at West Point of Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

Never Manufactured

The invention is supposed to enable uniformity of explosion at high altitudes for antiaircraft projectiles, although Hevenor never made good promise to manufacture it in the indictment says.

Federal Attorney Mathias F. Correa said that Hevenor conducted a one-man stock-selling campaign and induced the alleged victims to part with \$75,000 before the plot was discovered. All but \$15,000, Correa

Copyright by New York Tribune, Inc.

charged, Hevenor diverted to his own use.

Hevenor's list of victims, according to the Government, included prominent businessmen and academic leaders, and among them were Prof. Arthur L. Goodrich of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and David N. Clark, president of the American Crucible Co., Shelton, Conn.

Major Hawkins allegedly exchanged his patent rights for \$5,000 shares of General Ordnance stock, each share having a par value of \$15,000 a year after Hevenor assured him that there would be no difficulty in raising sufficient funds for the development of the fuse.

Hawkins Unaware of Sale

Correa said that of the \$15,000 Hevenor did not use for himself, \$7,000 went to pay part of Major Hawkins' salary and \$8,000 for the outside manufacture of some miscellaneous fuse parts, so that Hevenor could pretend actual manufacture was going on.

Major Hawkins was so busy working on improvements for the fuse, Correa said, that he never had time to check up on Hevenor. When he finally discovered Hevenor's stock-selling, which Hevenor originally had agreed not to engage in, Major Hawkins sought to stop it and Hevenor ousted him as head of the firm.

Public Advised to Tighten Belt For Long Siege of Rationing

Washington Bureau of Chicago Post
Americans were advised yesterday by high Federal officials to tighten their belts in anticipation of a long siege of rationing of numerous civilian commodities.

Although only two new rationing programs are anticipated immediately—fuel oil in the East and meals generally—it is known that there are a dozen or more rationing plans in various stages of development in the Office of Price Administration. Appointment of a national food administrator may be in the offing.

Said to be included among commodities which may be rationed are shoes, wool clothing, certain fats and oils, coffee, tea, cocoa, butter, certain canned beans and juices and possibly eggs.

OPA officials warn that housewives should not be alarmed by these forecasts. They point out that rationing of such commodities may be some time away and declare that hoarding is unnecessary and inadvisable.

The Food branch of the War Production Board yesterday had drafted a preliminary order embodying recommendations of Agriculture Secretary Wickard's food requirements committee. These include allocation of meat supplies to different regions of the country, adjustment of price ceilings to stimulate flow of meats into shortage areas, allocation among packers of Government purchases of meat for the armed forces and land-leases, and, eventually, rationing.

It was understood the food division will submit the order late this week to Amory Houghton, WPB director general for operations. It might be issued next week.

Rationing of fuel oil for Eastern heating purposes seems a foregone conclusion. Industrial establishments and homes using oil for heating have been warned they will have to get along on less than normal supplies.

DROOP'S
STEINWAY AND OTHER PIANOS
Hammond Salvart Organ and New
Ford Phonograph, Radios, Records,
MUSIC STORE • 1300 G

Since 1893
Cattlin's INC.
1324 NEW YORK AVE. N.W.

The Palais Royal

6 STREET AT ELEVENTH DISTRICT 4400

THURSDAY and FRIDAY ONLY

100% All-Wool
Genuine Hand-Loomed
HARRIS TWEED COATS

\$24.85

REGULARLY \$29.95

Genuine Imported hand-loomed Harris Tweeds from Scotland made up to our specifications by one of the best sports coat manufacturers. The result speaks for itself! They're beautiful coats! The sort you'll have—wear and love for seasons and seasons! Boy-coats or Balmacaans in sooty, Scotch heather tones: Lovatt, peat, blue, tans.

Lined with sturdy Earl-Glo men's wear rayon.

Sizes 10 to 20.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

A \$5 Deposit Will Hold Your Selection Until October First.

SHOP TODAY 12:30 TO 9:00 O'CLOCK



Clever—OUR College Board...
THEY Know All the Fashion Answers!
—And They'll Tell YOU!

See Them in Our

COLLEGE SHOP

Third Floor

You Can't Do Without A Beautiful and Warm All-Wool Sweater \$3.50

This year an all-wool sweater is worth its weight in gold. And no wonder—they wear so well, they wash so well and they look so well! All you need do with this one is dunk it gently in mild soap suds—and it comes up looking better than ever! Long sleeve slip-over in luscious shades: Blue, spicer, black, red, maize, natural. Sizes 34 to 40. All Wool Matching Cardigan...\$3.95

And With It Wear An All-Wool Pleated Skirt

This one has sun-burst pleats that swirl so prettily! And it's a handsome enough skirt to wear to football games, and informal tea parties as well as being the perfect class room outfit! Fetching plaid combination of blue and green. Sizes 9 to 17...\$3.95

THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

A—Tammie Pajamas. So pretty you won't mind being seen at a fire drill! Pin striped cotton broadcloth with "tricky" dickey. Short sleeves. Blue, wine or green on white. Sizes 32 to 40...\$2.95

B—2-Piece Suit Dress. For "after the game is over" fraternity party! I'll back velvet-teen, nipped in at the waist jacket. Tasseled decoration. Red, marine blue, green. Sizes 9 to 15, \$14.95 Junior Dresses

C—Rayon Shantung Coat Dress. So simple to slip into when you're a "ten o'clock scholar." With fetching white flower buttons. Black, green, luggage. Sizes 12 to 20, \$8.95 Daytime Dresses

D—Rayon Gabardine Frock. Flattering surplice front with full flared skirt. Fall shades: Cadet blue, forest green, schoolhouse red, nut brown. Sizes 12 to 20, \$7.95 Thrift Dresses

THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

The Palais Royal
6 STREET AT ELEVENTH DISTRICT 4400

Pictures Ease the Separation

EVERY parent, wife and close friend of a man in the service can make him happier: send him a new studio portrait of yourself. And before he leaves, or when he is home on leave, urge him to come in and have his picture taken for you.

One of our Popular Offers:

7 for \$19

Six 4x6 and One 1x2 in. Gift Folders

Underwood & Underwood
Portraits of Quality
Connections and Que Emerson 0200

Whelan's
1105 F. N. A 8225

...actually stretches and breathes with your body!

Warner's
A-Lure
BRAS
\$4.00

Fashion demands the youthful contour moulded by A-Lure. A-Lure is a new individual feature, fashioned of soft stretchable fabric that just for you.

N. Y. Democratic Convention Deadlocked on Candidate

Each Faction Is Holding Out For Its Man

By William W. Tyler
Associated Press Staff Writer
New York, Aug. 19.—The New York Democratic State convention met for an hour today and then adjourned until tomorrow its apparently deadlocked struggle to name a candidate for Governor precipitated by the divergent choices of President Roosevelt and his old-time political aide, James A. Farley.

The upshot of an outwardly peaceful opening session in Brooklyn appeared to be a continued firm resolve by supporters of United States Senator James M. Mead, the President's choice, and State Attorney General John J. Bennett, Jr., Farley's candidate, to stand their ground and force a record vote in balloting tomorrow.

There was a report that Democratic National Chairman Edward J. Flynn, who controls the potent Bronx delegation to the convention and has endorsed Mead, had received word from the Chief Executive that he would support a compromise candidate in the interests of harmony, but Flynn declined to lend substance to the report.

Majority Necessary
The rest of the day was spent in behind-the-scenes jockeying with leaders of the opposing forces continuing efforts to round up delegates, of whom a majority of the total 1914 are necessary for nomination.

While many veteran politicians viewed the battle as one between Farley and the President for control of the State party organization, reports circulated that Mr. Roosevelt had advised friends that the contest under no circumstances should be construed as a personal fight for such control.

Farley, as State chairman, was tendered a cordial reception when he opened the session which lasted exactly an hour and four minutes and was devoted largely to organization and to hearing a keynote speech by Gov. Herbert H. Lehman, whose refusal to accept nomination for a fifth term prompted the heated intra-party battle.

Lehman Attacks Opportunists
Lehman attacked "fence straddlers" and "political opportunists" on the war issue and expressed the view that the State social reform secured under recent Democratic administrations would not be safe in the hands of a Republican Governor. The Republican Party, he said, still contained elements which sought to halt these reforms and possibly push them back.

Leaders of both factions clung to their predictions of victory. Farley continued to emphasize Bennett's strength in the Kings County (Brooklyn) delegation, all but one of whose 193 votes were reported standing firm for Bennett.

Neither of the contesting aspirants for the nomination were present at the convention hall although both were in the city.

Damages Sought
Claiming he was struck in the eye by a flying particle while standing near a shooting gallery of the Johnny J. Jones Exposition at Twenty-first and C Streets Northeast, May 8, Henry L. Crammett of 818 E Street Northeast yesterday petitioned District Court to award him \$10,000 damages.



CHAIRMAN AND KEYNOTE—Chairman James A. Farley (left) calls to order the New York State Democratic Convention. Gov. Herbert H. Lehman (right) delivered the keynote speech yesterday. The convention will choose a candidate for Governor

Former Senator Brookhart In Hospital for Rest

Former Senator Smith W. Brookhart, of Iowa, has entered a Washington hospital for a rest "from an overworked condition," a secretary in his law office at 1001 Fifteenth Street Northwest said yesterday.

"It's just a case of a little too much summer," the secretary said. "The Senator's family have been after him to take a vacation, but he continued to work instead. The family decided it would be best to take him to a hospital and have him stay in bed."

"He already is feeling much better and should be back in the office in about a week, unless he decides to go away on a vacation after resting in the hospital."

His family declined to name the hospital, she added, so that he would not be besieged with visitors.

Brookhart, 73, was elected to the Senate in 1922 to fill a vacancy. A Republican, he was reelected in 1925 but his election was contested and his Democratic opponent was seated by the Senate in 1926. He was elected again in November of that year for a term ending in 1933.



Call REpublic 6212

CAPEHART

... the world's most harmonious musical instrument for the home. Brings you the world's finest recorded music and radio. The only fully automatic phonograph-radio with the exclusive Capehart record changer—plays 20 records on both sides—40 selections.

Kitt's
1330 G Street
Middle of Block

SHOP TODAY 12:30 TILL 9 P.M.

Columbia College Closed 'For Duration'

War has closed the Columbia College of Christian Education "until further notice," Dr. Elsie Wade Stone, president, announced last night.

Entry of many of the school's prospective students into the armed forces and the wartime working hours of Federal employees have caused such a drop in enrollment that school officials decided to abandon sessions, at least for a year, it was said.

The British Purchasing Commission has leased the school building at 1708 Massachusetts Avenue Northwest for three years. The building once housed the Turkish Embassy.

The Columbia College has specialized in Bible study and in training young men for the ministry. Dr. Stone is its president and founder.

Robertson Leads in G.O.P. Race For U. S. Senator in Wyoming

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 19 (INS).—Although he held only a slender lead, E. V. Robertson, veteran merchant-rancher of Cody, tonight was believed to have clinched the Republican nomination for the United States Senate in the close battle with Dr. A. G. Crane, former president of the University of Wyoming.

Returns from 993 of Wyoming's 869 precincts gave Robertson a lead of 239 votes. The late returns enabled Robertson to bolster his advantage after it had been slashed to 147 votes late this afternoon.

The latest count gave Robertson 7188 votes, Dr. Crane 6909, with Col. Tim McCoy, Hollywood star of Western films, in third place with 3730 votes and out of the running for the top spot.

Robertson, if he is the final victor will oppose the Democratic incumbent, Sen. Harry H. Schwartz of Casper in the general election.

In other contests, as a result of yesterday's balloting, the picture in the November election will be: For Congress—Representative John J. McIntyre (Democrat) vs. Frank A. Barrett (Republican). For Governor—Gov. Nels H. Smith (Republican) vs. Dr. L. C. Hunt (Democrat). Representative McIntyre walked away from his Democratic opponent, Lee Ray White, garnering 15,735 votes to White's 2804 in the first 557 precincts to report. Barrett, a former Congressman who lost to McIntyre in 1940, polled 9094 votes to 7886 for Charles E. Winter in 543 precincts.

Governor Smith won 14,679 votes to lick his G. O. P. rivals, Frank J. Cowan, 4609 votes, and John F. Raper, 2532 votes. Secretary of State Hunt, the Democratic gubernatorial winner, polled 13,284 votes to 1105 for August F. Enkelking.

Widow Gets All Chiswell Estate

Mrs. Mary B. Chiswell of Silver Spring, Md., will receive the entire estate of her husband, Rear Adm. Benjamin Maurice Chiswell, United States Coast Guard, retired, under a will admitted to probate in Orphans' Court, Rockville, Md., yesterday. The value of the estate was not revealed.

Admiral Chiswell died last July in Frederick City Hospital, Frederick, Md., at the age of 67. He retired from the service in 1934 after serving at all Coast Guard stations in the country, including a tour of duty in Washington, where he was assistant commandant. He was a native of Dickerson, Montgomery County.

Capt. Train Heads Naval Intelligence

The Navy yesterday announced the assignment of Capt. Harold C. Train as director of naval intelligence, relieving Rear Admiral Theodore S. Wilkinson, who has been assigned to a post at sea.

Train, who has been nominated for promotion to rear admiral, was naval aide to former President Hoover and at one time commanded the battleship Arizona. He lives at 15 Grafton Street, Chevy Chase, Md.

Admiral Wilkinson, former commander of the battleship Mississippi, lives at Hockley, Roslyn, Va.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY! WAR BONDS and STAMPS

Lansburgh's Victory Booth—Street Floor

—Dine in our Mesquine Tearoom From 3:30 to 8:30 Tonight

DINNER MENU FOR THURSDAY

65c

Chicken Gumbo Soup or Chilled V.S. Vegetable Juices
Fried Spring Chicken, Slickle Pear
Mashed Potatoes, Cut Stringless Beans
Fresh Fruit Salad with Choice of Dressing
Hot Rolls; or

Cold Plate of Potato Salad, Fresh Fruit Salad,
Cottage Cheese and Baked Virginia Ham
with Hot Rolls

Ice Cream or Devil's Food Cake
Hot Tea, Hot Coffee or Milk

Also this Special Menu

85c

Fresh Shrimp Cocktail or Celery and Olive Appetizer
Minute Sirloin Steak with Sautéed Fresh Onions or Lobster Thermidor

French Fried Potatoes and Buttered Peas
Avocado Pear, Orange and Grapefruit Salad,
Hot Rolls

Ice Cream, Devil's Food Cake or Fresh Pie
Hot Tea, Iced Tea, Coffee or Milk.

81ST YEAR
LANSBURG'S

Looks
But it
like a Suit!

YOU'VE learned the smart lesson of how young and trim you look in a suit, and that's the effect you want in your two-piece dress. So alert in a busy office. So well composed for dashing about town. Your choice of the "Big Three" in fabrics—which you'll still be wearing under your furs when the snow flies! Sizes 12 to 20

LANSBURG'S—Misses' Dresses—Second Floor

A. 100% WOOL, with graceful swirls of Tropicana to accent the pretty turn of your waist. Godspeed buttons, too—trimmed with make-believe silver. Dutch blue, green or brown.....19.95

B. RAYON VELVETEEN, featured in "Glamour" as slim, war-wise, but definitely gay—how gay depends on your whims for accessories. Russian green, Grecian wine, Peruvian gold. 14.95

C. GABARDINE, rayon and cotton, so dressy for today's activities. Impeccably tailored—perfect foil for dozens of blouses. Natural 13.95

LANSBURG'S
7th, 8th & E Sts. N.A. 9800

BEST & CO.
4435 CONNECTICUT AVE., N.W. EMERSON 7700

BUS STOP AT THE DOOR
THURSDAY STORE HOURS 9:00 A.M. TO 9:00 P.M.

29.95

"NOW AND FOREVER"—
Our Exclusive Wool "Shirtmaker"

Now, more than ever, you want good clothes that will last . . . The dress perfectly suited to today and tomorrow is Best's famous Shirtmaker. Made by our own master tailor in fine, sheer wool and rabbit's hair with self belt and bone buttons. Sizes 10 to 20. Blue, Green, Toast, Beige or Red.

* Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

LANSBURG'S COLLEGE FASHION SHOW TODAY AT 4:45

Second Floor—4:45 This Afternoon!

MUSIC BY BARNEE AND HIS SHOREHAM HOTEL ORCHESTRA

Eight lovely models wearing costume after costume for campus, games and date-time! Learn all about the new trends for the "College Girl in Wartime." Lots of new ideas! Be sure to come — you'll have a grand time!

In the Capital Spotlight

Singing Eagle—

"Colonel" Gleason,
Says Music Has
Place in War

By Patricia Grady

"Just call me 'Colonel'!"

Helen Gleason, with becoming modesty, does not wear the eagles that the Fifth Division bestowed upon her during the New York Fair. She tucks them away with her souvenirs of singing triumphs from Europe and this country.

But with her recent entrance into the ranks of "service entertainers," Miss Gleason has become newly appreciative of her officer's insignia. "Even Lily Pons is only a captain," she says with a chuckle.

Comfortably entrenched in a Wardman Park apartment for her two-week stay in the Capital, Miss Gleason is here as the leading lady of the San Carlo Opera Company's performance of "The Chocolate Soldier" this week, and of "The Merry Widow," next. "Almost all of the operatic and light opera players I know are doing as many benefits for servicemen as they can," avers this vivacious lyric soprano, who created quite a stir when she was the youngest artist and first native New Yorker to join the Metropolitan Opera Company. "It is particularly during times like these that a singer can find ways to make a contribution to his country."

"And service men are the most wonderful audience in the world," she continues. "During the recent shows in Carnegie Hall, I always got a great thrill out of singing the 'Star-Spangled Banner.' I was singing to the men in uniform in the audience and somehow I could feel they knew it."

Miss Gleason, who began her career in vaudeville where she was heard and offered a contract by Fortune Gallo, plans a number of service benefits as soon as she finishes her present engagement. The New York Stage Door Can-



"COLONEL" GLEASON

De Miretan Photo

teen is also on her list of "musts" for the near future.

Do the soldiers like arias from grand opera? "They love them," comments this blonde singing star. "They are particularly enthusiastic about waltzes and familiar arias."

Definitely American from her name to her up-bringing, Miss Gleason, after making her operatic debut, obtained a leave from her contract to spend three years in

Italy—"so I would know what I was singing about." Then it was back to the United States and a successful audition at the "Met" where she sang under an Italianized name for a number of years. But she returned to her first love of operetta and musical comedy when she appeared as Dennis King's costar on Broadway in "Frederica." Since that time she has starred many times in the classics of light opera.

Comdr. Moran and Bride Now on Wedding Trip

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Moran are on their honeymoon following their wedding in New York Tuesday. The bridegroom, who is well known here, is on active duty in the Navy. The marriage of the former Miss Dorothea Waters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nathan Waters of New York, took place at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin. The Rev. Grieg Taber officiated at the ceremony and a small reception followed for members of the immediate family at the bride's parents' home.

There were no attendants and the bride wore a gown of shell gray and carried white orchids. Mrs. Moran was graduated from the New York College of Music and later studied at Middlebury College, Vt. One of the founders of the Young Women's Republican Club of New York, she is also a member of the New York County Republican committee. She is a direct descendant of John and Priscilla Alden and of Gov. Roger Conant of the Cape Ann Colony. Her summer home is the Waters Farm, West Sutton, Mass., which has been in the possession of her family since 1720.

Commander Moran is a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Admedee Depau Moran. After attending school in France he was graduated from Columbia College and the New York Law School. A well-known writer of naval subjects, his book, "The Sea of Memories" has been recently published. During the first World War Commander Moran was Naval Attaché at Lima, Peru.

Bernhardt—

Irene Lang, Daughter of R. A. F. Officer,
Finds Ladder-to-Fame Is Escalator

Character roles are her specialty. And no wonder. For in the last few of her only 20 years, Miss Irene Lang has enjoyed as varied a series of experiences as any aspiring character actress might wish.

Now, this daughter of Group Captain and Mrs. Frank Lang, of Washington—her father is here with the R. A. F. delegation—is profiting by what she has observed in a number of different countries the past two years. She is rapidly becoming the outstanding character actress with the Ogunquit (Me.) Playhouse, and in at least two plays she has practically run away with the play being presented.

Blond, hazel-eyed Miss Lang found herself in the middle of an international crisis when her classes at the University of Hamburg, Germany, were cut short in 1939. With fortune on her side, she was able to get out of Germany and back to England by way of Holland, but she had no sooner returned home than she discovered her father had been sent to Singapore for a tour of duty. In a few days, then, she set out to join her parents in the Far Eastern fortress, and had arrived in this country en route to Singapore when she learned that her father had been ordered back to England.

So Miss Lang—finding herself in a theatrical center—stayed on in New York. But before long she was on the move again, this time to Hollywood, where she took a course in dramatics. Though motion pictures had their glamour and several studios were interested in her abilities, Miss Lang decided to go into a summer theater.

This summer she has made a number of successful appearances at the Ogunquit Playhouse in Ogunquit, Me. Among the shows she has had roles in are "Letters to Lucerne," "What A Life," and "Incognito." As Mrs. Wragg, the cook in "A Murder Has Been Arranged," this British actress nearly stole the show.

Just what her plans are for the future, Miss Lang does not know. But after the summer season she will go back to New York in the pursuit of a good role. Chances are she will be spending part of the fall in Washington with her parents.

Capt., Mrs. McLeod Leave for Vacation

Capt. and Mrs. John J. McLeod and their son, Jackie, will leave Fort Washington, Md., tomorrow evening for a vacation at Newport, R. I., where they will be guests of Mrs. Maynard F. Gladding. Mrs. Gladding is the mother of Mrs. McLeod.

Captain McLeod will return to camp early next week, but Mrs. McLeod and her son will remain for three weeks.

Purely Personal—

The Egyptian Minister and Mme. Hassan are still vacationing at Hot Springs, Va., and this week were hosts at a cocktail party at the Homestead. Guests included the Counselor of the Legation, Anis Azer; the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Breckinridge Long; Judge and Mrs. Alfred H. Townley and a number of others.

Senator A. B. Chandler will be honor guest on Saturday evening at a dinner to be given by Stanley Current at the Army and Navy Country Club for a group of Kentuckians. Other honor guests will include Representative Emmet O'Neal and Miss Lela Stiles. Maj. Dan Thompson, Kentucky's World War I hero who is again entering the Army, will be the guest speaker.

The Greek Minister of Information, Andre Michalopoulos, has been in New York for several days stopping at the Waldorf Astoria.

Henry Frost, of Middleburg, who is on duty with the United States Army at Fort Knox, Ky., is spending a few days leave at Hot

Former Mayor Marries in Leesburg, Va.

Special Dispatch to The Post

Leesburg, Va., Aug. 19.—Following swiftly his resignation as Mayor of Leesburg to join the armed forces of the United States of America came the wedding this afternoon of Lucas D. Phillips and Miss Elizabeth C. Littlejohn. The candlelight ceremony was performed at 4 o'clock before a flower-banked mantel in the home of the bride's father, Dr. H. C. Littlejohn, in Leesburg. The Rev. R. H. Forrester, pastor of the Leesburg Methodist Church, officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a white satin gown, fashioned with a tight bodice and a long full skirt. The sweetheart necklace was finished with embroidered pearls, and the long tight-fitting sleeves came in points over the hands. Her finger-tip tulle veil was fitted to the head with a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a bouquet of white gladioli, orchids, and bouvardia. Her only ornament was pearls.

Miss Ethel Littlejohn, sister of the bride, was her only attendant. She was gown in blue faille, made with a long full skirt, and carried a nosegay of gladioli and delphinium. Similar flowers were used as her head dress. Roscoe B. Rhoads of Leesburg was the best man.

A small reception for the families and a few intimate friends followed the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Phillips left for a short wedding trip. They will reside in Leesburg for the present. Mr. Phillips expects to be inducted into the service within a month.

The bride, who is the daughter of Dr. Littlejohn and the late Mrs. Ethel Thompson Littlejohn, is a graduate of Randolph-Macon woman's college, Lynchburg. The bridegroom is a graduate of King's College, Bristol, Tenn., and attended George Washington Law School. He is a son of M. C. Phillips of Indian Valley, Va., and the late Mrs. Phillips. He is a practicing attorney of Leesburg and has been mayor for the last five years.

Picnic Party Planned for Forty Officers

Forty young officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps will be guests tomorrow evening at a picnic supper to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman at Tuxedo, their Bethesda home.

Among the group of young women who will assist the hostesses will be Mrs. Tuckerman's daughter, Mrs. Robert Hugh Williams, who is with her parents for the duration while her husband, Major Williams is on duty with the Marines. Also assisting will be Countess de Castellana, Mrs. G. Earle Stewart, Mrs. John M. Jenkins, Miss Lydia Loring and Mrs. Lee Murphy. The party is being given under the auspices of the home hospitality committee.

Although Miss Peggy Tuckerman was expected to be on hand for the fête, she will remain in Miami Beach, Fla., for another week where she is visiting Miss Betty Lou Kauffman, daughter of Admiral and Mrs. James Kauffman. Last Saturday Miss Tuckerman served as maid of honor to Miss Kauffman when she launched a ship at Daytona Beach.

Others who are entertaining service men this week are Mrs. MacNeil of Barra, Mrs. Henry Parsons Erwin and Miss Rebekah Morris.

Would-Be WAVES Watch the Mails

A good many of the Washington feminine "younger set" are eagerly watching the mails these days. The envelopes they are looking for will have "Navy Department" marked in the corner—and when they arrive—and the notices inside will tell the receivers that their applications to join the WAVES have been accepted.

Miss Mary Lee, as the daughter of Lieut. Comdr. William Justice Lee and Mrs. Lee, comes by her nautical leanings naturally. With the necessary two years at Rollins College behind her as well as a year at Yale Art School, Miss Lee is hoping that the WAVES will need artists for camouflage work. The two years of business experience required by this women's naval unit for entrance Miss Lee has had with her portrait painting in Washington.

A debutante of several years ago, Miss Lee is living with her parents at their home, Locust Hill Farm, on the Rockville Pike in Bethesda, Md.

Mrs. Bert F. Clark and her daughter, Miss Frances Annette Clark, who have been in New York at the Waldorf-Astoria for several days, are now visiting Mrs. Clark's son, Lieut. Robert Everts Clark, U. S. A., at Portsmouth, N. H.

Mrs. Charles L. Tomlinson, of High Point, N. C., has returned home after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Buel Avery of 5120 Loughboro Road.

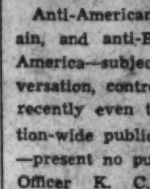
Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Bishopp of Sligo Park Hills have with them their daughter, Mrs. Albert Berkson of New York and their new grandson, Dennis Mackin Berkson. Mrs. Berkson is the former Harriet Bishopp.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrill Redfern, who recently came here from Chicago, have as their house guests, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Martin Combs, Jr., of Mamaronock, N. Y. Mrs. Redfern and two sons returned last week from a month's vacation in Chicago.

Mrs. P. C. Owen of Central Hatchet, Ga., is now making her home in the Capital.

Hope Ridings Miller

Same Language of Two Peoples Is Hindrance to
Anglo-American Understanding, Says WAAF Officer



Post Staff Photo—Goodwin WAAF Squadron Officer Hunt

Anti-American feeling in Britain, and anti-British feeling in America—subject of endless conversation, controversy, and more recently even the cause of Nation-wide public opinion surveys—present no puzzle to Squadron Officer K. C. Hunt of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force (WAAFS, to you).

"Your people and mine would understand each other a lot better . . . if all of us didn't speak the same language," she said yesterday with a twinkle in her brown eyes.

And then, because obviously she is not a woman who tosses off provocative statements without developing them further, she went on to explain exactly what she meant.

"You see it's this way. If our people had to learn a new tongue in order to get to know America, they'd understand the people and the country a lot better by the time they mastered the language."

The same thing works in the other direction . . . and certainly it would seem that if either Americans or Britishers weren't able to understand disparring remarks and annoying comparisons dropped thoughtlessly by homesick travelers, the story of Anglo-American misunderstanding might be dropped from the books entirely.

High Praise for Us

Having observed American tourists for years in her homeland, and then having worked shoulder to shoulder with them in this country the past two years, WAAF Squadron Officer Hunt (known as "Squaff" to her associates) should know whereof she speaks. And when she speaks of America, she does it in terms of highest praise.

"I must say that I have had nothing but kindness, cooperation, and understanding from every person I have met here," she said. "I can't say enough for Americans. I can't tell you how much I admire them. If every Britisher knew them as I do, there would be no such thing as anti-American feeling in England."

Two years ago, she might have had a different idea about it. But, diplomatically, she refused yesterday to commit herself. Some American tourists of the past, particularly the ones who lavishly



Post Staff Photo—Goodwin WAAF Squadron Officer Hunt

spent money abroad and loudly criticized everything in England that wasn't exactly as it was at home, hadn't won her highest regard, to say the least. . . . "But I know now they weren't typical Americans at all," she observed.

That P. O. Survey Again

In fairness to Squadron Officer Hunt, I might add that she didn't deliver herself of these opinions without a good deal of prodding on my part. Unlike a number of Britishers, who will express themselves on America and Americans at the drop of a hint, she was disposed to dwell on other subjects. She feels that perhaps too many comparisons have been drawn between her country and this; and that since both are lined up in the same great cause, it might be best for all concerned to forget

that even their accents are different.

But when conversation turned on a recent comprehensive survey by the British Institute of Public Opinion, which discovered that "slightly more than one-fourth of the British do not look on Americans with favor"—well, that was when she started talking along the lines just mentioned. She doubted the percentage of Britishers who disliked us was as high as the survey indicated. And she was sure, she said, that her countrymen in that category didn't know the type of Americans she has met here.

Was Advisor for Film

Incidentally, she has met our countrymen from coast to coast. In fact, she returned not long ago from Hollywood, where she spent some time as an adviser in connection with the filming of "Mrs. Miniver." She liked the film city; "had the kindest treatment from everybody," but she was sadly disillusioned on at least one score. "I'd expected to find a lot of glamour out there," she said. "I found almost none at all. But for that matter, I suppose there's not much glamour anywhere during wartime."

We were talking in that bee-hive of activity at 1424 Sixteenth Street, where a continuous stream of British air officers pour in and out the door, fill the spacious hallway and jam the elevator. Somebody had told me that the WAAFS were "the hardest working bunch of women in Washington," and I was at headquarters to find out whether they were . . . and exactly what they did.

Work Hard—And Long

On both points I'm still a bit vague. "We keep pretty steadily at the job; work in eight-hour shifts; and when we're on duty we don't get far away from our desks," Mrs. Hunt said. "What do we do? Well, that's one thing I can't tell you. But I'll say this much—our jobs have to do with communications, and what we do is not easy."

She added, however, that all WAAFS take off a few minutes for tea ("We can pass that up"), and then back to the grind once more.

There are about 30 WAAFS on duty here now. Recently six Canadian women, attached to the Canadian Royal Air Force joined the group for a period of training. They'll be returning home soon.

TANGO PUMP

Tan antiqued calf with high or low spectator heel. . . 6.95

Hours: 12 to 9 P.M.

Charge Accounts

1011 F STREET
ED BEAM INC.



August Sale Fur Coats and Fur-trimmed Cloth Coats

Under existing government regulations, terms of payment—everywhere—are equal! All the more reason why you should be satisfied with nothing less than an "Erlebacher" labeled coat. Whether you buy a simple fur-trimmed coat—or a luxurious blue-blooded Mink—Erlebacher's label is your complete assurance of quality, long-lived fashion . . . and dependability. Fur Coats \$149.00 to \$250.00. Furred Coats \$68.00 to \$395. Untrimmed Coats \$17.95 to \$115.

Open Thursday 12:30 to 9 P. M.

all credit "terms" being equal (government regulated) Why Not The Erlebacher Label? . . . and all it stands for.



1210 F ST. N.W.

Store Hours Thursday 12:30 until 9:00

A College Store...

Here's
the "Cover Girl"
from your
College Bazaar

A sweater and skirt suit of wool and rabbits' hair jersey . . . the top, a long close-fitting cardigan bound with rayon grosgrain ribbon. Kelly green or natural with red ribbon, gold with brown ribbon, red with powder blue.

Sizes 10 to 18. \$17.95.

Greenbriar Sportswear, Fourth Floor
Also at Garfinckel's Spring Valley

Julius Garfinckel & Co.
F Street at Fourteenth

Many Spend Vacation Fund Fixing Homes

By Elizabeth MacRae Boykin
"THE TOWN looks prettier than I ever remember it," commented a friend on a visit to her old home town. The local gentry explained that the town had had a face lift... because more people were working, yet there were fewer of the usual demands on the family income. Not much could be spent on cars or vacation trips or other things that used to get first shot at the fam-

Mary Haworth's Mail

Mary Haworth is now on vacation. Her column will reappear August 31.

ily income. So with more people staying home and more with a little money in pocket, they're putting their time and surplus on their homes. This circumstance, coupled with the fact that so many people are on the move, these days, and so must set up new homes, explains the increase in interest in home furnishings in most stores.

Furnishings at Top

For the first time sales and profits in home furnishing departments in many stores are leading over other more usually profitable departments. And the largest of the mail order houses has more furniture pages in its new catalogue than ever before in its history.

Shortages of materials and curtailments on critical materials have affected home furnishings less than other categories of merchandise. In addition the increased activities in housing have commanded solution of some furnishing problems.

A Furniture Package

One of the most interesting developments in furniture was worked out specially to fit a demountable prefabricated house which is put together with bolts and nuts, the only tool needed being a wrench. A specially designed "package" of furniture was developed when no suitable furniture was found on the market for such a house. It includes sleeping facilities for three, seating for eight and dining for four. The different parts can be moved around the room on gliders and each piece dovetails usefully with other pieces.

The dining alcove group, for instance, consisted of two divan seats with a table between, the whole unit making a very nice place for eating or games. At night, though, the table slides down and fits in between the base of the two divans. Then the back cushions of the divans go on this table top, the whole making a smooth, comfortable bed... something like a Pullman bed. The bedding is stored under the divan compartments. In addition there is a tilt back divan which makes a double bed, along with a five drawer functional chest, a glass top coffee table, a three-shelf set back end table and an extra occasional chair. Included also in the package is a rug, curtains, radio and pottery shelves.



That Tailored Look Carries On

The trend toward tailored clothes that this practical wartime era has evolved continues in many early fall dresses, such as the two shown here. Both of these Paul Sargent frocks are given special distinction by the handmade jeweled studs and pins. The rayon crepe at left with the unpressed pleats comes in junior sizes, the one at right with the tucking, in misses' sizes. For further information call National 4200, Extension 259.

Find Substitutes For Beach Parties

Many children who in past summers went daily in the family car to a nearby brook, beach, or swimming pool, are unable to do so this year. Parents may be put to it to find ways of keeping youngsters cool and contented, yet if there is a bathtub or shower the cooling off will not be difficult. A splash in the tub may be a poor substitute for the vigorous exercise of swimming, but it is a thoroughly effective means of soothing hot or perspiring bodies. It has at least one advantage over the old swimming hole, for when soap is used, the bath cleanses as well as cools. If daily or twice-daily periods in tub or shower are offered to children as a real privilege, and if play is permitted before or after youngsters will welcome the bath and look forward to it with eagerness.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

A Dash of Wine Makes the Difference

AS THE new crop of sweet potatoes is harvested and comes to market, you will no doubt be looking for ways to serve this vegetable. A very glamorous vegetable dish is Sherried Sweet Potatoes and Pecans.

Our California wines are coming into their rightful own with the importation of foreign ones being curtailed by the war. These fine wines add a final touch of flavor to many a homely vegetable, a beef stew or a pot roast. And did you ever try soup laced with a dash of sherry?

But the sweet potato cooked up

with a dash of wine will put an ordinary meal on a higher plane. Grilled ham is just the perfect entrée to serve with the sherried sweet potatoes. And for just the right flavor contrast and the right color dash, add grilled orange section, marinated in sherry, to your service platter.

The sherried sweet potatoes with pecans are made according to the following recipe:

Sherried Sweet Potatoes With Pecans

Bake 6 sweet potatoes until done. Cut in half lengthwise. Scoop out the pulp and mash thoroughly. Add 2 beaten egg yolks, 2 tablespoons butter, ¼ cup California sherry and ¼ cup pecans and fold in 2 stiffly beaten egg whites. Brush with 2 tablespoons melted butter and brown in a hot oven. Serve with the grilled ham and sherried orange sections. Serves six.

Storing Butter

Careful preparation of food for storage saves both food and refrigeration. Butter, for instance, should be removed from its wrappings and stored immediately in a porcelain enameled refrigerator dish when you return home from market.

Clubs Skit to Depict Early Leaders In Suffrage

A short dramatic sketch written and directed by Mrs. Robert H. Walker, of Baltimore, depicting a scene from the life of early feminist leaders, will be one of the features of the open house to be held at Alve Belmont House by the National Woman's Party in celebration of Woman's Suffrage Ratification Day, Wednesday.

Young women in the costumes of the day will assume the roles of Susan B. Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucretia Mott. This part of the program will be repeated three times during the afternoon at 2, 4 and 6 p. m. Tea will be served in the garden at 5. Additional hostesses who will assist during the receiving hours include, Mrs. Charles L. McNary, Mrs. Clyde Garrett, Mrs. Sylvia Ennis, Mrs. Mary D. Heffernan, Mrs. Ruth Ring, Mrs. Anne B. Mitchell, Mrs. Phyllis Byron, Mrs. Emma Avery, Mrs. Elsie Graft, Mrs. Newton C. Wing, Mrs. Alma Ambrose, Mrs. Dorothy Granger, of Baltimore, Mrs. Ellis Schnabel, chairman of the Pennsylvania Chapter; Mrs. Page Kirk and Dr. Margaret Seebree.

In the absence of Mrs. Robert Adamson of New Jersey, national chairman of commemorations, serving with her are Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, Mrs. Norman Underwood, Miss Mildred Bahar, chairman of the District Chapter; Miss Laura Berrien, Miss Gertrude Crocker, Miss Elizabeth Fairall, Mrs. Marie Moore Forrest, Mrs. Karl Greene, Mrs. Stanley J. O'Connor and Mrs. Dore G. Ogle.

Dinner to Honor Mrs. Frank Hines

Mrs. Frank T. Hines, for whom the Nellie V. Hines Scholarship is named, will be the guest of honor at the Eight and Forty Marche Departmental dinner to be held Sunday, at 6:30 p. m. Mrs. Myrtle Spudis, departmental scholarship chairman, Mrs. Dorothy B. Harper, a member of the national scholarship committee and Judge Lucy S. Howorth, a partner of the Salon and Red Cross chairman of the Veterans Administration, will be scholarship table hostesses at the dinner. Mrs. Harper will have as her guests at the scholarship table Gen. F. C. Harris, national scholarship director of the American Legion; Miss Augusta Landis, secretary to General Hines; Mrs. Mary A. Coyne, chief of Budget and Statistics, Veterans Administration, and for the past 12 years aid to General Hines in the development of the legion's national scholarship program; Col. T. J. Frailey, scholarship director of the District of Columbia Legion Department, and Mrs. Frailey; Miss Barbara Carter, the winner of Area D National Scholarship Award and Miss L. Estelle Downs, chief of insurance, Veterans' Administration. Miss Sharon Kiser, who won the local Eight and Forty 1942 Nellie V. Hines scholarship, will be accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Carolyn Kiser, to the Marche. The scholarship will be presented to Miss Kiser at the evening session.

War Stamps Pay Dues in Girls' Club

Plans for defense stamp and bond drive are announced by Phyllis Solomon, president of the C. V. C.'s Teen-age Girls Club, which holds its meetings at the Jewish Community Center every Tuesday, from 2 to 4. The club is working on a booth which will be set up in the center lobby and at which corsages and boutonnières made of defense stamps will be on sale. In addition, instead of paying weekly dues in cash, the girls each bring a 10-cent defense stamp every other week, and when the price of a bond has been reached it will be contributed to the war effort.

Other officers of the club are: Karen Gerber, vice president; Adelle Sonnick, secretary; Zaida Sheekin, treasurer, and Phyllis Goldberg, publicity manager.

Desk Sitters Should Watch Hiplines

By Ida Jean Kain
IF YOU are in a sedentary job, you've no doubt noticed that the hipline annexes inches without you gaining a pound. And you may have found out you could diet until you actually looked hungry and your hips didn't give an inch.

The trouble is with those massive hip muscles. Nothing deteriorates faster from disuse than muscle tissue and when you sit most of the time your hip muscles are used very little.

If you will go to work, however, you can tone the hip muscles in short order and lose as many inches as you need to lose from this measurement. You can even slim down through the hips while on a weight-gaining program. But one thing is certain: You cannot keep a trim hipline unless you take exercise.

Reverse Exercise

There are so many different kinds of hip slimming exercise that you can take your choice. After sitting all day, you will want to stand up and exercise. If you stand at your job, you will prefer to lie down to exercise.

Here is a lying-down exercise that can't be beaten: Lie on one side on floor, legs straight down, one on top of the other. Raise upper leg 12 or so inches from floor, swing it away out in front with foot at that same level, then back up. Hold for a second and swing forward again. Ten counts will be enough. Rest, roll over on the other side, and repeat.

Hips-Midriff Streamlining

Take this fast-working streamliner for hips and midriff lying face downward. Flex both knees backward so that heels are just above the buttocks. Then raise alternate thighs off the floor. Do this slowly and forcibly contract



Elisabeth Fraser, movie actress, here demonstrates a good all-around exercise for the desk sitter, as it straightens back, lifts the chest, trims the hips, and tones the leg muscles. From standing position against a wall, with hands on hips, she lowers her body to heels, extending arms straight out.

the hip muscles to raise thighs each time. As the thigh is lifted off floor, the rest of the body should be kept motionless. The exercise contracts the muscles on the back of the hips and also affords a thorough stretch of the abdominal muscles. To slim the hips from a standing position, kicking is your best bet. Do a high backward kick with the knee straight. Swing leg forward from hip, then high up in back. Continue for 20 kicks, rest and repeat with other leg. To concentrate the action on the hip muscles, do a short back kick. Stand absolutely erect, tense the hip muscles, and thrust the leg backward in a short kick. Repeat 10 times, then kick with the other leg.

THE NEWER Jelleffs 4216 28 & 30 sizes

Shop 'til 9 P. M. this evening

Downright pretty!

There are no priorities on prettiness, as you see. Figure-flattering silhouettes, heavenly colors, lovely fabrics all contribute in making your fall wardrobe new and stimulating.



Draper

gives the "high" crown a wondrous brim with a plaited-edge flange that dips romantically. Black, bright red, navy, Kelly green, brown.... \$7.50

Exclusively at Jelleff's Millinery, Third Floor.

Purple Pleases Him

JUNIORS — eyetaking wool, swathed thru the middle and softened with bows; 82% wool, 18% rabbit's hair. Junior sizes, 9 to 15. \$12.95

(Fourth Floor)

Ribbon-run Shoulders

WOMEN — delectable "across-the-table" dress with swathed hipline, rayon satin ribbon lighting the neckline. Wine, beaver, black, rayon crepe; 36 to 42. \$19.95

(Second Floor)



The College Shop is a riot of color, too! Have you been up? On the Seventh floor!

Corduroy Wide-ribbed and Colorful

MISSES — wide-ribbed and velvety cotton corduroy suit-dress in heavenly colors—honey, green, misses' sizes. \$16.95

(Second Floor)

It's a COLORful new Fashion Season! In Dresses... as well as in Fur-trimmed Coats For Women, Misses, Juniors! Now at Summer Sale prices!

(Second Floor)

BROOKS 1109 6 STREET



fall blacks

CUT AND DRAPED WITH MAGIC FIGURE LINES

17.95

Black Rayon Crepe has never looked better than in these deft draped fashions—brightened with touches of stone, rhinestone or sequin elegance. They're truly remarkable for the wealth of tucked, shirred, gored details—especially at this reasonable price. Sizes 12-20.

Better Dresses

Brooks Third Floor

Brooks—Open Today 12:30 'Til 9 P. M.

THE NEWER Jelleffs 4216 28 & 30 sizes

Please Carry Packages for Victory

Shop 'til 9 P. M. tonight



CERAMICS

amusing new Pins from California \$1

Fido

Yellow and tubby, has big ears and jewel studded collar of Lucite, \$1

Flower Boy

Bright pottery face with petals of red Lucite, \$1

—from an intriguing group, \$1 and \$1.50. (All prices plus 10% tax.)

In the Capital Spotlight

Singing Eagle—

"Colonel" Gleason,
Says Music Has
Place in War

By Patricia Grady

"Just call me 'Colonel'."

Helen Gleason, with becoming modesty, does not wear the eagles that the Fifth Division bestowed upon her during the New York Fair. She tucks them away with her souvenirs of singing triumphs from Europe and this country.

But with her recent entrance into the ranks of "service entertainers," Miss Gleason has become newly appreciative of her officer's insignia. "Even Lily Pons is only a captain," she says with a chuckle.

Comfortably entrenched in a Wardman Park apartment for her two-week stay in the Capital, Miss Gleason is here as the leading lady of the San Carlo Opera Company's performance of "The Chocolate Soldier" this week, and of "The Merry Widow," next. "Almost all of the operatic and light opera players I know are doing as many benefits for servicemen as they can," avers this vivacious lyric soprano, who created quite a stir when she was the youngest artist and first native New Yorker to join the Metropolitan Opera Company. "It is particularly during times like these that a singer can find ways to make a contribution to his country."

"And service men are the most wonderful audience in the world," she continues. "During the recent shows in Carnegie Hall, I always got a great thrill out of singing the 'Star-Spangled Banner.' I was singing to the men in uniform in the audience and somehow I could feel they knew it."

Miss Gleason, who began her career in vaudeville where she was heard and offered a contract by Fortune Gallo, plans a number of service benefits as soon as she finishes her present engagement. The New York Stage Door Can-



"COLONEL" GLEASON

De Mursian Photo

teen is also on her list of "musts" for the near future.

Do the soldiers like arias from grand opera? "They love them," comments this blonde singing star. "They are particularly enthusiastic about waltzes and familiar arias."

Definitely American from her name to her up-bringing, Miss Gleason, after making her operatic debut, obtained a leave from her contract to spend three years in

Italy—"so I would know what I was singing about." Then it was back to the United States and a successful audition at the "Met" where she sang under an Italianized name for a number of years. But she returned to her first love of opera and musical comedy when she appeared as Dennis King's costar on Broadway in "Frederica." Since that time she has starred many times in the classics of light opera.

Comdr. Moran and Bride Now on Wedding Trip

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Moran are on their honeymoon following their wedding in New York Tuesday. The bridegroom, who is well known here, is on active duty in the Navy. The marriage of the former Miss Dorothea Waters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Waters of New York, took place at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin. The Rev. Grieg Taber officiated at the ceremony and a small reception followed for members of the immediate family at the bride's parents' home.

There were no attendants and the bride wore a gown of shell gray and carried white orchids. Mrs. Moran was graduated from the New York College of Music and later studied at Middlebury College, Vt. One of the founders of the Young Women's Republican Club of New York, she is also a member of the New York County Republican committee. She is a direct descendant of John and Priscilla Alden and of Gov. Roger Conant of the Cape Ann Colony. Her summer home is the Waters Farm, West Sutton, Mass., which has been in the possession of her family since 1720.

Commander Moran is a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Admedee Depau Moran. After attending school in France he was graduated from Columbia College and the New York Law School. A well-known writer of naval subjects, his book, "The Sea of Memories" has been recently published. During the first World War Commander Moran was Naval Attaché at Lima, Peru.

Bernhardt—

Irene Lang, Daughter of R. A. F. Officer,
Finds Ladder-to-Fame Is Escalator

Character roles are her specialty. And no wonder. For in the last few of her only 20 years, Miss Irene Lang has enjoyed as varied a series of experiences as any aspiring character actress might wish.

Now, this daughter of Group Captain and Mrs. Frank Lang, of Washington—her father is here with the R. A. F. delegation—is profiting by what she has observed in a number of different countries the past two years. She is rapidly becoming the outstanding character actress with the Ogunquit (Me.) Playhouse, and in at least two plays she has practically run away with the play being presented.

Blond, hazel-eyed Miss Lang found herself in the middle of an international crisis when her classes at the University of Hamburg, Germany, were cut short in 1939. With fortune on her side, she was able to get out of Germany and back to England by way of Holland, but she had no sooner returned home than she discovered her father had been sent to Singapore for a tour of duty. In a few days, then, she set out to join her parents in the Far Eastern fortress, and had arrived in this country en route to Singapore when she learned that her father had been ordered back to England.

So Miss Lang—finding herself in a theatrical center—stayed on in New York. But before long she was on the move again, this time to Hollywood, where she took a course in dramatics. Though motion pictures were her glamour and several studios were interested in her abilities, Miss Lang decided to go into a summer theater.

This summer she has made a number of successful appearances at the Ogunquit Playhouse in Ogunquit, Me. Among the shows she has had roles in are "Letters to Lucerne," "What a Life," and "Incognito."

Wragg, the cook in "A Murder Has Been Arranged" this British actress nearly stole the show. Just what her plans are for the future, Miss Lang does not know. But after the summer season she will go back to New York in the pursuit of a good role. Chances are she will be spending part of the fall in Washington with her parents.

all credit "terms" being equal (government regulated) Why Not The Erlebacher Label? . . . and all it stands for.



August Sale Fur Coats and Fur-trimmed Cloth Coats

Under existing government regulations, terms of payment—everywhere—are equal! All the more reason why you should be satisfied with nothing less than an "Erlebacher" labeled coat. Whether you buy a simple fur-trimmed coat—or a luxurious blue-blooded Mink—Erlebacher's label is your complete assurance of quality, long-lived fashion . . . and dependability. Fur Coats \$149.00 to \$2500. Furred Coats \$68.00 to \$395. Untrimmed Coats \$17.95 to \$115.

Open Thursday 12:30 to 9 P. M.

1210 F ST. N.W.



Bare—

Mother Hubbard's
Modern Cupboard
Gets "Going-Over"

Special Dispatch to The Post

East Hampton, L. I., Aug. 19.—This story might be called the case of the empty ice box.

Mrs. Newell J. Ward, who spends her winters in Middleburg, Va., and is well known in the hunt country and in Washington, has her own method of caring for the servicemen—Coast Guardsmen, in particular. She is the mother of Newell, Jr., who was married to Bettina Belmont several years ago.

Mrs. Ward told the Coast Guardsmen who patrol the beach in front of her home that she would put out a big box every night filled with cookies, cakes and candy and they were welcome to help themselves. As good as her word, she did. The next day seeing a pair of Coast Guard patrolmen she asked them if they enjoyed the spread. Hedging a bit they finally admitted that when they got there—the cupboard was bare! Quite distressed, Mrs. Ward investigated and it developed that the cook had put enough food in the container for a regiment, but an Army detail had passed by first, and dipped into the stores.

Following a huddle with the officers Mrs. Ward decided on two boxes—and the Coast Guard keeps its padlocked.

Former Mayor Marries in Leesburg, Va.

Special Dispatch to The Post

Leesburg, Va., Aug. 19.—Following swiftly his resignation as Mayor of Leesburg to join the armed forces of the United States, America came to the wedding this afternoon of Lucas D. Phillips and Miss Elizabeth C. Littlejohn. The candlelight ceremony was performed at 4 o'clock before a flower-banked mantel in the home of the bride's father, Dr. H. C. Littlejohn, in Leesburg. The Rev. R. H. Forrester, pastor of the Leesburg Methodist Church, officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a white satin gown, fashioned with a tight bodice and a long full skirt. The sweetheart neckline was finished with embroidered pearls, and the long light-fitting sleeves came in points over the hands. Her finger-tip tulle veil was fitted to the head with a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a bouquet of white gladioli, orchids, and bouvardia. Her only ornament was pearls.

Miss Ethel Littlejohn, sister of the bride, was her only attendant. She was gowned in blue faille, made with a long, full skirt, and carried a nosegay of gladioli and delphinium. Similar flowers were used as her head dress. Roscoe B. Rhoads of Leesburg was the best man.

A small reception for the families and a few intimate friends followed the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Phillips left for a short wedding trip. They will reside in Leesburg for the present. Mr. Phillips expects to be inducted into the service within a month.

The bride, who is the daughter of Dr. Littlejohn and the late Mrs. Ethel Thompson Littlejohn, is a graduate of Randolph-Macon woman's College, Lynchburg. The bridegroom is a graduate of King's College, Bristol, Tenn., and attended George Washington Law School. He is a son of M. C. Phillips of Indian Valley, Va., and the late Mrs. Phillips. He is a practicing attorney of Leesburg and has been mayor for the last five years.

Picnic Party Planned for Forty Officers

Forty young officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps will be guests tomorrow evening at a picnic supper to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman at Tuxeden, their Bethesda home.

Among the group of young women who will assist the hostess will be Mrs. Tuckerman's daughter, Mrs. Robert Hugh Williams, who is with her parents for the duration while her husband, Mr. Williams, is on duty with the Marines. Also assisting will be Countess de Castellane, Mrs. G. Earle Stewart, Mrs. John M. Jenkins, Miss Lynn Long and Mrs. LeMay. The party is being given under the auspices of the home hospitality committee.

Although Miss Peggy Tuckerman was expected to be on hand country en route to Singapore when she learned that her father had been ordered back to England.

Others who will be entertaining service men this week are Mrs. MacNeill of Barra, Mrs. Henry Parsons Erwin and Miss Rebekah Morris.

Would-Be WAVES Watch the Mails

A good many of the Washington feminine "younger set" are eagerly watching the mails these days. The envelopes they are looking for will have "Navy Department" marked in the corner, and when they arrive—and the notices inside will tell the receivers that their applications to join the WAVES have been accepted.

Miss Mary Lee, as the daughter of Lieut. Comdr. William Justice Lee and Mrs. Lee, comes by her nautical leanings naturally. With the necessary two years at Rollins College behind her as well as a year at Yale Art School, Miss Lee is hoping that the WAVES will need artists for camouflage work. The two years of business experience required by this women's naval unit, for entrance Miss Lee has had with her portrait painting in Washington.

A debutante of several years ago, Miss Lee is living with her parents at their home, Locust Hill Farm, on the Rockville Pike in Bethesda, Md.

Mrs. Bert F. Clark and her daughter, Miss Frances Annette Clark, who have been in New York at the Waldorf-Astoria for several days, are now visiting Mrs. Clark's son, Lieut. Robert Everts Clark, U. S. A., at Portsmouth, N. H.

Mrs. Charles L. Tomlinson, of High Point, N. C., has returned home after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Buel Avery of 5120 Loughboro Road.

Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Bishopp of Silgo Park Hills have with them their daughter, Mrs. Albert Berkson of New York and their new grandson, Dennis Mackin Berkson. Mrs. Berkson is the former Harriet Bishopp.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrill Redfern, who recently came here from Chicago, have as their house guests, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Martin Combs, Jr., of Mamaroneck, N. Y. Mrs. Redfern and two sons returned last week from a month's vacation in Chicago.

Mrs. P. C. Owen of Central Hatchet, Ga., is now making her home in the Capital.

Hope Ridings Miller

Same Language of Two Peoples Is Hindrance to
Anglo-American Understanding, Says WAAF Officer

Anti-American feeling in Britain, and anti-British feeling in America—subject of endless conversation, controversy, and more recently even the cause of Nation-wide public opinion surveys—present no puzzle to Squadron Officer K. C. Hunt of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force (WAAFS, to you).

"Your people and mine would understand each other a lot better . . . if all of us didn't speak the same language," she said yesterday with a twinkle in her brown eyes.

And then, because obviously she is not a woman who tosses off provocative statements without developing them further, she went on to explain exactly what she meant.

"You see it's this way. If our people had to learn a new tongue in order to get to know America, they'd understand the people and the country a lot better by the time they mastered the language."

The same thing works in the other direction . . . and certainly it would seem that if either Americans or Britishers weren't able to understand disparaging remarks and annoying comparisons dropped thoughtlessly by homesick travelers, the story of Anglo-American misunderstanding might be dropped from the books entirely.

High Praise for Us

Having observed American tourists for years in her homeland, and then having worked shoulder to shoulder with them in this country the past two years, WAAF Squadron Officer Hunt (known as "Squaff" to her associates) should know whereof she speaks. And when she speaks of America, she does it in terms of highest praise.

"I must say that I have had nothing but kindness, cooperation, and understanding from every person I have met here," she said. "I can't say enough for Americans. I can't tell you how much I admire them. If every Britisher knew them as I do, there would be no such thing as anti-American feeling in England."

Two years ago, she might have had a different idea about it. But, diplomatically, she refused yesterday to commit herself. Some American tourists of the past, particularly the ones who lavishly



Post Staff Photo—Goodwin
WAAF Squadron
Officer Hunt

spent money abroad and loudly criticized everything in England that wasn't exactly as it was at home, hadn't won her highest regard, to say the least. . . . "But I know now they weren't typical Americans at all," she observed.

That P. O. Survey Again

In fairness to Squadron Officer Hunt, I might add that she didn't deliver herself of these opinions without a good deal of prodding on my part. Unlike a number of Britishers, who will express themselves on America and Americans, at the drop of a hint, she was disposed to dwell on other subjects. She feels that perhaps too many comparisons have been drawn between her country and this; and that since both are lined up in the same great cause, it might be best for all concerned to forget

that even their accents are different.

But when conversation turned on a recent comprehensive survey by the British Institute of Public Opinion, which discovered that "slightly more than one-fourth of the British do not look on Americans with favor"—well, that was when she started talking along the lines just mentioned. She doubted the percentage of Britishers who disliked us was as high as the survey indicated. And she was sure, she said, that her countrymen in that category didn't know the type of Americans she has met here.

Was Advisor for Film

Incidentally, she has met our countrymen from coast to coast. In fact, she returned not long ago from Hollywood, where she spent some time as an adviser in connection with the filming of "Mrs. Miniver." She liked the film city; "had the kindest treatment from everybody," but she was sadly disillusioned on at least one score. "I'd expected to find a lot of glamour out there," she said. "I found almost none at all. But for that matter, I suppose there's not much glamour anywhere during wartime."

We were talking in that bee-hive of activity at 1424 Sixteenth Street, where a continuous stream of British air officers pour in and out the door, all the spacious hallway and jam the elevator. Somebody had told me that the WAAFS were "the hardest working bunch of women in Washington," and I was at headquarters to find out whether they were . . . and exactly what they did.

Work Hard—And Long

On both points I'm still a bit vague. "We keep pretty steadily at the job; work in eight-hour shifts; and when we're on duty we don't get far away from our desks," Mrs. Hunt said. "What do we do? Well, that's one thing I can't tell you. But I'll say this much—our jobs have to do with communications, and what we do is not easy."

She added, however, that all WAAFS take off a few minutes for tea ("We can pass that up"), and then back to the grind once more.

There are about 30 WAAFS on duty here now. Recently six Canadian women, attached to the Canadian Royal Air Force joined the group for a period of training. They'll be returning home soon.

Store Hours Thursday 12:30 until 9:00



A College Store...

Here's
the "Cover Girl"
from your
College Bazaar



A sweater and skirt suit of wool and rabbits' hair jersey . . . the top, a long close-fitting cardigan bound with rayon grosgrain ribbon. Kelly green or natural with red ribbon, gold with brown ribbon, red with powder blue.

Sizes 10 to 18. \$17.95.

Greenbrier Sportswear, Fourth Floor

Also at Garfinckel's Spring Valley

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

Many Spend Vacation Fund Fixing Homes

By Elizabeth MacRae Boykin

"THE TOWN looks prettier than I ever remember it," commented a friend on a visit to her old home town. The local gentry explained that the town had had a face lift... because more people were working, yet there were fewer of the usual demands on the family income. Not much could be spent on cars or vacation trips or other things that used to get first shot at the fam-

Mary Haworth's Mail

Mary Haworth is now on vacation. Her column will reappear August 31.

ily income. So with more people staying home and more with a little money in pocket, they're putting their time and surplus on their homes. This circumstance, coupled with the fact that so many people are on the move these days, and so must set up new homes, explains the increase in interest in home furnishings in most stores.

Furnishings at Top

For the first time sales and profits in home furnishing departments in many stores are leading over other more usually profitable departments. And the largest of the mail order houses has more furniture pages in its new catalogue than ever before in its history.

Shortages of materials and curtailments on critical materials have affected home furnishings less than other categories of merchandise. In addition the increased activities in housing have commanded solution of some furnishing problems.

A Furniture Package

One of the most interesting developments in furniture was worked out specially to fit a demountable prefabricated house which is put together with bolts and nuts, the only tool needed being a wrench. A specially designed "package" of furniture was developed when no suitable furniture was found on the market for such a house. It includes sleeping facilities for three, seating for eight and dining for four. The different parts can be moved around the room on gliders and each piece dovetails usefully with other pieces.

The dining alcove group, for instance, consisted of two divan seats with a table between, the whole unit making a very nice place for eating or games. At night, though, the table slides down and fits in between the base of the two divans. Then the back cushions of the divans go on this table top, the whole making a smooth, comfortable bed... something like a Pullman bed. The bedding is stored under the divan compartments. In addition there is a tilt back divan which makes a double bed, along with a five drawer functional chest, a glass top coffee table, a three-shelf set back end table and an extra occasional chair. Included also in the package is a 2x3 rug, curtains, radio and pottery shelves.



That Tailored Look Carries On

The trend toward tailored clothes that this practical wartime era has evolved continues in many early fall dresses, such as the two shown here. Both of these Paul Sargent frocks are given special distinction by the handmade jeweled studs and pins. The rayon crepe at left with the unpressed pleats comes in junior sizes, the one at right with the tucking, in misses' sizes. For further information call National 4200, Extension 259.

Find Substitutes For Beach Parties

Many children who in past summers went daily in the family car to a nearby beach, or swimming pool, are unable to do so this year. Parents may be put to it to find ways of keeping youngsters cool and contented, yet if there is a bathtub or shower the cooling off will not be difficult. A splash in the tub may be a poor substitute for the vigorous exercise of swimming, but it is a thoroughly effective means of soothing hot or perspiring bodies. It has at least one advantage over the old swimming hole, for when soap is used, the bath cleanses as well as cools.

If daily or twice-daily periods in tub or shower are offered to children as a real privilege, and if play is permitted before or after youngsters will welcome the bath and look forward to it with eagerness.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

A Dash of Wine Makes the Difference

AS THE new crop of sweet potatoes is harvested and comes to market, you will no doubt be looking for ways to serve this vegetable. A very glamorous vegetable dish is Sherried Sweet Potatoes and Pecans.

Our California wines are coming into their rightful own, with the importation of foreign ones being curtailed by the war. These fine wines add a final touch of flavor to many a homely vegetable, a beef stew or a pot roast. And did you ever try soup laced with a dash of sherry?

But the sweet potato cooked up

with a dash of wine will put an ordinary meal on a higher plane. Grilled ham is just the perfect entrée to serve with the sherried sweet potatoes. And for just the right flavor contrast and the right color dash, add grilled orange section, marinated in sherry, to your service platter.

The sherried sweet potatoes with pecans are made according to the following recipe:

Sherried Sweet Potatoes With Pecans

Bake 6 sweet potatoes until done. Cut in half lengthwise. Scoop out the pulp and mash thoroughly. Add 2 beaten egg yolks, 2 tablespoons butter, ¼ cup California sherry and ¼ cup pecans and fold in 2 stiffly beaten egg whites. Brush with 2 tablespoons melted butter and brown in a hot oven. Serve with the grilled ham and sherried orange sections. Serves six.

Storing Butter

Careful preparation of food for storage saves both food and refrigeration. Butter, for instance, should be removed from its wrappings and stored immediately in a porcelain enameled refrigerator dish when you return home from market.

Clubs

Skit to Depict Early Leaders In Suffrage

A short dramatic skit written and directed by Mrs. Robert H. Walker, of Baltimore, depicting a scene from the life of early feminist leaders, will be one of the features of the open house to be held at Alve Belmont House by the National Woman's Party in celebration of Woman's Suffrage Ratification Day, Wednesday.

Young women in the costumes of the day will assume the roles of Susan B. Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucretia Mott. This part of the program will be repeated three times during the afternoon at 2, 4 and 6 p. m. Tea will be served in the garden at 5. Additional hostesses who will assist during the receiving hours include, Mrs. Charles L. McNary, Mrs. Clyde Garrett, Mrs. Sylvia Ennis, Mrs. Mary D. Heffernan, Mrs. Ruth Ring, Mrs. Anne B. Mitchell, Mrs. Phyllis Byron, Mrs. Emma Avery, Mrs. Elsie Graft, Mrs. Newton C. Wing, Mrs. Alma Ambrose, Mrs. Dorothy Granger, of Baltimore, Mrs. Ellis Schabel, chairman of the Pennsylvania Chapter; Mrs. Page Kirk and Dr. Margaret Sebre.

In the absence of Mrs. Robert Adamson of New Jersey, national chairman of commemoration days, Mrs. Ernest Humphrey Daniel, who holds that office in the District of Columbia Chapter, is in charge of arrangements. Serving with her are Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, Mrs. Norman Underwood, Miss Mildred Bahar, chairman of the District Chapter; Miss Laura Berrien, Miss Gertrude Crocker, Miss Elizabeth Fairall, Mrs. Marie Moore Forrest, Mrs. Karl Greene, Mrs. Stanley J. O'Connor and Mrs. Dore G. Ogle.

Dinner to Honor Mrs. Frank Hines

Mrs. Frank T. Hines, for whom the Nellie V. Hines Scholarship is named, will be the guest of honor at the Eight and Forty March Departmental dinner to be held Sunday, at 6:30 p. m. Myrtle Spudis, departmental scholarship chairman, Mrs. Dorothy B. Harper, a member of the national scholarship committee and Judge Lucy S. Howarth, a partner of the Salon and Red Cross chairman of the Veterans Administration, will be scholarship table hostesses at the dinner.

Mrs. Harper will have as her guests at the scholarship table Gen. P. C. Harris, national scholarship director of the American Legion; Miss Augusta Landis, secretary to General Hines; Mrs. Mary A. Coyne, chief of Budget and Statistics, Veterans Administration, and for the past 12 years aid to General Hines in the development of the legion's national scholarship program; Col. T. J. Frailley, scholarship director of the District of Columbia Legion Department, and Mrs. Frailley; Miss Barbara Carter, the winner of Area D National Scholarship Award and Miss L. Estelle Downs, chief of insurance, Veterans Administration.

Miss Tharon Kiser, who won the local Eight and Forty 1942 Nellie V. Hines scholarship, will be accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Carolyn Kiser, to the March. The scholarship will be presented to Miss Kiser at the evening session.

War Stamps Pay Dues in Girls' Club

Plans for defense stamp and bond drive are announced by Phyllis Solomon, president of the C. V. C.'s Teen-age Girls Club, which holds its meetings at the Jewish Community Center every Tuesday, from 2 to 4.

The club is working on a booth which will be set up in the center lobby and at which corsages and boutonnieres made of defense stamps will be on sale. In addition, instead of paying weekly dues in cash, the girls each bring a 10-cent defense stamp every other week, and when the price of a bond has been reached it will be contributed to the war effort.

Other officers of the club are: Karen Gerber, vice president; Adelle Sosnick, secretary; Zelda Sheskin, treasurer, and Phyllis Goldberg, publicity manager.

Desk Sitters Should Watch Hiplines

By Ida Jean Kain

IF YOU are in a sedentary job, you've no doubt noticed that the hipline annexes inches without you gaining a pound. And you may have found out you could diet until you actually looked hungry and your hips didn't give an inch.

The trouble is with those massive hip muscles. Nothing deteriorates faster from disuse than muscle tissue and when you sit most of the time your hip muscles are used very little.

If you will go to work, however, you can tone the hip muscles in short order and lose as many inches as you need to lose from this measurement. You can even slim down through the hips while on a weight-gaining program. But one thing is certain: You cannot keep a trim hipline unless you take exercise.

Reverse Exercise

There are so many different kinds of hip slimming exercise that you can take your choice. After sitting all day, you will want to stand up and exercise. If you stand at your job, you will prefer to lie down to exercise.

Here is a lying-down exercise that can't be beaten: Lie on one side on floor, legs straight down, one on top of the other. Raise upper leg 12 or so inches from floor, swing it away out in front with foot at that same level, then back up. Hold for a second and swing forward again. Ten counts will be enough. Rest, roll over on the other side, and repeat.

Hips-Midriff Streamlining

Take this fast-working streamliner for hips and midriff lying face downward. Flex both knees backward so that heels are just above the buttocks. Then raise alternate thighs off the floor. Do this slowly and forcibly contract



Elisabeth Fraser, movie actress, here demonstrates a good all-around exercise for the desk sitter, as it straightens back, lifts the chest, trims the hips, and tones the leg muscles. From standing position against a wall, with hands on hips, she lowers her body to heels, extending arms straight out.

the hip muscles to raise thighs each time. As the thigh is lifted off floor, the rest of the body should be kept motionless. The exercise contracts the muscles on the back of the hips and also affords a thorough stretch of the abdominal muscles. To slim the hips from a standing position, kicking is your best bet. Do a high backward kick with the knee straight. Swing leg forward from hip, then high up in back. Continue for 20 kicks, rest and repeat with other leg. To concentrate the action on the hip muscles, do a short back kick. Stand absolutely erect, tense the hip muscles, and thrust the leg backward in a short kick. Repeat 10 times, then kick with the other leg.

THE NEWER Jelleffs 1942 20 P. M.

Shop 'til 9 P. M. this evening

Downright pretty!

There are no priorities on prettiness, as you see. Figure-flattering silhouettes, heavenly colors, lovely fabrics all contribute in making your fall wardrobe new and stimulating.



Purple Pleases Him

JUNIORS — eye-catching wool, swathed thru the middle and softened with bows; 82% wool, 18% rabbit's hair. Junior sizes, 9 to 15. \$12.95

(Fourth Floor)

Ribbon-run Shoulders

WOMEN — delectable "across-the-table" dress with swathed hipline, rayon satin ribbon lighting the neckline. Wine, beaver, black, rayon crepe; 36 to 42 \$19.95

(Second Floor)



Corduroy Wide-ribbed and Colorful

MISSSES — wide-ribbed and velvety cotton corduroy suit-dress in heavenly colors—honey, green; misses' sizes. \$16.95

(Second Floor)

It's a COLORful new Fashion Season! In Dresses.. as well as in

Fur-trimmed Coats For Women, Misses, Juniors! Now at Summer Sale prices! (Second Floor)

BROOKS 109 8 STREET



fall blacks

CUT AND DRAPED WITH MAGIC FIGURE LINES

17.95

Black Rayon Crepe has never looked better than in these deft draped fashions—brightened with touches of stone, rhinestone or sequin elegance. They're truly remarkable for the wealth of tucked, shirred, gored details—especially at this reasonable price. Sizes 12-20.

Better Dresses

Brooks Third Floor

Brooks—Open Today 12:30 'Til 9 P. M.

THE NEWER Jelleffs 1942 20 P. M.

Please! Carry Packages for Victory

Shop 'til 9 P. M. tonight



Pegasus Glazed blue pottery with fleet wings of Lucite, \$1

New!

CERAMICS

amusing new Pins from California \$1

Fido

Yellow and tubby, has big ears and jewel studded collar of Lucite, \$1

Flower Boy

Bright pottery face with petals of red Lucite, \$1

—from an intriguing group, \$1 and \$1.50. (All prices plus 10% tax.)

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Screen Scrapper to Aid Drive to Salvage Scrap

James Cagney Coming to Monday's Big Rally;
Trans-Lux Theater Smashes a Precedent;
Items of News and Gossip of the Theater

JAMES CAGNEY, the celluloid's scrappiest scrapper, is the latest stellar personality to be added to the list of notables who will appear in person at the National Scrap Rally, scheduled for Monday night, August 24, at 8 o'clock in Griffith Stadium.



CAROL BRUCE

In replying to the invitation of Donald M. Nelson, chief of the WPB, and Richmond B. Keech, chairman of the local entertainment committee, Mr. Cagney was characteristically brief and to the point about it: "I shall be very glad to do my bit in inaugurating the National Scrap Drive." It doesn't necessarily mean he is going to put on a scrap. He did enough of that in "Captains of the Clouds," the latest picture in which he was seen on a Washington screen. His next appearance will be in "Yankee Doodle Dandy." Don't ask me when.

In the meantime, it is worth remembering that Jimmy was one of the sparkplugs of the Hollywood Victory Caravan, when it inaugurated its cross-country tour of 14 cities in Loew's Capitol Theater not so long ago, under the expert direction of Mark Sandrich. Inaugurating enterprises of value to the war effort seems to be a Cagney specialty. Take this National Salvage Rally as another example.

The pattern established by the Washington rally, Monday night, will be used as the basis of similar gatherings throughout the country to stimulate Nation-wide collection of salvaged metal, rubber and rags, and, therefore, will be a show that no judicious amusement-seeker will be able to resist. In terms of money, there will be no admission charge. All the public has to do is bring some vital salvage material to gain admittance to the stadium. In addition to the celebrities already announced, Carol Bruce, stage and screen singing star, will entertain and it is now certain that Gene Autry, most famous and most popular of Hollywood's "Western" stars also will be on hand. Among the official functionaries to take part in the program will be Donald M. Nelson, Mrs. Oreta Culp Hebb, director, WAAC; Lieut. Comdr. Mildred H. McAfee, director, WAVES; Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., wife of the Secretary of the Treasury; D. C. Commissioner John Russell Young and Lesing J. Rosenwald, director, Conservation Division, WPB. Lucy Monroe, the "Sons of the South" male quartet, from Tuskegee; the Air Forces Band, etc., you already know about.

Cupid Unties His Purse Strings

Speaking of aid to the war effort, in its search for America's seven most romantic titles in which to launch seven simultaneous openings of "Seven Sweethearts"—there they go again!—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer turned up a dyed-in-the-wool romanticist, name since divorced. Anyhow, he is the Registrar of Harrisburg, Pa., who personally pays for every marriage license issued to a man in uniform. Unless the M-G-M boys whipped this whole thing up out of a dream book, his current expense sheet in smoothing the course of true love adds up to \$254. That's a lot of "I do's."

Mr. Tim Driscoll, 4109 Fourth Street Northwest, is all aglow to learn which grossed the larger "take" at the box-office last week, "Mrs. Miniver," at the Palace, or Tommy Dorsey's Orchestra, at the Capitol—and presumably the back of his hand to "Calling Dr. Gillespie." As of yesterday afternoon, with the final returns of course not yet in, the Capitol was leading the Palace by a scant \$500. Since the Capitol has approximately 1000 more seats than the Palace, that is an amazing tribute to "Mrs. Miniver."

When it comes to "box-office," "My Sister Eileen," currently at the National is no slouch, either. Having played two capacity weeks on the same stage no longer ago than last March, it has been a sellout since Monday night, with an almost certain promise of the line's holding through the balance of this week and all of next. Yeah, it's here for a fortnight this time, too.

On Sunday night, George Vivian, that indefatigable veteran of stage and screen, now in his 50th active year in the theater, will present a group of seven short plays, in the home of Arthur Clarence Smith, 2949 Macomb Street, for the benefit of the Save the Children Federation. The program will run the gamut from farce and pantomime to serious drama and will conclude with an exhibition of fencing.

Breaking all records for attendance at the Trans-Lux Theater, "Inside Fighting Russia" will be held over for a second week. This smashes a precedent for the newsreel house, since never before in its history has it violated its established policy of presenting a completely new bill each week. Manager Roland Robbins, beaming like the Virginia Beach sun, he hopes will be shining down on him over the weekend, adds that 35 minutes of the latest news pictorials, Walt Disney's "Donald's Snow Fight" and the usual house features will spice the bill with newness.

New One for National

Frank Mandel, terminating an eight-year sabbatical holiday, is returning to the producing field this season and it is being bruited about that his first production will be coming along to the National in a fortnight or so. Mr. Mandel, for 20 years a librettist with such musical smashes as "No, No, Nanette," "The Desert Song," "The New Moon" and "Sweet Little Devil" to his credit, with Laurence Schwab also produced such hits as "The Firebrand," "Good News," "Queen High" and "Fellow Thru."

How-to-Solve-the-Transportation-Problem Note

How's about exhuming those old, horse-drawn Sixteenth Street heroics? Or hasn't anybody got a horse?

Columbia

If it is a good celluloid chuckle, you are, looking for one that may explode into a roar at any minute—Loew's Columbia Theater, beginning this morning, would be a good place to find it. "Beyond the Blue Horizon" is picking up its downtown run there, after a successful earlier week at the Capitol.

Even with Dorothy Lamour, Richard Denning, Walter Abel, Jack Haley Helen Gilbert, Patricia

Morison Elizabeth Patterson and numerous others in there jungling, they are not so much responsible for the hilarity as their animal associates. Go-Go, the head monkey, Nya, the swimming tiger and a manager of their fellows lend this fantastic subject most of its zest—not forgetting Mabok the pachyderm pest.

The story is nothing to write home, or anywhere else, about, but it does manage to churn up a considerable excitement, one of Miss Lamour's better songs and some of Mr. Haley's most gosh-awful gags. By and large, it is a lotta fun.

AMUSEMENTS

GARY COOPER in the **"Mr. Deeds Goes to Town"** from **ARTHUR ROSS** the **"PILGRIM"** picture that introduced **"DANIEL BOONE"** **COLE LITTLE** **THE**

GAY 90's VERSION **"TEN NIGHTS IN A BARROOM"** Melodrama plus Musical Olio Seating at Tables **WILLARD ROOF** Nightly except Sun., Mon. 8:45 P. M. Rain or Shine \$1.65 including tax Starting Next Week, "From Rags to Riches"

Will Star in Stadium Program



JAMES CAGNEY

last seen in Washington "in the flesh" as a member of the Hollywood Victory Caravan and last on the screen in "Captains of the Clouds," who will come to the Capital on Monday to participate in the National Salvage Rally, in Griffith Stadium at 8 p. m. Carol Bruce, Lucy Monroe and others of national note also will take part in the huge show

'Mrs. Miniver' Extends Triumph

"Mrs. Miniver," of course, is continuing into its second week at Loew's Palace Theater. The second chapter of what may turn out to be a record run begins this morning.

The only reason more avid Washingtonians have not seen this superlative Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture during its initial seven days is that every inch of available space in the Palace has been occupied at every performance to date. The Loew executives are thumbing back through the years in quest of a picture of equal, or approximate, popularity.

This capacity attendance is not attributable so much to elaborate publicity ballyhooes as to the unparalleled merit of "Mrs. Miniver" as an entertainment in complete consonance with the public taste of mind and the highest traditions of dramatic diversion.

"Mrs. Miniver" primarily is a study in character, the simple pursuits of

a tranquil English village and the quiet, indomitable courage of a free people. Its simplicity and naturalness are its greatest charm and its greatest strength.

The cast chosen to interpret the wide range of moods and emotions derived from Miss Struther's sketches of Mrs. Miniver's life in wartime, by Arthur Wimperis, George Froeschel, James Hilton and Claudine West, is one of ideal selection. Greer Garson is virtually perfect in the title role and Walter Pidgeon no less authentic as her husband, Richard. Ney, Teresa Wright, Dame May Whitty, Reginald Owen, Henry Travers, Henry Wilcoxon, Brenda Forbes, the juvenile Christopher Severn and little Clare Sandars are only a few among the many who contribute such lifelike realism to a picture that has been flawlessly directed by William Wyler.

"Mrs. Miniver" is a picture that should be seen by everyone, its like comes along so seldom.

GAY ROMANCE! VIBRANT DRAMA! JOYOUS LAUGHTER!

CARY GRANT * JEAN ARTHUR
AND RONALD COLMAN
ARE
The Talk of the Town
EDGAR BUCHANAN
A GEORGE STEVENS
PRODUCTION

Stirring screened by the director of "Woman of the Year" and "Penny Serenade" and written by the author of "Here Comes Mr. Jordan"

WARNER BROS. COOL

WORLD PREMIERE

EARLE 13th St. Near F

TOMORROW at 10:30 A.M.

Plus GALA STAGE SHOW

Last Day - HUMPHREY BOGART in "BIG SHOT" - On Stage - Bea WAIN - Ralph HAWKINS' ORCH.

Old Master Returns to Wars

HEDDA HOPPER

Hollywood, Calif., Aug. 19. Because he was 72 this week and because he's a great American gentleman, and fine friend I'll skip for moment the sins of cine-mania, our crazy Bagdad, on the Pacific, and pay tribute to Bernard M. Baruch, who, after 8 months of conflict, has had the hottest controversy of the war thrown in his lap—rubber. And the first thing he did wasn't to set up expensive offices, hire a battery of press agents, but personally call up the men who could help and say, "At your convenience, I'd like to come around and talk to you." His office is a Washington park bench.

In 1938 he wrote a piece about inflation which so impressed Canada they adopted it. In the last war he held the same job Donald Nelson does in this, but he didn't talk much about it. I know, because my cousin, J. Leonard Replogle, worked with him.

When you speak about him as a rich man, he'll say, "Yes, I have a dollar more than I'll ever need." But he's been giving it away steadily. Rather than sell his place in South Carolina, he's given portions of it to the faithful people who've been with him for years. Two top stories of his city house are closed, except when so many young men come seeking advice they have to be housed.

His dinners are served in his library, on a card table with a telephone beside him, which he answers himself. He's a one-man university—not only for knowledge, but inspiration to the youth of our country.

I feel safer about the war now that I know Mr. Baruch, who's been a faithful adviser of our President from the beginning, has at long last been given a part in winning it.

Erskine Caldwell has given up trying to keep track of his wife, Photographer Margaret Bourke White. He's been working on "Milk and Honey." Had a letter from her postmarked Washington. That afternoon, got a wire from Nevada. Few hours later, her New York office phoned that she was safe in London. She's evidently found the planes De Seversky is screaming for.

Which reminds me that when Ruth Taylor, who was the blonde gentleman preferred, received a cable from her husband, Paul Zukerman, in Palestine, she said, "But he couldn't be in Palestine! He's in Egypt!"

For an eating scene in "Once Upon a Honeymoon," Director Leo McCarey ordered broccoli for Cary Grant and Ginger Rogers, but the technical man said "uh-uh!" Scene's laid in Vienna—broccoli was first introduced here. It's an original dish with us. Well, maybe so—but Italians have been eating it since heck was a pup.

Ages ago Joel McCrea peddled papers here, just as lots of boys have done. While making "Great Without Glory," he moved his family into an apartment near the studio. On leave-

ing for work at 6 a. m. he noticed a paper on the sidewalk. Instinctively picked it up, threw it onto the porch, where it hit the door.

The door opened, and there was Dr. Walter Deering, one of his best customers in former years. "Good heavens!" said he, "are you still at this job?"

Nancy Coleman is in bed again, this time in "The Edge of Darkness," says she, "when I finish with this, I'll be ready for 'Canilla'."

AMUSEMENTS
OPEN-AIR
ESCORT GIRL
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

AMUSEMENTS
GLEN ECHO
PIX
The Heart of Paris
JEAN ARTHUR
PARTY WIRE

RKO-Keith's

"The Pride of the Yankees," Samuel Goldwyn's splendid picturization for RKO-Radio of the life story of the late Lou Gehrig, continues to exert an undiminished appeal to lovers of interesting, at times exciting and always honest and wholesome, screen entertainment at RKO-Keith's Theater.

With Gary Cooper in the title role and Teresa Wright as his wife, this subject carries its excellent casting throughout its roster of players. Balancing the gentler moments of the biography, the hurly-burly of the baseball field is skillfully and effectively introduced, with such of Gehrig's former teammates as Babe Ruth, Mark Koenig, Bill Dickey and Bob Meusel in there playing themselves.

AMUSEMENTS
NATIONAL
The Season's Loudest Laugh
My Sister Eileen
AT SEASONAL LOW PRICES!
ALL SEATS \$1.00 - \$2.00 - \$3.00 - \$5.00
SEATS NOW FOR THIS & NEXT WEEK

Festival of Famous Musical Plays
THE WATER GATE
Every Eve. (Aug. 28-29) at 8:30
SAR CARLO OPERA
presenting The Hans Bartsch Production
The Chocolate Soldier
Great Musical Translated Operetta with HELEN GLASSON and A NEW YORK CAST AND BALLET
Pop. Prices: 80c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2 plus tax
Seats Now on Sale at
Capitol Concert Bureau, at Ballard's
1440 O St. N.E. Phone 2-5493
Always 3000 Good Seats at 50c.
2800 at \$1.00, Plus Tax
Tickets for Sar Carlo cancelled performance of Cavalleria Pastorelli may be exchanged for The Chocolate Soldier.

Today's NEIGHBORHOOD MOVIES

AMUSEMENTS
FAIRLAWN 1945 Good Hope Rd. S.E. Air-Conditioned.
Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy in "The Great Waltz" "Farther Provinces of Neutradamus."

AMUSEMENTS
HIGHLAND 2335 Pa. Ave. S.E. Air-Conditioned.
Veronica Lake, Alan Ladd, Robert Preston in "The Gun for Hire," at 8:30, 9:15, 9:30. Curran.

AMUSEMENTS
GREENBELT Adults 25c Free Parking Air-Conditioned.
G. Rogers-G-Monumentary, "ROCKIE HART," 7 and 9.

AMUSEMENTS
HISER 6000 W. Ave. S.W. Air-Conditioned.
Joan Bennett-Franchise Time in "With Takes a Flier," at 7:30 and 9:30 p. m. Newall.

AMUSEMENTS
LIDO 2277 M Street N.W. Double Feature Program.
Doris Day, "The Girl on the Train," and "Three Girls About Town."

AMUSEMENTS
DUMBARTON 1540 W. Ave. N.W. Double Feature Program.
"Stranger Than Paradise," and "Adventures of Martin Wides."

AMUSEMENTS
REED Phone ALex. 8448. Free Parking. Air-Conditioned.
"WINGS FOR THE EAGLE."

AMUSEMENTS
RICHMOND Ph. ALex. 9236
George Hart, Nat. Daily, Air-Conditioned. "BROADWAY."

AMUSEMENTS
STATE Temple Free Parking
"MOON TIDE,"
Ella Lupina-Jean Gabin.

AMUSEMENTS
LEE A Treat for the Entire Family
"BROADWAY."
George Raft-Pat O'Brien.

AMUSEMENTS
WILSON 1729 Wilson Blvd. Air-Conditioned.
"TAKE A LITTLE PARKING,"
Ronald Russell-Fred MacMurray.

AMUSEMENTS
ASHTON 3108 Wilson Blvd. Air-Conditioned.
"SUICIDE SQUADRON" and "TODAY I HANG."

AMUSEMENTS
BUCKINGHAM Globe-Porch. Dr. Air-Conditioned.
"MAGNIFICENT DOPPELGÄNGER,"
Henry Fonda-Doris Day.

AMUSEMENTS
ARLINGTON Cor. 9th & S. Ph. 8-5599
"GREAT MANLY LADY,"
Barbara Stanwick-Joe McCoy.

AMUSEMENTS
VILLAGE 1807 Rhode Id. Ave. N.E. Air-Conditioned.
"WINGS FOR THE EAGLE,"
Ann Sheridan, Ronald Reagan.

AMUSEMENTS
NEWTON 1918 & Newton St. N.E. Air-Conditioned.
"MY FAVORITE SPY,"
Kay Francis.

AMUSEMENTS
JESSE 16th St. Rhode Id. Ave. N.E. Air-Conditioned.
Double Feature:
"Lullaby of Broadway," and "The Girl on the Train."

AMUSEMENTS
SYLVAN First and E. Ave. N.W. Air-Conditioned.
"The Wife Takes a Flier," Joan Bennett, Franchot Tone, "The Gun for Hire," and "Three Girls About Town."

AMUSEMENTS
ACADEMY 625 9th St. N.E. Air-Conditioned.
Double Feature:
"The Gun for Hire," and "The Wife Takes a Flier."

AMUSEMENTS
APEX 4845 St. and Mass. Ave. N.W. Air-Conditioned.
With Kay Francis and Her Orchestra, "The Gun for Hire," and "The Wife Takes a Flier."

AMUSEMENTS
ATLAS 1801 St. N.E. AT 8:30 Air-Conditioned.
"THE GOLD RUSH" (With Sound and Music)
Also Jeanette MacDonald, Nelson Eddy in "THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER" Plus "America's Sea Power."

AMUSEMENTS
PRINCESS 1119 B St. N.E. Ph. 2-7700 Air-Conditioned.
"SHANGHAI GUNSHOTS,"
With Gene Tierney, Victor Mature, Gene Markey, and "I WAS A PRISONER ON DEVIL'S ISLAND" with Sally Breen, Donald Woods.

AMUSEMENTS
SENATOR 1400 New York Ave. at Belmont Ph. 2-5000 Free Parking for 500 Cars Scientifically Air-Conditioned.
With Norma Shearer, Robert Taylor, Conrad Veidt, shown at 8:15, 9:45. Also "The Gun for Hire" with Joan Bennett and Franchot Tone in "The Wife Takes a Flier."

AMUSEMENTS
CONGRESS 2281 Nichols Ave. S.E. Air-Conditioned.
Joan Bennett and Franchot Tone in "The Wife Takes a Flier."

AMUSEMENTS
BUY Y BOND AND STAMPS AT ANY LOCAL THEATER

LEONARD LYONS
New York Calling—

New York, Aug. 19.
HENRY J. KAISER: Donald Nelson, who will give you full support in your 500 cargo-plane program, has been pondering over the problem of nickel needed for those planes. One of Nelson's friends suggested that all Americans contribute their nickel coins. "But then, Mr. Nelson, you'll be faced with another problem," he was told. "What will people use for 5-cent pieces?" ... NELSON suggested: "Maybe we can switch that old line, and make it 'Do take wooden nickels'." ... EDWARD JOHNSON: Mayor LaGuardia has been discussing plans for a Municipal Opera ... WILL HAYS: A new film company may be organized soon—by MCA's Jules Stein, and San Francisco's Lou Lurie.

JEAN ARTHUR: Libby Holman: Phillips Holmes, your brother-in-law, who was killed in a Canadian plane crash last week, was able to enlist in the R. C. A. F. only after he had misrepresented his age. Holman, the screen star, was so anxious to get into service that he told the Canadian officials that he had lost his birth certificate. He was past the age limit for flyers ... DAVID WARFIELD: John Golden will present a revival of your famous hit "The Music Master." Willie Howard will play the leading role ... REPRESENTATIVE HAM FISH: You haven't heard the last of that mysterious \$25,000 business deal you had with Trujillo, head of the Dominican Republic.

JEAN ARTHUR: Private Wallace Russell, author of your forthcoming movie, was operated upon at Camp Upton last week. He'll be in the hospital for six weeks ... PAUL ROBESON: Duke Ellington was substituted for Cab Calloway, in your new film, "Cabin in the Sky," because Cab has another picture deal. He'll be starred in a Negro movie which Irving Mills will produce.

GENERAL MARSHALL: Gen. George S. Patton, commander of the First Armored Corps—and who now is teaching desert warfare to our troops—has one favorite way of ending the war, with little bloodshed: "Put Rommel in the Nazis' best tank, and put me in our best tank, and let's fight it out. This duel would settle it, because the side which has the best tanks and tank-men wins anyhow."

WILLIAM SAROYAN: It's nice of you to use my name in your new play, "Across the Board." But, for the opening, why'd you have to hire the Belasco Theater? That's one of the Shubert theaters, from which I'm barred ... NIGHT CLUB OWNERS ASSOCIATION: The new night club season was officially previewed last night, when the first safe fight was held. Harry Richman mixed it with a customer at Leon and Eddie's ... ENDA FERRER: Mary, the stewardess on the Twentieth Century Limited—do whom you gave your autograph—asked Alexander Woolcott to write his autograph on the other side of the same page. Woolcott wrote something about you. See him.

ALFRED G. VANDERBILT: Your sister, Gloria Baker Topping, inherited another million dollars last week. "In these days," she stated, "that isn't as important as this"—and she exhibited her card signifying her promotion to a Red Cross sergeant ... GYPSY ROSE LEE: Ann Corio, the stripper, just signed a new movie contract for four pictures to be released through RKO ... EQUITY: Because the orchestra and actors in "This Is the Army" aren't governed by union rules, for the first time a theater audience was treated to an extra show, after the closing. Yesterday, when the audience couldn't leave because of the rain, the cast entertained them with jam-sessions.

AMBASSADOR HU SHIH: The American Theater Wing's Stage Door Canteen is most obliging. When a Chinese flier visited there, a few days ago, and wanted to meet a girl of his own race, a phone call was made to Ruby Foo's, and the hat check girl there was borrowed. That's how a Chinese aviator found his heart at the Stage Door Canteen ... RKO: Orson Welles will recoup his diminished bankroll by accepting an important radio offer ... LAURITZ MELCHIOR: Leon Henderson, lustiest singer in Washington, met his match in Donald Gordon, Canada's Price Administrator. The match was held in the Canadian woods. Gordon outsang Henderson.

Show Time

STAGE
National—"My Sister Eileen," at 8:30 p. m.
Willard Roof—"Ten Nights in a Barroom," at 8:30 p. m.
Cross Roads—"Out of the Frying Pan," at 8:45 p. m.
Gayety—"Burlesque at 12 noon, 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.

SCREEN
Palace—"Mrs. Miniver," at 10:20 a. m., 1:15, 4:05, 6:55 and 9:45 p. m.
Earle—"The Big Shot," at 11:15 a. m., 2, 4:45, 7:25 and 10:15 p. m. Stage shows at 1:10, 4, 6:40 and 9:25 p. m.
Capitol—"The Pied Piper" at 10:30 a. m., 12:55, 3:20, 5:40, 8:05 and 10:40 p. m. Stage shows at 1:10, 2:35, 4:55, 7:20 and 9:45 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Flight Lieutenant" at 11:25 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 5:35, 7:40 and 9:45 p. m.

Columbia—"Beyond the Blue Horizon" at 11:10 a. m., 12:35, 2:40, 4:25, 6:10, 7:55 and 9:40 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Pride of the Yankees" at 9:30, 11:50 a. m., 2:15, 4:40, 7:05 and 9:45 p. m.

Play—"Heart of Paris" and "Party wire" continuous from 1:30 p. m.

Little—"Mr. Deeds Goes to Town," at 11:25 a. m., 2, 4:35, 7:10 and 9:45 p. m.

Trans-Lux—Newsreels and shorts, 10:15 and 11:30 a. m., 12:45, 2, 3:15, 4:30, 5:45, 7, 8:15, 9:30 and 10:45 p. m.
Ambassador—"The Big Shot" at 1:30, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.
Open Air—"The Spoilers" at 8:45 and 11:35 p. m. "Castles in the Desert" at 10:30 p. m.

Landgoing Steamer
Two giant sound stages were required for the construction of a coastwise steamer on which much of the action of "Journey Into Fear" takes place.

AMUSEMENTS

Washington's Newest Theater
TRANS-LUX
Open Daily at 10 A. M.
1942's

OUTSTANDING ATTRACTION

First Washington Showing

"INSIDE FIGHTING RUSSIA"

True! Timely! Powerful!

SEE!

RUSSIA'S HEROIC STAND AGAINST THE NAZI INVADER—ACTUAL SCENES PHOTOGRAPHED AT THE BATTLEFRONT

Also

WORLD WIDE NEWSREELS

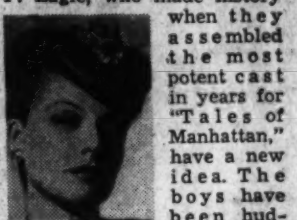
A Quiet Evening at Home That Led to Grim Events



RONALD COLMAN, JEAN ARTHUR AND CARY GRANT
the three stars of the picture, in one of the most forceful, but still amusing, scenes in Columbia's production of "The Talk of the Town," to be accorded its world premiere at the Earle Theater tomorrow. Impinging upon the United States Supreme Court and the fundamental law, this invigorating subject is of especial interest to the National Capital.

LOUELLA O. PARSONS
Hold Everything, Boys Have Idea!

Hollywood, Aug. 19 (INS).—Hold everything! Stop the presses! Boris Morros and S. P. Eagle, who made history



when they assembled the most potent cast in years for "Tales of Manhattan," have a new idea. The boys have been huddling for

ANN SHERIDAN days now and have made up their minds to film "Grand Street Boys," based on the club which has done so much to help unfortunate boys get started right. The membership includes men in the political, the religious and the literary world who grew up in the poor district of Grand Street and became famous. Former Cardinal Hayes was a member; Al Smith, Jimmie Walker, Irving Berlin and Eddie Cantor all pay dues. President Roosevelt, who was born on the right side of the tracks, is an honorary member. It wouldn't

surprise me if Boris Morros and S. P. Eagle, who stop at nothing, didn't try to get some of the Grand Street boys themselves.

It's not every 18-year-old boy who can look at Ann Sheridan and say, "Hello, Mom." No, it takes a veteran hero of the battles of Midway and Coral Sea to earn that honor—and the lucky youngster is none other than Max Factor (no relation to the famous cosmetic family, although he has the same name). Ann met Max at a USO party after he had been honorably discharged from Uncle Sam's service. Then and there she "adopted" him, professionally, took him out to Warners and got

him a job as a mail boy. If you ask me, it's a hero's life having Ann Sheridan sponsor you.

October's Book-of-the-Month selection is to be "They Were Expendable," by William L. White, author of "Journey for Margaret." M. G. M., who bought White's first book, has also nabbed this prize—an account of the boys who manned the torpedo boats when the Japs moved into the Philippines. The story of Lieut. Comdr. John Bulkeley and Lieutenant Kelly, who manned these torpedo boats is all told in a fascinating way by White, who, as a war correspondent, knows his subject.

AMUSEMENTS
COLUMBIA
NOW DOORS OPEN 10:45
Pagan Love in a Hidden Paradise for Two!
"BEYOND THE BLUE HORIZON"
in Technicolor ... with
DOROTHY LAMOUR RICHARD DENNING JACK HALEY
LAST FEATURE TONIGHT AT 9:45

Snapshots of Hollywood collected at random: George Brent has been accepted in

the Air Corps; Iris Adrian has said "yes" to George Jay, wealthy New York restaurant

owner, and heads east to marry him after she finishes "Crystal Ball."

AMUSEMENTS

AMUSEMENTS

AMUSEMENTS

RKO KEITH'S

OPPOSITE U. S. TREASURY ON 15TH ST.
DOORS OPEN 9 A. M.

1st Week \$50,000 saw it
2nd Week \$45,000 saw it
3rd Week \$35,000 saw it
So.. It Must be GREAT!

as we
now announce
a
4th WEEK!

* APPROXIMATELY

SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
GARY COOPER
in
THE PRIDE OF THE YANKEES

(THE LIFE OF LEO GENRIG)
with TERESA WRIGHT
DAVE BURN WALTER BRENNAN
Directed by SAM WOOD
Released through MCA Radio Pictures, Inc.
Screen Play by Jo Swerdlow and Herman J. Mankiewicz
Original Story by Paul Osborn

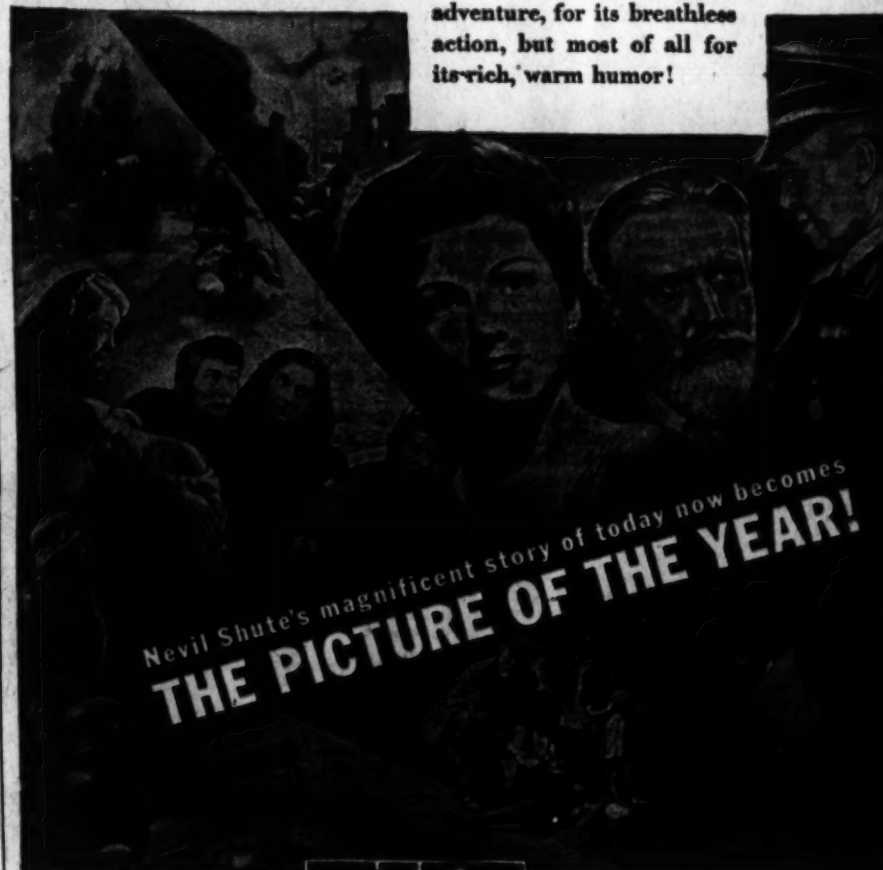
BUY WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

Added ... DISNEY'S "HOW TO PLAY BASEBALL"

Coming The FIRST FILM DRAMA of the FIRST AMERICANS TO FIGHT ... "EAGLE SQUADRON" Robert Stack, Diana Barrymore, Joe Hall—and the Flying Heroes of the EAGLE SQUADRON.

We Predict

Praise will be heaped on it for its thrills, for its tense adventure, for its breathless action, but most of all for its rich, warm humor!



Nevil Shute's magnificent story of today now becomes
THE PICTURE OF THE YEAR!

THE
PIED PIPER

20th Century-Fox triumph

MONTY WOOLLEY
RODDY McDOWALL
ANNE BAXTER

OTTO PREMINGER • J. CARROL NAISH

Produced and Written for the Screen by NORMALLY JOHNSON

Directed by IRVING PICHEL

"The Man Who Came to Dinner" scores again!

The "Gimme Galley" boy!

35,000,000 people thrilled to the story in Collier's, Reader's Digest, and the best-selling novel



We Predict

No finer combination show will be offered Washingtonians than this!

ON STAGE
TONY PASTOR
AND HIS ORCHESTRA

featuring
EUGENIE BAIRD • STUBBY PASTOR
JOHNNY (Paradiddle Joe) MORRIS
TERRY and RALPH RIO
JIMMY RAE • RHYTHM ROCKETS
ART BROWN • LYNN ALLISON



COOL
Loew's CAPITOL NOW
HEADQUARTERS FOR WAR STAMPS AND BONDS • LAST COMPLETE SHOW 10:45

Announcing the

SECOND WEEK

of one of the
10 BEST FILMS
of all time

Seldom has such glowing praise
been accorded a motion picture

GREER GARSON • WALTER PIDGEON

Directed by WILLIAM WYLER • Produced by SIDNEY FRANKLIN

"Mrs. Miniver"

with TERESA WRIGHT • DAME MAY WHITTY • REGINALD OWEN
HENRY TRAVERS • RICHARD NEE • HENRY WILCOXON • Screen Play
by Arthur Wimperis, George Froeschel, James Hilton and Claudine West

A WILLIAM WYLER Production Based on Jan Struther's Novel

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture (A Pre-Release Engagement)



LIBERTY MAGAZINE says: "It's a picture you ought to see—a great and moving film!"

REDBOOK selects it as the Picture of the Month, calling it "the first fine film of the new World War."

Playing
Now

LOEW'S PALACE

Doors Open 9:30 A. M.—Last Feature at 9:50

Treasury Proposes Tax Compromise

Ruml Plan Makes Headway; Payroll Levy Insisted Upon

By Cecil B. Dickson

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

The Treasury yesterday offered Congress a "soak-the-rich" and "forgive-the-poor" compromise on the Ruml pay-as-you-go income tax collecting plan, now being considered by the Senate Finance Committee for inclusion in the \$6,371,000,000 war revenue bill.

In contrast to the proposal of Beardsley Ruml, chairman of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, to forgive all income-tax payers of taxes on 1941 earnings so they can start paying cash on 1943 income after January, the Treasury proposal would save the poor \$2,400,000,000 and take \$2,600,000,000 from the rich on 1942 income.

Ruml's plan would cost the Government four billion dollars in 40 years, but would prevent taxpayers from incurring tax debt and would bring in revenue off current earnings.

Paul Explains Plan

Randolph Paul, general counsel, explained that the Treasury would forgive all taxpayers of the 4 per cent normal and 6 per cent surtax, but that those falling in the brackets over those rates would have to pay higher surtaxes on 1941 or 1942 income, whichever is selected as the year for credit.

Between 80 and 90 per cent of all income-tax payers, by the Treasury proposal, would receive full credit, or about 15 to 18 millions, who earn less than \$3500 a year.

The Treasury counterproposal was submitted after Ruml had been recalled by a Senate Finance Subcommittee headed by Senator Bennett C. Clark (Democrat), of Missouri, to further explain his plan.

Insists on Payroll Tax

Paul said the Ruml plan, even if modified by the Treasury proposal, would be "unacceptable" to the Treasury unless the pending 5 per cent withholding tax on payrolls, interests and dividends, is finally written into law.

Clark, who is making a study of the Treasury's withholding proposal, said:

"I was very much impressed with the Ruml plan. I was very much unimpressed by the Treasury's counterproposal."

After his session with the committee, Ruml said:

"We have had a full and frank discussion of the pay-as-you-go plan with the subcommittee and with representatives of the Treasury. And I believe that good progress has been made in exploring all phases of the plan. The widespread public interest and absence of serious technical and administrative criticism is encouraging."

Ruml said he favored his plan over the Treasury's because it contained "no inequalities." He explained that his plan would aid the Treasury plan to collect taxes at the source.

Paul insisted that a withholding tax is necessary because wage earners would spend their money before time to pay the Government and thereby add to the Government's inflationary problem.

Ruml told reporters he had conceived the idea of pay-as-you-go because of the difficulties many people got into with the Government under the present system of delayed tax collections. Many people earn big incomes in one year and before the March 15 deadline the following year, they might be wiped out or lose their jobs or go into the military service where incomes are cut below the amount of taxes they owe.

Keeps Taxes Current

Under the Ruml plan, a taxpayer would make a tentative report on anticipated 1943 income next March, based on 1942 earnings. The taxpayer would pay the difference or take credit for overpayment and then start paying either monthly or quarterly on anticipated 1943 earnings. At the end of the year a final income tax report would be filed and the differences in tax paid and due or overpaid would be adjusted.

"It would help get over the hump," Paul conceded. He added that it would avoid the "double-taxation" aspect of the Treasury's withholding tax plan, which would compel taxpayers to pay next March 15, taxes of 1942 income at the same time money is being withheld from the pay envelopes of 1943 income for 1943 taxes, resulting in extraordinary high rates when both are combined.

"Stamp" Idea Opposed

The Treasury also opposed the proposal for a "stamp" plan to collect

Laughton, Too, Is Coming Here



CHARLES LAUGHTON, Paramount star, will be in Washington with other film greats to participate in the premiere, "Stars Over America." The show, designed to launch a Nation-wide war bond drive by the motion picture industry, will be staged August 31.

Film Freeze Order Limits Movie Supply

By International News Service

The War Production Board yesterday issued an order freezing all motion picture film in the hands of manufacturers effective at 11:59 tonight.

Motion picture producers and all other users of 35mm film will have to apply to the War Production Board for authority to acquire unexposed 35mm film.

Officials said the purpose of the order is to enable the armed services to obtain all of the film for their requirements.

Harold Hopper, chief of the WPB motion picture and photographic section, said that the effect of the order will be to limit movies to the amount of film they used last year.

"For the present at least the producers will not be permitted to use more film than they did in 1941 and will be expected to use less under the conservation plan now in effect," Hopper said.

The WPB official said that a meeting will be held with industry representatives on August 25 to discuss allocation of film under the order.

Hopper said that no film will be available for commercial advertising pictures.

Government agencies will be able to obtain film upon approval by Lowell Mellett, chief of the Bureau of Motion Pictures in the Office of War Information.

WPB officials said that 35mm film for still cameras was not included in the order because raw materials for the manufacture of amateur film have already been curtailed under the production requirements plan, and a WPB order affecting film for amateurs will be issued shortly.

lect withholding taxes, claiming it was impractical from a Nation-wide viewpoint.

Guy T. Helvering, Internal Revenue Commission, said 8000 additional revenue collectors would be needed to collect the Treasury's withholding tax, besides imposing a heavy burden on employers as Federal tax collectors.

Senator James J. Davis (Republican) of Pennsylvania declared that under the pending Treasury bill much of American industry would be destroyed unless a new basis for calculating profits is found. Senator Alexander Wiley (Republican) of Wisconsin called on States and municipalities to reduce their taxes in order that citizens may meet increased Federal taxation.

Chinese Repel Jap Drive to Close Gap in Kiangsi

Chungking, Aug. 19 (AP).—A determined Japanese attack aimed at closing the gap in the Kiangsi Province railway front has been hurled back after thrusting westward 12 miles from Shangjiao, a Chinese Army spokesman announced today.

The Japanese objective was Hengfeng, 24 miles from Shangjiao, he said.

Simultaneously the Japanese drove wedges northwest and southwest from Shangjiao to protect their central column from flank attacks, the spokesman reported.

The Chinese communique, describing the same Kiangsi Province fighting on which the spokesman reported, said the Japanese had captured four townships in Central Kiangsi. The Japanese advance, it said, was south of Linchuan (Fuchow) and was continuing.

Man Sentenced In Row Over Gas

Richard Gary, 32, Negro, was sentenced in District Court yesterday to six months for stabbing a gasoline station attendant with a screwdriver, June 18, when the latter refused to make a gas sale after hours.

Justice David A. Pine imposed the sentence after Gary, whose former address was given at 1719 U Street Northwest, was permitted to plead guilty to simple assault. He had been charged originally with assault with a dangerous weapon.

The complainant was Charles Green, Negro.

PUC Cancels Bus Terminal Hearing

Public hearing on changing the route and terminal of the Arlington and Fairfax bus line, scheduled for 10 a. m. today, was canceled by the Public Utilities Commission last night.

A subsequent suggestion, now under consideration by the PUC, that

the buses of this line be routed north on Fourteenth Street to Pennsylvania Avenue, east to Twelfth Street and south to a new terminal in front of the old Post-office Building at Twelfth and Pennsylvania, led the commission to cancel the previously set hearing.

WORK HAND IN HAND WITH UNCLE SAM
BUY 'blue coal' NOW

Be Prepared—
Order Next Winter's Fuel

Now is the time to buy 'blue coal.' You'll not only be helping Uncle Sam but you'll have sure-fire protection against next Winter's cold. You can't beat this top-quality, carefully prepared hard coal for clean, healthful, money-saving heat. Play safe! Order today!

Save Fuel—Let Us Insulate Your Home

GRIFFITH-CONSUMERS COMPANY
1413 NEW YORK AVE. N.W. METROPOLITAN 4840

Distributed by the U. S. & W. Coal Co.
SOLD ONLY BY AUTHORIZED 'blue coal' DEALERS

DELICIOUS COLA FLAVOR WITH ENERGY
Guth
COLA
PUNCH
THE BEST FIVE CENT FOUNTAIN DRINK

Post Want Ads Bring Results

"16 to 1" your tires can go farther than you think!...



This is the Tire Life Indicator—part of the new Esso Dealer Service. It gives your tires a new lease on life!

New Esso Dealer Tire Service helps you get amazing extra mileage

How would you like to discover that your present set of tires contains far more mileage than you may have thought possible even with the best of care?

This is not an idle question. Back of it is a new and scientific method of increasing tire life. Tests have already been made by a number of Esso Dealers. In 16 out of every 17 cases car owners were literally amazed at the extra mileage their present tires could deliver. The chances are that you can get a lot more mileage too. See the Esso Dealer in your neighborhood.

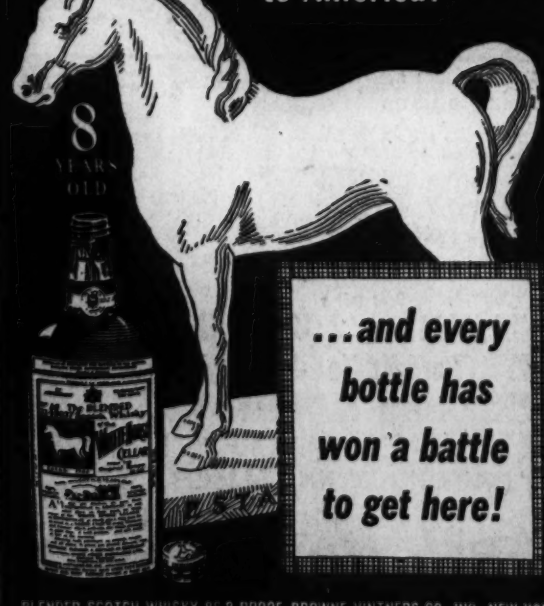
STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY



care saves wear

Sept. 1942, New York

Scotland has never shipped better
WHITE HORSE
to America!



...and every bottle has won a battle to get here!

BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY 86-9 PROOF. BROWN & WINTERS CO., INC., NEW YORK

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

Ambitious Generals Are Angling for FBI

The Army—or at least some of its ambitious generals—is angling for the Federal Bureau of Investigation. However, the chance of landing the prize civilian agency is believed to be slight, although the Army has a way of getting what it wants these days. Such has been the experience of half a dozen civilian agencies, including Civil Aeronautics, War Production Board and Federal Works. The Army is reported to be extremely interested in the FBI's internal security program. And on the subject of internal security, it's interesting to note that the FBI months ago investigated the hoax marker story the Army put out with a straight face 10 days ago. The Army, like FBI, found there was nothing to it but the FBI investigated first.

Privates are needed for the District Fire Department. A Civil Service exam has been announced. Entrance salary is \$1000. Applicants must live within 12 miles of the Capitol, be between the ages of 21 and 31 and weigh not less than 145 pounds. The Bureau rubber committee is setting up a staff through the Office of Emergency Management. Many believe the committee will turn its attention to steel and other material shortages when the rubber inquiry is completed. Incidentally, it's reported that the Bureau Committee spells the end of Arthur Newhall, the WTB rubber referee, who has his staff. Both outfits certainly aren't needed.

Brownrigg Joins OPA

William Brownrigg, assistant Labor Department personnel director, has transferred to OPA where he's executive officer of the rent division. The jobs of OPA Deputy Administrators, Bob Horton and Dexter Keezer, conflict. Some expect to see Keezer return to his college job. The junior calculating machine operator exam will be given next Wednesday. Dates for assistant statistical clerk tests are August 28 and 29. The New Dealers are being blamed for inspiring unfavorably publicized about WFB. Mild threats of firings have been heard. It all goes to show that some persons don't know who their friends are.

The Rumspeck Civil Service Extension Act, which was so bitterly fought over two years ago, is proving something of a disappointment. Only 20,000 employees have received permanent status under the bill. It was originally estimated that 300,000 would be affected. Now the commission says only 85,000 are eligible for status. But before any employee can get permanent merit status under the bill he must be recommended by the agency where he's employed. These recommendations must be made before January 1. The agencies have had more than a year to prepare lists for status but still only 20,000 employees have been recommended.

Warning to Agencies

Civil Service Commission has issued a warning to agencies to speed up the recommendations. It points out that many employees will lose classification rights unless they act soon. If you're eligible for status, see your personnel office. To be eligible, an employee must have been in the service since July 1, 1941. Employees who are eligible for status will be recommended for it and be "frozen" in their jobs indefinitely. They can't be promoted or transferred. However, employees who flunk the tests must be dismissed within six months. Employees who were appointed to Civil Service jobs between July 1, 1941, and March 16, 1942, will get permanent status eventually if they have good records. All appointments made after March 16 are good only for the duration of the war except field jobs of the postal service.

Many questions have been asked about the suggestion contest for Federal workers announced in The Post on Sunday. The facts: The Post will award a \$1000 war bond each month to the Federal employee who makes the most constructive suggestion for the improvement of the Federal service. The contest will start in September. Don't send your suggestions to The Post. Committees already have been set up in a number of agencies and they're being organized in others to consider the suggestions. The committees have various names—Veterans Award and Suggestion Committee—but whatever the names they'll nominate a person each month for the award. A committee will weigh the suggestions of the nominees and select the winner.

Held Without Bond

Sheriff Walter P. Wittmann at Edwardsville, Ill., received the gift of a 61-pound bear cub from a friend. The sheriff was puzzled as to where keep the cub. Then he hit on an idea, lodged the cub in the county jail.

PUC Hearing On Gas Rates Is Recessed

OPA Requests Time To Explain Records; Company Counsel Opposes Continuance

Hearings on a possible 3 to 4 per cent increase in consumer rates for the Washington Gas Light Co., as indicated by the sliding scale plan, were recessed for two weeks by the Public Utilities Commission yesterday at the request of Harry R. Booth, OPA intervenor.

The continuance, vigorously opposed by E. Barrett Prettyman, company counsel, was asked to give the OPA time to examine the records and testimony "so as to be in a position to express its views that no hardship would be imposed upon the company if there were no increase in rates, even though justified by the sliding-scale plan," Booth said.

Prettyman objected to Booth's request on grounds that the reiterated OPA intention, in intervening in the case, to ask that the sliding scale plan be reviewed in light of war conditions and the danger of inflation was irrelevant to the present hearing.

"Unreasonable Request"

Since the rate decisions under the sliding scale plan are scheduled for September 1, Prettyman pronounced it an "unreasonable request" for the OPA to ask for an extension, and stated that had he known that Booth's only purpose was to raise issues "immaterial to this proceeding," he would never have agreed to the OPA's petition of intervention.

He stated, moreover, that the sliding scale agreement is the gas company's sole credit resource. Since the rate increase would be an issue of \$5 preferred stock had failed, and the company is in great need of capitalization, any move to tamper with the sliding scale arrangement would be a serious question, he said, not to be treated as a by-issue of a hearing based upon the sliding scale agreement itself.

Under the sliding scale plan, in effect since 1935, if the company's business during a sample year falls below 5 1/2 per cent of the rate base, then the company is entitled to a rate increase during the next year of 1/8 of the difference between the actual return and 6 1/2 per cent of the rate base.

Figures justify increase. The figures of the gas company's business during 1941-42 show that the company did make less than 5 1/2 per cent of the rate base. By the company's calculations, it should be entitled to a rate increase of 1/8 of 1 per cent, or 1/8 of 1 per cent, but still justify a rate increase.

In order to spread this increase over all consumers, the company planned yesterday to increase general domestic service rates 3.33 per cent (or about 13 cents per month on an average consumption of 3700 cubic feet) and industrial and commercial use 3.18 per cent (or about 12 cents per month on an average usage of 5000 cubic feet for small consumers, or \$2.02 for larger firms which use 100,000 cubic feet or more of gas).

The present separate schedule for space heating was proposed to be dropped, and this type of usage charged general domestic or commercial rates. It was announced that this change had been contemplated for some years, and was now deemed advisable principally because by using only one meter for any home or establishment, some 25,000 small space-heating meters can be salvaged for other uses.

\$7.45 Average Home Boost

The increase to the average household, using gas for both heating and appliance purposes, was estimated at \$7.45 per year. Wholesale gas rates, for apartment houses and housing developments, would be increased 2.21 per cent, and for off-season users, such as for air-conditioning and generation of steam power, was scheduled for a 4.17 per cent increase.

These figures, based upon the company's accounting of its last year's business, were the final rate boosts ordered. If the P. U. C. should decide to disregard the O. P. A. request that the sliding scale plan be scrapped in deference to anti-inflation moves, and should allow the rate increase, it will be based on a deficiency somewhere between the P. U. C.'s \$323,488 estimate and the company's \$383,189 upon which rate increases were calculated.

Torpedoed Takoma Park Youth Leaves Today to Sail Again



PARTING—Leonard Angerman, 21, and his mother, Mrs. Leon Angerman, of Takoma Park, Md., will be separated again today. Young Angerman, who survived the torpedoing of his ship in the Gulf of Mexico, is leaving to continue his duty with the Merchant Marine.

His ship torpedoed and sunk in the Gulf of Mexico last week, Leonard Angerman, 21, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Angerman, 18 Woodland Avenue, Takoma Park, Md., will leave today to go back to sea with the Merchant Marine.

Not a bit shaken by his experience, Angerman, after his rescue, returned to his home for a few days visit with his family to await another assignment.

Has Girdled Globe. Third mate on an oil tanker, Angerman, as a seaman for five years, has traveled around the world. He was one of a crew of 43 men who were saved August 13 after their ship was sunk. It was 12:40 a. m. when the tanker struck directly below Angerman's room.

He had just been relieved from duty by the second mate and retired. "I just had time to grab my pants and papers in the dark before I rushed to the lifeboats," he said. With the ship listing heavily the most difficult part of the escape

was in lowering the lifeboats so they wouldn't crash against the side of the ship, Angerman said. It took four minutes from the time the boats were lowered away until members of the crew were in the water.

One man had his foot crushed in lowering a boat. Later his leg was amputated because of infection. Several members of the crew suffered minor injuries.

Lifeboats Near Sub. The three lifeboats were within 40 feet of the submarine which followed and shelled the ship. The tanker was about 15 miles off shore west of the mouth of the Mississippi when hit.

"We all felt we would be saved so everybody was in good spirits," Angerman said. "We rowed about six miles when the plane spotted us. A note dropped from the plane read, 'Help will come.'"

About 1930 a. m. the same morning, a ship traveling picked up the men up. They sailed 105 miles to Morgan City, La. They were clothed and fed until transportation arrangements were made for them to return to their homes.

Both pointed out, however, that while the city was well darkened after 12 minutes, which was 8 minutes before the attack, nevertheless the actual attack was a pretty well done in the first few minutes.

Mason suggested the possibility of using the "yellow" 20-minute signal in the general public alarm rather than waiting to get people off the streets and the lights off when the "red" announces that the invading planes are virtually overhead.

There were 63 violators of Monday's test reported to the police, as against 100 for the last test. The lone violation of the blackout to come into Municipal Court yesterday resulted in two fines of \$10 each for Charles Lee Parker, Negro, 43 of 1104 Sixth Street Northwest. Judge John P. McMahon imposed the fines on charges that Parker had refused to go indoors during the air-raid alarm and assaulted an air-raid warden, Eugene T. Jackson of 64 1/2 L Street Northwest. The offense occurred at Seventh and L Streets Northwest.

Parker, a War Department messenger, contended he did not know Jackson was an air-raid warden.

Boy's Death in Building Basis of \$10,000 Suit. A damage suit asking \$10,000 for the death of a 9-year-old boy who was fatally injured while playing in the freight elevator of an abandoned building at 429 G Place Northwest a year ago, was filed in District Court yesterday by the child's father, John D. Mathis, of 828 Thirtieth Street Northwest. Naming the Reliable Stores, Inc., as defendant, Mathis contended in the petition that his son, Carl, could not have been expected, because of his age, to realize the dangers involved in tampering with the elevator. The accident occurred August 26, 1941.

The Washington Post

****X

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1942

21

White House Silent on Raid Leak Charge

'Secrecy Impossible When So Many Have To Be Notified,' Mileham Contends

The White House was silent last night on charges by Chief Air Raid Warden William J. Mileham that some of its personnel were responsible for one of the "leaks" that killed the element of surprise in Tuesday night's unannounced air raid test.

"I'm not going to give the names of individuals," said Mileham, "but I have definite information that people there (at the White House) let the news out long before the sirens sounded."

Noting that the First Interceptor Command of the Army Air Force, the War and Navy Departments and the White House must be forewarned of air raid drills, Mileham added:

"Apparently it is impossible to plan an air-raid test in secrecy in a city where so many big shots have got to be notified in advance."

The whole situation is "ridiculous," he said. "However," he explained, "it's not the higher-ups that advance the information, but the clerks and other subordinates."

So generally circulated was advance information on the test, Mileham said, that one of his aides was notified by a number of department stores of the leak.

Elevator Boy Knew

One downtown hotel was installing colored blackout bulbs in its entrance early in the afternoon and at a large apartment house the elevator boy announced to oil and sundry for that the drill would be held that night, the chief warden reported.

Members of the protective forces themselves seemed to be among the few residents who had no advance knowledge of the test, Mileham held the bi-weekly meeting of deputy wardens as scheduled, which indicated to subordinate wardens that advance "tips" on the time of the test were unreliable.

Mileham, who is not supposed to know beforehand of surprise tests, received a call Tuesday afternoon from a representative of the Police Department, which is likewise supposed to be in the dark, informing him that he probably would need a car that night and one would be available.

Aside from the fact that it was no surprise and that lights strung along the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway would have alerted the city for any hostile airman, Wednesday's test was described as moderately successful.

Boulevard Problem Unsolved

Asked what could be done to eliminate the memorial highway lights in the next blackout, Civilian Defense Executive Director Lueven Bolles said: "I don't know."

Both pointed out, however, that while the city was well darkened after 12 minutes, which was 8 minutes before the attack, nevertheless the actual attack was a pretty well done in the first few minutes.

Mason suggested the possibility of using the "yellow" 20-minute signal in the general public alarm rather than waiting to get people off the streets and the lights off when the "red" announces that the invading planes are virtually overhead.

There were 63 violators of Monday's test reported to the police, as against 100 for the last test. The lone violation of the blackout to come into Municipal Court yesterday resulted in two fines of \$10 each for Charles Lee Parker, Negro, 43 of 1104 Sixth Street Northwest. Judge John P. McMahon imposed the fines on charges that Parker had refused to go indoors during the air-raid alarm and assaulted an air-raid warden, Eugene T. Jackson of 64 1/2 L Street Northwest. The offense occurred at Seventh and L Streets Northwest.

Parker, a War Department messenger, contended he did not know Jackson was an air-raid warden.

President Praised

Manuel A. Adeva, head of the national division in Elizalde's office, presided over the program and announced that he and the others were there to "honor our President and give thanks to God for his life." Osmena recited, at some length, the highlights of Quezon's career and his major achievements.

Elizalde praised him for his "sense of justice," his "lack of chicanery" and declared "you are still the promise in our hearts for the redemption of our people."

Topping the musical portion of the program were three stirring Filipino songs by Miss Enya Gonzalez. Persons seated near Mrs. Quezon noticed that tears welled in her eyes as the charming Miss Gonzalez sang.

Other numbers were piano selections by Rodolfo Cornejo; two violin solos by Marciano Hernandez Lopez, and a Philippine folk dance, "Rice Planting," effectively interpreted by Estefania Aldaba.

Council Sponsors Program

The program was sponsored by the Filipino Executive Council of Washington whose president, C. T. Elbo, brought felicitations on behalf of his organization to President.

Quezon Too Ill to Attend Fete on His 64th Birthday



CELEBRANTS—Among those attending the celebration of Manuel Quezon's sixty-fourth birthday anniversary last night at the Shoreham Hotel were Mrs. Quezon (left), wife of the Philippines President, and Sergio Osmena, vice president. Shown with them is Enya Gonzalez, who sang.

The need of conserving his frail strength last night prevented President Manuel Quezon of the Philippines from attending a party which fellow Filipinos had arranged on the occasion of his sixty-fourth birthday anniversary, but by radio he expressed to them his wish "that victory shall not be too long delayed so that I may set my eyes again on our beautiful Philippines."

A group of more than 200 Filipino officials, patriots and their American friends who gathered in the west ballroom of the Shoreham Hotel to honor Quezon heard him declare:

"... No matter how long the war lasts, I count upon every red-blooded Filipino to stand fast and firm to the bitter end, but I am sure, glorious end."

The President's inability to attend the party was a grave disappointment to those present. It was announced only that his address would be made from his room in the Shoreham, but from other sources it was learned that Quezon's physician had refused to let him appear.

Among those in the ballroom were the President's wife and their daughter, Miss Maria Aurora Quezon; Major General Basilio Valdez, chief of staff of the Philippine army; Vice President Sergio Osmena and Resident Commissioner Joaquin M. Elizalde.

President Praised. Manuel A. Adeva, head of the national division in Elizalde's office, presided over the program and announced that he and the others were there to "honor our President and give thanks to God for his life." Osmena recited, at some length, the highlights of Quezon's career and his major achievements.

Elizalde praised him for his "sense of justice," his "lack of chicanery" and declared "you are still the promise in our hearts for the redemption of our people."

Topping the musical portion of the program were three stirring Filipino songs by Miss Enya Gonzalez. Persons seated near Mrs. Quezon noticed that tears welled in her eyes as the charming Miss Gonzalez sang.

Other numbers were piano selections by Rodolfo Cornejo; two violin solos by Marciano Hernandez Lopez, and a Philippine folk dance, "Rice Planting," effectively interpreted by Estefania Aldaba.

Council Sponsors Program

The program was sponsored by the Filipino Executive Council of Washington whose president, C. T. Elbo, brought felicitations on behalf of his organization to President.

Boy's Death in Building Basis of \$10,000 Suit

A damage suit asking \$10,000 for the death of a 9-year-old boy who was fatally injured while playing in the freight elevator of an abandoned building at 429 G Place Northwest a year ago, was filed in District Court yesterday by the child's father, John D. Mathis, of 828 Thirtieth Street Northwest. Naming the Reliable Stores, Inc., as defendant, Mathis contended in the petition that his son, Carl, could not have been expected, because of his age, to realize the dangers involved in tampering with the elevator. The accident occurred August 26, 1941.

DRAFTING MATERIALS

MUTH 710 13 T.W.
RUGS WASHED
9x12 \$3.00
8x10 \$3.00
EMPIRE RUG CLEANERS
All Rugs Dried in Fresh Air
Phone North 1441
4611 Wisconsin Ave. N.W.

GEORGIA MANOR

CREAM OF MARYLAND RYES
BOTTLED-IN-BOND—100 PROOF
5 YEARS OLD
FULL QUART 1.99 CASE, \$23
LOW PRICES ON ALL BRANDS OF BEER, WINE, WHISKEY, RUM, SCOTCH, IMPORTS, ETC., AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING ALL NATIONALLY KNOWN BRANDS
No Parking Troubles—Stop by and SAVE! WHOLESALE and RETAIL
IG'S for LIQUORS—5416 GEORGIA AVE.
ECONOMY

Watered Ice

A woman in Grand Island, Nebr., complained to the city light, water and ice commissioner: "Your ice isn't as good as Omaha's." Asked what was the matter with the ice, the woman replied: "I don't know unless it's because you use too much water in it."

More U.S. Aid To D.C. Asked By McCarran

Present Payment Not Enough, He Says; Hearing Concluded On Tax Exemptions

A final and equitable adjustment of the District's tax program will not come until there is an increase in the Federal Government's contribution to the city treasury, Senator McCarran, chairman of the District Committee, declared yesterday. Commenting on the tax problems aired at the just concluded hearings on his institutional tax-exemption bill, he asserted:

"The Federal Government and the people of the United States, as well as the people of Washington, are the beneficiaries of many of the tax-exempt groups and institutions. It has always been my position that the Federal Government does not meet its proper measure of contribution to the tax burden of the District of Columbia as a National Capital."

"This, too, must be solved—not in this bill, but in the not far distant future. The solution of this problem in my judgment will go a long way toward making the tax burden of the District fair and equitable on the people of the city."

McCarran said that he hoped the pending bill, now in the process of final revision, would be able to "stand for all time" as an authority on eligibility for a tax-free status in the District—leaving no doubts or questions for institutions and tax officials to wrangle over.

The legislation, which liberalizes and redefines tax exemption rights, was prompted by interpretive troubles over the provisions of the old bill—resulting in the restoration to the tax rolls of many institutions admittedly worthy of exemption.

"There is no question in my mind," he declared, "that the property operated by religious, charitable, educational and scientific institutions, with nonprofit economic setups, is deserving of exemption. This is the Capital of the Nation, destined to be the capital of the civilized world. Therefore, it will be the duty for science, education and other public and quasi-public activities for the world."

"The city of Washington naturally invites those who are at the head of charity, religion, science and education to come here and make their headquarters here. The presence here of great human activities is in itself a benefit and carries far greater compensation than any taxation on the property."

Fighting 29th Veterans To Contribute Blood

Baltimore, Aug. 19 (AP)—Some 2500 veterans expected to attend the annual reunion of the Twenty-ninth Division on the A. E. F. September 5-7 have promised to donate 10,000 pints of blood to the Army and Navy. William C. Nickla, reunion committee general chairman, said today:

"We are proud to have the fighting blood of the old Twenty-ninth mingle with the fighting blood of the youngsters who are now carrying the torch which we carried in 1917-18," he added.

Family Reunion Set

Hagerstown, Aug. 19.—The fifth annual Cooper family reunion will be held in the City Park here Labor Day. Mrs. Mayme Cooper Hamilton is president.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, BRIC-A-BRAC, ETC.

At Public Auction AT SLOAN'S 715 13th St. N.W. Tomorrow at 10 A. M.

Schindler's SALTED PEANUTS

- fresh!

PRE-TAX VALUE 7-DAY SPECIAL

YOUR LAST CHANCE TO GET THIS HIGH QUALITY LIQUOR AT THIS LOW PRICE BEFORE THE NEW TAX GOES INTO EFFECT!

GEORGIA MANOR

CREAM OF MARYLAND RYES
BOTTLED-IN-BOND—100 PROOF
5 YEARS OLD
FULL QUART 1.99 CASE, \$23

LOW PRICES ON ALL BRANDS OF BEER, WINE, WHISKEY, RUM, SCOTCH, IMPORTS, ETC., AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING ALL NATIONALLY KNOWN BRANDS

No Parking Troubles—Stop by and SAVE! WHOLESALE and RETAIL

IG'S for LIQUORS

5416 GEORGIA AVE. ECONOMY

Patent Pool Aided U.S., Probers Told

Standard Oil Official, Sen. Bone Clash At Quiz on Dealings With Nazi Outfit

By Edward Ryan
Post Staff Writer

Under a sharp quizzing by Senate Patents Committee members, officials of the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey declared yesterday that their prewar dealings with the German chemical trust had gained more for America in war materials than it gave the Nazis.

William S. Farish, president of the firm, ran into repeated disagreement with Senator Bone (Democrat) of Washington, committee chairman, and Creekmore Farish, committee counsel, as he disputed previous testimony from Government witnesses that arrangements between his firm and the German I. G. Farbenindustrie had resulted in impending America's war effort.

At one point, Farish, reading from his prepared statement, said "all of you know now the enormous advantages to the public of our contracts with I. G. Farbenindustrie."

Doubt Hitler's Altruism
"We know nothing of the sort," said Farish. "Adolf Hitler has been running I. G. Farben since 1933 and I don't believe that Adolf Hitler was giving anyone anything."

A moment later Farish said that his conclusion, from full knowledge of the agreements with I. G. F., was that "the United States got far more from Germany than Germany ever received from us."

Farish interposed to say "I don't believe the record bears that out." First of the clashes with Senator Bone came when Farish charged that the committee's inquiry into proposed revisions of patent laws had been "one-sided and had not heard 'one disinterested witness' on Standard Oil."

Bone Retorts
"Standard Oil may be a large outfit," Bone remarked, "but it is not going to mislead the American public while I remain alive."

"I'm fed up with outfits like yours intimating that Congress is trying to ride them. God knows we're not. No one is big enough to ride your outfit."

Farish broke in to say that the committee believed Department of Justice witnesses who had presented testimony on Standard Oil to be "impartial and unprejudiced."

Farish declared that while the original purpose of the hearings had been to gather opinion on proposed patent legislation, "they have produced a secondary result which is very much our concern."

"Statements made by witnesses before this committee, widely publicized in the press of this whole Nation, were based upon misinterpretation of contracts, memoranda and letters from our files."

"This was after months of examination of the files of our com-

pany, with our full cooperation to help get at the whole facts of the matter."

Bone retorted that "you might recall that all documents presented as exhibits have been set forth in full," and that whenever a paragraph was quoted the entire document had been placed in the record.

When starting to deal with I. G. Farben some 17 years ago, Farish said, "we could not foresee 1942." If his firm had known in advance that war would come, he said, "we would have been even more anxious than we were to sign those contracts to permit us to weave into the technical knowledge and experience of the industries of our country a large part of the technical advances of modern German science."

Half the bombs we are dropping on Japan and Nazis are made possible by the research based on that contract with I. G. F., Farish declared.

Gains to U. S. Cited
Out of Standard's dealing with I. G. F., said Farish, America got these war processes and products: The first process for producing 100-octane aviation gasoline, early enough to permit the Army and Navy to standardize plant designs on the assurance they could be powered with the more efficient fuel.

Synthetic toluol, basis of the T. N. T. used in military explosives, in time to start its production before America entered the war.

The most modern and efficient methods and apparatus to manufacture synthetic ammonia, also an ingredient of T. N. T., from natural gas.

A substance called paratone, used in hydraulic and recoil oils for guns and other war weapons. Farish said a material used to prevent motor oils from freezing.

Buna rubber processes which Farish said are today the foundation of the American synthetic rubber program.

Butyl rubber, which he said was potentially the most important of all synthetic rubbers. Vistanex, a substance used to develop butyl rubber.

Development Details Told
Details of the toluol development were told by R. T. Haslam, a vice president of Standard, and after hearing these, Senator Clark (Democrat) of Idaho, another committee member, asked "what did I. G. Farben get out of all this?"

"They got cash, and knowledge of how to refine oil," said Haslam, adding that it showed "the hand of fate that the products we got were war products."

"You think you made a bad deal from the peacetime standpoint but a good deal from the wartime standpoint?" Clark asked.

"Yes sir," said Haslam, but Farish joined in to say "I don't think it was a bad deal from the peacetime standpoint."

Senator Bone ordered the hearing to continue at 10:30 a. m. today.

Canada Orders Strict Job Rules

Ottawa, Aug. 19 (U.P.)—Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King tonight announced a new man-power policy which, by curtailing or eliminating nonessential civilian activities and restricting the right to seek employment, will require every Canadian citizen to "make his most useful contribution" to the war effort.

The Prime Minister revealed in a half-hour radio address to the nation that the government soon will compel individuals who leave their jobs to obtain permits before they accept new ones.

Father Joins Enthusiastic Son in Navy



"QUICK WATSON, ENLIST"—Home in St. Louis on furlough, Seaman Robert E. Watson, 17, was so enthusiastic about the Navy that his 40-year-old father, Ollie John Watson, enlisted as an electrician's mate. Said Mrs. Watson, shown with her Navy men: "I never saw things happen so fast. But then, I still have the dog for company."

Police Quizzing Catcoe Wins Stay of Execution, 12 in Woman's Mails 2d Draft Questionnaire Brutal Death

By the Associated Press

Cleveland, August 19.—Seven men and five women were held today for questioning in the beating death of a 28-year-old woman which was disclosed by a gun battle that killed an Elyria policeman and Nathaniel Spurlie, Negro, who operated a night club here.

The 12 captives, including Spurlie's 20-year-old wife, were described by police as his associates in a career which included vice, drugs, thievery and finally homicide.

The three violent deaths last night climaxed a number of vice cases in which Spurlie was the convicted, key character in the debauchery of four white girls.

White Woman Dead
Dead, besides Spurlie, were Doris McConnell, 28 and white, recently arrested on a vice charge, and Patrolman Howard Taft.

When Taft and another patrolman investigated an Elyria traffic collision involving Spurlie's luxurious coupe, the night club operator whipped out a gun and fired at Taft, who fell wounded. Lying in the street, the policeman drew his service revolver and killed Spurlie. Taft died later in a hospital.

Woman Badly Beaten
Miss McConnell's nude body was found stuffed into the trunk of Spurlie's car. Coroner S. C. Ward said the woman had been "badly beaten" from 8 to 20 hours earlier, perhaps with a whip. So disfigured was her face that her identity was established through fingerprints left with the Cleveland Police Department after she was arrested on vice charges.

Detective Sgt. Martin P. Cooney, chief of the homicide squad, said Spurlie and Miss McConnell had apparently quarreled in the rooms over Spurlie's Cleveland night club and later at a house operated by Spurlie. A suite in this house bore evidence of a violent quarrel.

Spurlie was sentenced last April in vice cases involving "teenage" white girls, frequenters of Negro night clubs.

Jarvis Theodore Roosevelt Catcoe, convicted rape-slayer, who was scheduled to die in the District Jail electric chair tomorrow, won a stay of execution until September 25 yesterday, and took early advantage of the reprieve by arranging to have his occupational questionnaire returned to Local Board No. 9.

During the hearing before Justice David A. Pine in District Court, the 38-year-old Negro slipped the questionnaire into the hand of his attorney, George J. Boden, and whispered:

"Here, Mr. Boden, mail this in. I think it's overdue." Among the occupations Catcoe had checked were Diesel engineer, waiter, embalmer, electrician, elevator operator, plasterer and personnel manager. He described his present job as "in jail." He listed no dependents and said he had attended high school for two years. The questionnaire was due back at the board Monday.

Justice Pine also granted a stay of execution to Bernard Lee Williams, 21, Negro, who also was sentenced to die tomorrow for raping a 17-year-old girl.

Both won new leases on life on the same ground—that their cases are still before the United States Court of Appeals.

Catcoe was convicted almost a year ago for raping and murdering Mrs. Rose Abramowitz, 28-year-old wife of a Social Security Board employee, in her apartment, 1900 block Sixteenth Street Northwest, March 6, 1941.

He is also under indictment for raping and slaying Jessie Elizabeth Strieff, War Department clerk, in the 1700 block of Q Street Northwest, June 18, 1941.

Accountancy
Pace Courses: B. C. S. and M. C. S. Degrees. C. P. A. Preparation. Day and Evening Divisions. Conducational Send for 36th Year Book BENJAMIN FRANKLIN UNIVERSITY 1100 16th Street, N.W. at L RE 2382

SCHOOL DAY ENERGY!
HOT-FRESH-ROASTED PLANTERS PEANUTS IN THE SHELL 2 LBS. 45¢
FRESH MIXED NUTS 75¢ L.B.
ROASTED BEFORE YOUR EYES SALTED IN PURE CREAMERY BUTTER

THE PEANUT STORE
705 15th St. N.W. 1010 F St. N.W.
(Bet. G St. & N. Y. Ave. N.W. on 16th St.)
Open Evenings and Sundays
LOOK FOR THE STRUNG PEANUT DISPLAY

D. C. Man Held For Jury in Woman's Death

Ernest James Shifflett, 42, of 394 Third Street Northwest was ordered held for the grand jury at a coroner's inquest yesterday in connection with the death of Mrs. Pattle Edwards, 38, whose battered body was found in her home, 500 Third Street Northwest, late Monday.

Mrs. Edwards was found on the living room of her apartment by police with wounds on her head, apparently inflicted with a beer bottle or an electric fan. The cause of death was a fractured skull.

Shifflett was arrested in the apartment by Privates C. R. Winemiller and P. H. Clark of No. 1 Precinct, who responded in a patrol car after a neighbor telephoned police.

Also held for action of the grand jury was Louis Ralph Brooks, 38, Negro, of 201 Second Street Southwest, in the fatal shooting of Ralph David Brown during an altercation at Second and C Streets Southwest Monday.

Brown died early Monday morning in Casualty Hospital from wounds inflicted by a 12-gauge shotgun. Police arrested Brooks in a woodshed in the 200 block of C Street Southwest a short time after the shooting, and the gun was subsequently located in a doorway in the 200 block B½ Street.

Navy Band Will Play Today at Sylvan Theater
The United States Navy Band will play for a service men's program today at 7:45 p. m. at the Sylvan Theater on the Washington Monument Grounds. The program, originally scheduled for last Saturday, was postponed because of rain.

An Announcement
An old address has been given new meaning. The Hotel Belmont Plaza, conveniently situated in the Grand Central Zone, has been placed in the managerial hands of Earl H. Rosay, former director of the St. Regis for over 30 years. As a result, the Belmont Plaza has acquired both a new policy and a new appearance. Thoroughly reconditioned throughout, this hotel has dedicated itself to the establishment of a distinguished clientele.

800 Rooms, from \$3
None of the famous GLASS HAY

Belmont Plaza
DIRECTION: EMBL, ROSAY
LEXINGTON AVE. at 49th ST., NEW YORK

Accountancy
Pace Courses: B. C. S. and M. C. S. Degrees. C. P. A. Preparation. Day and Evening Divisions. Conducational Send for 36th Year Book BENJAMIN FRANKLIN UNIVERSITY 1100 16th Street, N.W. at L RE 2382

*****STAR LIQUOR*****

Sensational SCOTCH Sale

WHITE HORSE... DEWAR'S WHITE LABEL... VAT 69... JOHNNIE WALKER (Black & Red)... SACCONNE & SPEED... GILBEY'S SPEY ROYAL... CUTTY SARK... KING'S RANSOM... BALLANTINE'S... and others.

As a courtesy to the distillers, in view of the extremely low prices, they are not here listed. We will gladly quote prices over the phone. PLEASE CALL. MR. BRISKE—DL 2144. **We Deliver**

EXCLUSIVE WASHINGTON DISTRIBUTORS FOR BLACK GOLD, AMERICA'S FINEST KENTUCKY BOURBON

STAR LIQUOR

513 11th St. N.W.—DL 2156

Join the pace setter...
step along with

JOHNNIE WALKER
BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY

It's a different whisky... a whisky of distinguished flavor... this Johnnie Walker—the smoothest and mellowest of Scotch—enjoyed all over the world—distilled and bottled only in Scotland.

Local Distributor: Belmont & Co. Inc.
1357 New York Ave., N.E., Washington, D. C.

Protectors and Beautifiers
ANCHOR FENCES
BENJAMIN JASPER CO.
615 Columbia Building
National 7077

BABY SKIN IRRITATIONS
promptly relieved with wonderful soothing Zemo—A Doctor's formula.
ZEMO OINTMENT

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

WHISKY THAT LIVES UP TO A GRAND TRADITION

Philadelphia! Only a whisky so good can meet the exacting standards of a city famed since colonial days for good food, gracious hospitality, the best of cheer. Its winning charm captivates the taste with a sense of something rare and fine. Get a bottle today!

Philadelphia
BLENDED WHISKY
FAMOUS SINCE 1894
Heritage of Hospitality
CONTINENTAL DISTILLING CORPORATION, PHILA. PA.

TWO TRAVELERS GET A BREAK...

"MY TIME ISN'T MY OWN... I'VE GOT TO GO NOW"

NO. 1

"I'LL TAKE MY TIME... AND GO WHEN THE CROWDS AREN'T SO BIG"

NO. 2

when you take your trip in MID-WEEK or after the summer rush

When you choose the uncrowded times to travel two people benefit—you and the man in uniform or war worker who uses the seat you leave for him on a week-end or holiday! You'll have a more comfortable, more pleasant trip if you wait till after the summer rush period is over—if you go on Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday. And you'll be saving space for those whose wartime activities make it necessary for them to travel on crowded week-ends.

The Government has recognized the need for recreation travel—but your cooperation in timing your trip well is essential. You can also aid by getting information and tickets in advance—and by traveling light, taking as little baggage as possible.

GREYHOUND TERMINAL
1110 New York Ave. N.W. Phone National 9090
Blue Ridge Phone, Metropolitan 1523, Alexandria Terminal, 109 N. Washington St. Phone ALex. 0350

GREYHOUND BLUE RIDGE LINES

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

Out of San Diego, Calif., comes the report that one Dick Poillon, rookie Redskin back, is out-punting Sammy Baugh and may inherit the team's kicking job when the league season opens. We don't believe it.

We have never laid eyes on Poillon and he may, indeed, be a potent punter, but we are willing to bet a bob or two that when Coach Ray Flaherty feels that the time has come for the Redskins to punt, Baugh will be doing the job.

The best things the Redskins could boast in the last four years since Cliff Battles turned down that munificent \$2700 salary offer and quit the team have been (1) Baugh's passing and (2) Baugh's punting. Sammy was not only the best punter on the Redskins, but the best punter in the whole god-durned league.

Football fans outside of Washington where Baugh has seen the most action, may have been slow to recognize Slingin' Sammy for the punter he is, but that has been on account of his passing fame which overshadowed his punting. However, there have been days, even when Baugh has been in fine throwing form, that his kicking has been a help more helpful to the Redskins than his passes.

There have been guys in the league who could perhaps outpunt Baugh for distance, just as there were players on his own team who could throw a pass farther than Sammy. We remember a day when Sammy gave a passing exhibition for both accuracy and distance and Charley Malone, the big end, threw the ball consistently 10 and 20 yards farther than Baugh. We asked Sammy about that and he said, "Shucks, there are five or six guys on this club who can throw a ball farther than I can." But they pay off, of course, on accuracy.

There was a punter in the league two or three years ago who could consistently boot a ball farther than Baugh, but he wasn't a better punter. We mean Ralph Kercheval, the old Kentuckian who was with the Brooklyn club, and who could ride a ball farther than any man we've ever seen, but he wasn't as good a punter as Baugh. He couldn't angle those kicks away from the safety man like Sammy, or make them curl up and roll dead inside the five-yard line.

Baugh's best asset, though, outside of his passing was his quick-kicking. At getting the ball away from short formation, Sammy has been no less than wizard. The quick-kick in the hands of Baugh became one of the Redskins' chief offensive instruments. In fact, there was some doubt that Sammy could ride a ball any farther from punt formation than from short formation.

And so when they speak of a rookie coming along to take Baugh's kicking job, the fellow must be out of this world or at least a better man than the best punter in the league. In his kicking, Baugh always had something of an edge to start with, in addition to his native ability to dig his toe into the ball. The threat of his passing was no little help to Sammy's kicking, with the safety man usually panicked by the idea of dropping back too far and opening up passing territory to a fellow who can come close to threading a needle with a football pitch.

When Baugh let all the league's punters in average yardage last season, it was something less than amazing. The season before, he had accomplished the same feat, averaging 51 yards per boot despite the fact that probably half of his kicks were quick kicks. Baugh leads the league not only because of the consistency of his boots. In 1940 his longest punt was 65 yards. Only one other punter, during the season, Parker Hall's 75-yard boot, came even close to rivaling Baugh's 65-yarder. Nobody else achieved more than 70 yards on a kick during the entire season.

The Brooklyn Dodgers have a young fellow in Dean McAdams from the University of Washington who is probably the second best punter in the league. He is in his second year with the Dodgers. It was McAdams who, at Soldiers Field last August in the Bears-All Americans game, set a new punting record for that classic. The holder of the old record, you guessed it, that flash-in-the-pan, Baugh.

"Dear Sir," writes Mr. Harry Seiford of 1410 M Street Northwest, "your article on base stealing the other day has been read by me and the early part of the 30's when the lead-off men on the Philadelphia Nationals were Andrews and Fogarty. The former wore a gauntlet on his left arm and would slide into second base head first with his gauntlet arm outstretched when Fogarty tapped a slow roller between third base and the pitcher.

"In the early 30's, we had a shortstop named Dave Altizer who was followed at the bat by Hunter Hill, the third baseman. Hill used a short bat that was termed a potato masher and he had the art of tapping the ball when Altizer was on first so that Dave often went from first to third on a tricking punt. I have been a fan since 1872 and I remember when Altizer was playing on his home grounds at Sixteenth and E Streets Northwest, when their pitching star was a fellow named One-Armed Daily. Maybe somebody remembers him."

Navy's New Coach Tackles Grid Job With Cheerful Grin

Comdr. Welch Has Big Rebuilding Job And 9-Game Suicide Schedule at Annapolis

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 19.—Step up and meet the man who's saddled with football's No. 1 rebuilding job this year.

He's Comdr. John E. Welch, U. S. N., Navy's new head coach, and all he must do is to mold a Tar eleven capable of navigating a nine-game "suicide" schedule from the slim material left behind by Maj. Emory E. (Swede) Larson, who beat the Army consistently between 1939 and 1941.

Welch is looking his task right in the eye and he's determined to succeed against such foes as Notre Dame, Columbia, Princeton, Georgia Tech—and Army.

"We've only six returning men from the first three teams we took to Philadelphia last year, but," he added, displaying a characteristic fighting grin, "the balance of the team must come from the inexperienced members of the squad. And your guess as to their identity is as good as mine."

"It is pretty difficult to say how far the 1942 team will develop," he explained, "but Navy had some of its greatest teams during the last war and we hope history may repeat. All I can say is that we'll be out there fighting every Saturday."

Welch, a native of Gainesville, Ga., has been coaching on and off since he assisted "Gloomy Grit" Dobbs with Navy's squad. He spent two other terms as a Navy assistant coach, and developed teams of enlisted men representing various ships and the Norfolk Navy Yard. He returned to Annapolis last year to aid Larson.

"Swede hasn't left me much," he admitted, "but we'll start practice next week in shorts and see how far we can go toward keeping up the record."

Ladies Day Set Today as Newsom, Masterson Pitch

Buck Newsom and Walter Masterson will attempt to bring the Nats an edge in the four-game series with the Athletics today when the two clubs meet in a double-header at Griffith Stadium.

Masterson's last Griffith Stadium appearance was his 1-0 shutout victory over the Red Sox. Newsom won his last stadium start also, beating the Yankees, 6 to 2.

Griffith Stadium officials have designated the double-header as a special ladies' day offering.

FUNTS AND PASSES—Ernie Pinckert, former Washington blocking star, has been a spectator at almost all the local practices.

Turk Edwards, Flaherty's chief assistant, has been doing a swell job getting the Redskin linemen into shape.

Edwards, incidentally, has "tapered off" to 260 pounds.

Feller Blanks Hoyas on 3 Hits for Norfolk, 5 to 0
Keller's Homer Gives Yanks Split With Bosox

The Camera Catches the Great Feller in a Pair of Bad Moments



The above pictures show two of the few uncomfortable moments Rapid Robert Feller experienced yesterday as he pitched the Norfolk Naval Training Station nine to a 5-0 victory over Georgetown at the Hilltop. Left—Bob sighs and mops his brow after his worst scare of the game, in the second inning when he loaded the bases with none out and then fanned the side. With him is Lieut. H. M. Rudio officer in charge of the team. Right—Feller's bat describes an arc in the ozone as he fans in the ninth inning for the second time during the game.

Feller and Sailors Blank Hoya Nine, 5-0

Former Tribe Ace Gives 3 Singles, Has Only One Bad Inning; Wells Hurls Well for G. U.

By Jack Munhall

Rapid Robert Feller was the Feller of old only when he had to be yesterday as Norfolk Naval Training Station won a well-played 5 to 0 game from Georgetown at the Hilltop.

More than 1500 fans packed the stands and the surrounding hills to watch the former Cleveland ace experience but one bad inning while letting the Hoyas down with three scattered singles and whiffing nine.

In the second inning after the Tars had clinched the ball game with a cluster of three tallies in the first, Feller yielded a single, a walk and struck a batsman to load the bases with none out.

That was Georgetown's big opportunity but that was also when Feller hitched up his belt and did his best throwing of the game. He struck out Art Hines and Billy Hassett, brother of the Yankee first baseman, and retired Pitcher Joe Wells as the slim Hoya right-hander mysteriously bunted foul on the last strike. Continuing his strike-out streak, Feller fanned five of the next seven men he faced.

Hoyas Last Chance

Never again were the Hoyas in so fortunate position, although they had a runner on first with one gone in the sixth and another at the initial station with none out in the seventh.

Feller, some 15 pounds slimmer than when he appeared here at Griffith Stadium last month to pitch the Norfolk nine to a 5-2 decision over Camp Lee, had plenty of speed and a wicked hook when needed.

Judge, the former Nats' star and Georgetown's coach during the spring season, thought Feller was as fast as when he was blinding American Leaguers with his fireball, but as far as Georgetown was concerned he was too swift to hit, even though he seemed to loaf in the late innings.

Joe Gyorgydeak, G. U.'s star seer, See GEORGE, Page 24, Column 6.

The Majors

American League

W. L. Pct. G.B.
New York..... 78 40 .661
Boston..... 66 51 .564 11½
Cleveland..... 63 56 .523 15
St. Louis..... 62 57 .521 15½
Detroit..... 60 62 .482 20
Chicago..... 56 62 .446 25
Philadelphia..... 46 77 .374 34½

Yesterday's Results
Philadelphia, 8; Washington, 0 (night).
New York, 4-2; Boston, 6-1.
Detroit, 6; Cleveland, 1.
(Only games scheduled.)

Games Today
Philadelphia at Washington (2)—Kneib (2-9) and L. Harris (10-11) vs. Masterson (5-7) and Newsom (19-15).
New York at Boston—Brauer (6-6) or Gomes (6-4) vs. Buland (2-1).
St. Louis at Chicago (night)—Sandra (6-5) vs. Humphries (9-9).
(Only games scheduled.)

National League

W. L. Pct. G.B.
Brooklyn..... 79 35 .693
St. Louis..... 74 42 .638 6½
New York..... 65 53 .551 16
Cincinnati..... 58 67 .464 25
Pittsburgh..... 54 69 .438 28
Chicago..... 48 72 .400 34½
Philadelphia..... 32 79 .288 46

Yesterday's Results
Brooklyn, 11; Boston, 1.
Pittsburgh, 9; Cincinnati, 2.
St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 1 (night).
(Only games scheduled.)

Games Today
New York at Brooklyn (twilight) McFee (4-2) vs. Wyatt (4-4).
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati—Kilger (1-5) vs. Vander Meer (13-9).
(Only games scheduled.)

Dodgers Slam Rookie Wolff Beats Nats for Macks, 8 to 0

Knuckleballer Scatters Nine Hits; A's Rout Hudson With Early Attack in Night Game

By Shirley Povich

Post Staff Writer

Roger Wolff, a rookie with a knuckle ball, threw nine innings of confusion at the Nats last night and shut 'em out with his fluttery pitch. He conducted the Athletics to a soft-touch 8-0 victory under the lights in the glum presence of 6000 customers.

Young Wolff, who was pitching at Williamsport, Pa., last summer, gave up nine hits but spaced them one to an inning. The lone Washington athlete to progress as far as third base got there under these circumstances: a force-out, a stolen base and a passed ball, just to give you an idea of the Nats' rousing batting attack.

The only member of the Nats who found any great interest in the dip-doodle pitching of Wolff was First Baseman Mickey Vernon. He banged out a hit in each of his four times at bat, topping off his large evening with a two-bagger.

Hudson Loses

Sid Hudson won't be the losing pitcher. The A's dispatched him very quickly—within a four-run spurge in the second inning. Hudson didn't last the inning out. Wolff himself hastened Hudson's departure with a single that moved two runs across the plate during the inning.

Thereafter Ray Scarborough and Bill Zuber did the pitching for the Nats, and the A's picked up their last three runs against Scarborough. The sort of events that were to take place began to cast their shadows in the first inning when Wolff got rid of the Nats by striking three of 'em out.

The Athletics moved into a 1-to-0 lead against Hudson in the first inning through little fault of his own. With one out, Ellis Clary compounded two errors on a ground ball off Volo's bat. First he fumbled it and then threw wild part first, enabling Volo to reach second. Buddy Blair scored him with a single to right.

Hudson invited trouble for himself in the second when he walked Bob Johnson with none out and wild-pitched him to second. McNair

See NATS, Page 25, Column 1.

See PIRATES, Page 25, Column 1.

See NATS, Page 25, Column 1.

The Box Score

Philadelphia, A.B.R.H.O.A.E.
Kreevich, cf..... 5 0 1 3 0 0
Volo, rf..... 4 1 2 0 0 0
Blair, 3b..... 4 1 2 1 0 0
Slebert, 1b..... 5 2 3 5 0 0
Johnson, lf..... 4 1 2 0 0 0
McNair, ss..... 4 1 2 4 1 0
Davis, 2b..... 5 0 6 1 0
Wagner, c..... 4 1 1 1 0 0
Wolff, p..... 9 0 0 0 0 0

Totals..... 40 8 12 27 7 0
WASHINGTON, A.B.R.H.O.A.E.
Case, lf..... 4 0 1 3 0 0
Spence, cf..... 5 2 7 0 0 0
Cullenbine, 3b..... 3 0 1 0 0 0
Campbell, rf..... 4 0 0 1 0 0
Vernon, 1b..... 4 0 4 1 0 0
Sullivan, ss..... 4 0 0 2 0 0
Clary, 2b..... 4 0 0 1 1 2
Evans, c..... 4 0 0 3 1 0
Hudson, p..... 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scarborough, p..... 0 0 0 0 0 0
Zuber, p..... 0 0 0 0 0 0
Estelle, 1b..... 1 0 0 0 0 0
Fofahl, 1b..... 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals..... 38 9 27 6 2 0
*Batted for Zuber in ninth.
Runs batted in—Blair (2), Wolff (2), Kreevich, Wagner, Johnson, Two-base hits—Case, Volo, Johnson, Vernon. Three-base hit—Slebert. Stolen bases—Spence, Case. Double play—Sullivan to Vernon. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 11. First base on balls—Off Hudson, 3; off Wolff, 1; off Scarborough, 2. Strike out—By Wolff, 4; by Scarborough, 2; by Zuber, 1. Hits—Off Hudson, 4 in 1-2-3 innings; off Scarborough, 7 in 5-1-2 innings; off Zuber, 1 in 2 innings. Hit by pitched ball—By Wolff (Case). Wild pitch—Hudson. Passed ball—Wagner. Losing pitcher—Hudson. Umpires—Grave and Hubbard.

Big Sneez's Pay-Off Can't Be Sneezed At

After this photo finish, Big Sneez (No. 8) returned a pay-off of \$73.10 in the mutuels. The action took place in the third race of yesterday's opening card at Marlboro. The winner was ridden by Jockey Bocson. Little Hoops was second and Bright Quest third.

Marlboro 3 Race 8-19-42

Save up to 50%

Out go "Odds and Ends" Standard Y. M. S. Qualities. Many beyond duplication later on. To be sacrificed regardless of ceiling prices.

Summer Suits, \$9.75 to \$35.50
Sport Coats as low as \$7.50
Sport Suits as low as \$3.75
Close-Outs on Our New THRIFT MEZZANINE
At Savings Up to 50%

Advance sale of Overcoats and Topcoats at 15% to 25% below ceiling prices.
Semi-annual sale of all wool fall and winter suits as low as \$29.55

Charge Accounts Invited
Young Men's Shop
1319 F STREET

Tex Hughson Wins Opener For No. 16

Tabor Clouts Two Homers as Bosox Win, 6-4; Bonham Then Victor, 2-1

By the Associated Press

Boston, Aug. 19.—Home runs decided both games today as New York and Boston divided a double-header in their stretch drive for the American League pennant, the Red Sox taking the opener, 6-4, and the Yanks winning the nightcap, 2-1, before a crowd of 37,561 paying customers and 1253 service men.

Two homers by Jim Tabor and one by Ted Williams, each with a man on base, accounted for all the Boston runs in the first game, giving Cecil (Tex) Hughson his tenth straight pitching victory and his sixteenth of the year against only three defeats.

Hughson yielded only seven hits and struck out eight men, including Joe DiMaggio and Joe Gordon twice each.

Bonham Victor

Ernie Bonham hooked up in a tight mound duel with Boston's Joe Dobson in the nightcap, which Charlie Keller broke up in the ninth inning with his twenty-first home run.

Keller hit No. 20 in the first game but it didn't save the league leaders, who suffered an additional loss when Spurgeon (Spud) Chandler, their starting pitcher, pulled a muscle in his back while twisting to start a double play and had to retire in the fifth inning.

Chandler was ordered back to New York tonight to undergo an X-ray examination. He suffered his fourth defeat compared with 13 wins, however, as Williams hit his twenty-sixth home run in the opening inning and Tabor hit No. 9 in the second. Norman (Red) Branch took over with the Yanks trailing by one run and pitched three-hit ball the rest of the way, but one hit was Tabor's other homer, which proved to be the margin of victory.

Bill Dickey's double with the bases loaded gave the Yanks three runs in the third inning and Keller hit homer No. 20 in the eighth.

The Red Sox also scored first in the second game when Lou Finney

See BOSOX, Page 24, Column 7.

Army Relief Gets \$14,197.47 From Tam O'Shanter

By the Associated Press

Chicago, Aug. 19.—A check for \$14,197.47 was mailed today to the Army Emergency Relief organization to cover the Army's share of profits from the Tam O'Shanter National Open and All-American Amateur Golf Tournaments played at Tam O'Shanter Country Club, July 20 to 28.

Army emergency relief received 85 per cent of the net proceeds, according to George S. May, president of the club, who said the other 15 per cent, or \$2505.45, would be donated to the benevolent fund of the Professional Golfers' Association of America.

Net profits, May said, were \$16,702.90, or 19.7 per cent of income from all sources, including ticket sales, entry fees, program advertising, parking and food concessions. Total income was \$84,961.85. Expenses totaled \$68,247.75.

An American record for golf attendance was established when 62,296 spectators attended the two tournaments, which ran concurrently.

THURSDAY 12 NOON 'TIL 9 P. M.

After-Inventory CLOSE-OUTS

Save up to 50%

Out go "Odds and Ends" Standard Y. M. S. Qualities. Many beyond duplication later on. To be sacrificed regardless of ceiling prices.

Summer Suits, \$9.75 to \$35.50
Sport Coats as low as \$7.50
Sport Suits as low as \$3.75
Close-Outs on Our New THRIFT MEZZANINE
At Savings Up to 50%

Advance sale of Overcoats and Topcoats at 15% to 25% below ceiling prices.
Semi-annual sale of all wool fall and winter suits as low as \$29.55

Charge Accounts Invited
Young Men's Shop
1319 F STREET

Hopkins Ten Beats Navy Stickmen, 5-3

AND THE CROWNS OF BEER

**THAT'S WHY one GUNTHER CROWN
NOW DOES THE WAR WORK OF three**

A new BIG bottle does it! A bottle that gives you a bonus in beer, almost 3 times as much beer under one cap... saves you time and money... and serves you of all the dry, breezy Gunther beer you want!

You see, beer itself is not rationed. It's only some of the small crowns that have marched off to war.

From this one BIG Gunther bottle you can serve 3 full glasses. You can cool more beer in less time again. There's no drier bottle anywhere.

It's good news to you people who have made Gunther's the most popular long-stemmed beer. Remember, you don't have to take a substitute beer for the famous dry, breezy Gunther. Serve up the Gunther's new BIG bottle that does the war work of three.

**YOU GET
ALMOST 3 TIMES
AS MUCH BEER
IN 1 BOTTLE**

© Gunther Brewing Co.

Listen to WRC, Mon. thru Fri., 5:55pm—"SONS OF FREEDOM"—A Radio Feature Dedicated To America!

Other Grid Mentors in Workout

A's Wolff Blanks Nats, 8-0, at Night

Buc's 8 Runs in 6th Defeat Reds, 9-2

Reserved Seats Sold For Yank-Nat Tilt

A black and white photograph of a man in a crouched, ready position on a grassy field. He is wearing a dark jersey and light-colored shorts with a dark stripe down the side. He is looking intently to the right. The background is a blurred field and sky.

Navy's Comeback Defeats Terps, 5-4

Robert, 3. Struck out by Buroest, 2. By Leahy, 3. By Roberts, 3. Hits—Off Burdett, 1 in 3 innings; off Leahy, 2 in 4 innings. Winning pitcher—Leahy. Out-pires—Steel and Ortel. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

Make mine Mount

Vernon
BRAND
WHISKEY

Straight rye whiskey—100 proof

National Distillers Products Corporation, New York, N. Y.

Dusek Bros. Win Two-Man Rassle Bout

9:30 A. M. TO 11:30 P. M.

HAHN'S DOWNTOWN STORES OPEN TODAY 12:30 to 9 P.M.
(Uptown Stores Open Daily 9:30 A.M. to 9 P.M.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE					
Player and club.	G.	A. B.	R.	H.	E.
Williams, Ben.	115	491	191	140	14
Wright, C. K.	107	407	87	138	13
Wright, Chas.	78	273	40	90	9
Spence, Wash.	110	466	69	151	13
Pesky, Ben.	112	465	75	150	13
NATIONAL LEAGUE					
Wright, C. K.	107	370	78	125	13
Leinhardt, Ben.	82	238	23	74	7
Medwick, Bklyn.	111	429	56	138	13
Wright, C. K.	107	407	87	138	13
Musial, St. L.	103	339	65	107	10
HOME RUNS					
American League—Williams, Red 82					
23: Lauba, Browns; 21: Keller, Yankees.					
National League—Ott, Giants 11; Can					
100: Musial, St. Louis; 9: Williams, Red.					
RUNS BATTED IN					
American League—Williams, Red 100					
100: Musial, Yankees; 88: Boerr, J.					
National League—Medwick, Dodgers, 76; Musial, St. Louis, 75; Wright, C.					
76: Camilli, Dodgers, 76.					

Dusek Bros. Win Two-Man Rassle Bout

9:30 A. M. TO 11:30 P. M.

Wheeler Paces Negro Links Tourney Here

		R. H.
Bolling Field ...	602 000	3-5 5
Fort Washington 200	004 x-	6 12
Kaballa, Dent and Eyer.		
Hopkins and Perry.		

Mrs. Mirth Leads Argyle Golf Tourney

WHISKEY

Fort Washington Beats Bolling, 6-5

Bolling Field ... 002 000 3-5 5
Fort Washington 200 004 x-6 12
Kaballa, Dent and Eyer.
Hopkins and Perry.

1892

The
FLORSHEIM
Shoe

1930

T
E
Bro

The "Exmore"
Harness-stitched
Brown Grained Calf
12 50

QUALITY THAT SERVES BY

HELPING YOU TO CONSERVE

Florsheim Shoes

Florsheim spent fifty years preparing for the special needs of today . . . Florsheim Shoes were brought to the peak of walking comfort and wearing quality long before rationing put the nation back on its feet . . . Now your favorite Custom Styles for fall are a source of triple satisfaction . . . they look better, feel better and wear longer . . . saving you money every step you take!

\$10.50 to \$13.50

● Our complete selections of fall styles are
now in stock . . . see them soon!

HAHN

Men's Shops: 14th & G 7th & K 3212 14th
4483 Conn. Ave. 3101 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, Va.

“THE
BEST
WHISKEY
FOR
YOUR
MONEY
G & B
BLACK
LABEL

"Ask Grandpa,
he knows"

6 PLACE

LARGER & BOTTLED
TRADE MARK
G & B
WHISKY
CHILLER

GALLAGHER & BURTON
Black & White
WHISKY
TRADE MARK
G & B
WHISKY
CHILLER

Blended and Bottled by
GALLAGHER & BURTON, INC.
Philadelphia, Pa.

75% grain neutral spirits. 86.
Gallagher & Burton, Inc., Ph.

Gas Rationing? Southwest Oil Men Amused

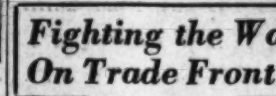
By the Associated Press

Tulsa, Okla., Aug. 19.—Recent statements of two Eastern Senators calling for Nation-wide gasoline rationing were received with amusement by some members of the oil industry.

Senator Byrd (Democrat) of Virginia declared that it was "grossly undemocratic and destructive to patriotism" to ration gasoline in the Atlantic Coast States while citizens of the rest of the country could get all they needed.

Senator Brewster (Republican) of Maine said that Easterners were not patriots "but patriots offering to our fellow Americans in the West an opportunity to share with us the sacrifice of this war."

One well known observer of the petroleum industry, who says he



There has been some speculation that the requisitioning of railroad tank cars in other parts of the country for use in transporting petroleum products to the East might cause a shortage of such transportation in the Midwest and Southwest.

Gas Supplies Continue Drop

New York, Aug. 19 (AP)—Total stocks of gasoline and residual fuel oil declined 1.1 million barrels and were ended August 15 while distillates continued to advance, the American Petroleum Institute reported today.

Total finished and unfinished stocks declined 569,000 barrels to 80,708,000 during the week. In comparison, last week's revised figure was 81,277,000 barrels and the two-year ago total stocks were 82,312,000. Before revision last week's total stood at 81,315,000.

Stocks of heavy fuel oil and distillates declined 1,153,000 barrels to 77,423,000 during the week, while distillates, or light fuel oil stocks increased 1,017,000 to 40,041,000.

mid-July, the department said, families of wage earners and lower salaried workers had to spend \$1.10 to buy the same things for which they spent \$1 before the outbreak of the war in 1939.

★

HOME LOANS

When you need a home loan . . . remember, this is a local home-financing institution backed by 26 years of experience. Our sole lending business is that of financing homes, at lowest interest rates.

Wm. J. Flather, Jr.
Incorporated
1508 H ST. N.W.
National 1753

BUY
UNITED STATES

STAMPS AND BONDS

**NORTHERN
LIBERTY**

BUILDING ASSOCIATION

IT WOULD be easy for you to remodel a home with our plan!

FULL DETAILS GIVEN
WITH NO OBLIGATION

Under Supervision of
U. S. Treasury

511 Seventh St. N.W.
National 8171

Army Takes Over Boston War Plant

150 Military Police Are Posted at Gates Of Factory Refusing to Meet WLB Ruling

A group of Army officers took over control of the B. A. Woods Co. Boston munitions plant, late yesterday following the issuance of an order by President Roosevelt to seize and operate the plant because of the company's refusal to comply with a War Labor Board ruling.

The transfer of control was accomplished quickly. It marked the first time that the Government seized a private industry because of a labor dispute in which no strike or other work stoppage was involved.

Maj. Robert F. Gow of the Boston Ordnance District took charge of the plant, which employs 650 workers, on orders from Acting Secretary of War Patterson. The company issued a statement asserting that its officers would remain at their jobs as long as the Government wanted them to.

Approximately 150 armed military police arrived at the plant today at about 8 p. m. and patrolled the premises with rifles and submachine guns. Production at the plant was not interrupted when the Army took over.

The action marked the seventh time that President Roosevelt was compelled to use his emergency powers to take over a concern. The sixth action took place only last week when the President ordered the Navy to seize and operate the General Cable Co. plant at Bayonne, N. J.

Meanwhile the WLB was threatened with defiance from another quarter as C. I. O. Aluminum Workers, considered the possibility of calling a general strike in the aluminum industry against a WLB decision denying employees of the Aluminum Co. of America a general wage increase.

At the same time, management of the Reynolds Metals Co. announced the company had accepted the WLB directive although it "is not in accord with certain provisions of the contract."

With special reference to the maintenance of membership clause, the company accepts this provision of the board's order as a war measure, it stated.

WLB announced that man days lost from war production due to strikes in July dropped from 254,663 to 233,614. At the same time, number of strikes increased from 192 to 222. A total of 30,722 men were involved in strikes in July, compared to 8,475 in June. Time lost was 8-100 of 1 per cent of time worked in July, compared to 9-100 of 1 per cent in June.

A total of 1000 nonunion employees of the Aluminum Co. of America, who were granted a 6-cent-an-hour general wage increase by order of WLB. One thousand employees on bonus system had their total average salaries left unchanged, although the bonus system was abolished.

Four Aluminum Plants Shut

In Louisville, Ky., C. I. O. officials said members of the Aluminum Workers Union would remain away from 11 plants of the Reynolds Metals Co. until they were granted an election. Joseph D. Cannon, C. I. O. regional director, said four of the plants had been shut down.

Under terms of the Woods executive order, the Army was to remain in control until the plant can be privately operated in a manner consistent with the war effort.

In a special statement, Patterson declared that the company's defiance of four WLB requests to comply with its order "has created a serious threat to the production of vital war material which it manufactures."

"In addition," Patterson stated, "this refusal has jeopardized the continued efficient functioning of the mediation and arbitration machinery of the Government which representatives of labor and industry have promised to utilize."

The War Labor Board said it would take over the plant on Tuesday afternoon after H. C. Dodge, president of the Woods company, turned down a WLB ultimatum to comply by 3 p. m. Dodge had sought an opportunity to bring the board's authority in court, but the board refused to delay execution of the decision on that ground.

After the executive order was issued, Neil Brant, Washington representative of the District Electrical and Machine Workers of America, C. I. O. union involved in the dispute, suggested to the War Department that the plant be operated by a committee consisting of representatives of the labor union and the War Department.

Other labor developments included the following:

C. I. O. Aluminum Workers, meeting in Pittsburgh, discussed a report of their president, Nick A. Zonari, that union members wanted a general strike in the industry unless WLB reconsiders its decision denying the workers their demand for a \$1 a day wage increase. The increase was turned down flatly as a result of application of the board's "little steel" cost of living formula.

The Aluminum Workers wired WLB for an explanation of its decision reducing the wage increase and requested the Army to send a representative to Pittsburgh for a conference today with union delegates.

Meanwhile at New Kensington, Pa., M. Anderson, personnel manager in charge of labor relations for the Aluminum Co. of America, announced the company had accepted the WLB directive although it "is not in accord with certain provisions of the contract."

While the President was acting on the Woods matter, employees of the Reynolds Metals Co. continued to work. The company announced that it was willing to have private management restored, an indication that they were prepared to accept the WLB decision which denied them a general wage increase.

The WLB decision in the Woods case provided for maintenance of union membership and compulsory arbitration.

Under terms of the Woods executive order, the Army was to remain in control until the plant can be privately operated in a manner consistent with the war effort.

In a special statement, Patterson declared that the company's defiance of four WLB requests to comply with its order "has created a serious threat to the production of vital war material which it manufactures."

The War Labor Board said it would take over the plant on Tuesday afternoon after H. C. Dodge, president of the Woods company, turned down a WLB ultimatum to comply by 3 p. m. Dodge had sought an opportunity to bring the board's authority in court, but the board refused to delay execution of the decision on that ground.

After the executive order was issued, Neil Brant, Washington representative of the District Electrical and Machine Workers of America, C. I. O. union involved in the dispute, suggested to the War Department that the plant be operated by a committee consisting of representatives of the labor union and the War Department.

Other labor developments included the following:

C. I. O. Aluminum Workers, meeting in Pittsburgh, discussed a report of their president, Nick A. Zonari, that union members wanted a general strike in the industry unless WLB reconsiders its decision denying the workers their demand for a \$1 a day wage increase. The increase was turned down flatly as a result of application of the board's "little steel" cost of living formula.

The Aluminum Workers wired WLB for an explanation of its decision reducing the wage increase and requested the Army to send a representative to Pittsburgh for a conference today with union delegates.

Meanwhile at New Kensington, Pa., M. Anderson, personnel manager in charge of labor relations for the Aluminum Co. of America, announced the company had accepted the WLB directive although it "is not in accord with certain provisions of the contract."

While the President was acting on the Woods matter, employees of the Reynolds Metals Co. continued to work. The company announced that it was willing to have private management restored, an indication that they were prepared to accept the WLB decision which denied them a general wage increase.

The WLB decision in the Woods case provided for maintenance of union membership and compulsory arbitration.

Under terms of the Woods executive order, the Army was to remain in control until the plant can be privately operated in a manner consistent with the war effort.

In a special statement, Patterson declared that the company's defiance of four WLB requests to comply with its order "has created a serious threat to the production of vital war material which it manufactures."

The War Labor Board said it would take over the plant on Tuesday afternoon after H. C. Dodge, president of the Woods company, turned down a WLB ultimatum to comply by 3 p. m. Dodge had sought an opportunity to bring the board's authority in court, but the board refused to delay execution of the decision on that ground.

After the executive order was issued, Neil Brant, Washington representative of the District Electrical and Machine Workers of America, C. I. O. union involved in the dispute, suggested to the War Department that the plant be operated by a committee consisting of representatives of the labor union and the War Department.

Other labor developments included the following:

C. I. O. Aluminum Workers, meeting in Pittsburgh, discussed a report of their president, Nick A. Zonari, that union members wanted a general strike in the industry unless WLB reconsiders its decision denying the workers their demand for a \$1 a day wage increase. The increase was turned down flatly as a result of application of the board's "little steel" cost of living formula.

The Aluminum Workers wired WLB for an explanation of its decision reducing the wage increase and requested the Army to send a representative to Pittsburgh for a conference today with union delegates.

Meanwhile at New Kensington, Pa., M. Anderson, personnel manager in charge of labor relations for the Aluminum Co. of America, announced the company had accepted the WLB directive although it "is not in accord with certain provisions of the contract."

While the President was acting on the Woods matter, employees of the Reynolds Metals Co. continued to work. The company announced that it was willing to have private management restored, an indication that they were prepared to accept the WLB decision which denied them a general wage increase.

The WLB decision in the Woods case provided for maintenance of union membership and compulsory arbitration.

Under terms of the Woods executive order, the Army was to remain in control until the plant can be privately operated in a manner consistent with the war effort.

In a special statement, Patterson declared that the company's defiance of four WLB requests to comply with its order "has created a serious threat to the production of vital war material which it manufactures."

The War Labor Board said it would take over the plant on Tuesday afternoon after H. C. Dodge, president of the Woods company, turned down a WLB ultimatum to comply by 3 p. m. Dodge had sought an opportunity to bring the board's authority in court, but the board refused to delay execution of the decision on that ground.

After the executive order was issued, Neil Brant, Washington representative of the District Electrical and Machine Workers of America, C. I. O. union involved in the dispute, suggested to the War Department that the plant be operated by a committee consisting of representatives of the labor union and the War Department.

Star to Wed Ski Instructor

Funeral Rites Held For Mrs. Zoellner

Services for Mrs. Hedwig M. Zoellner, 81, resident of Washington for more than half a century, were held yesterday at Gawler's funeral home, 1756 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. Mrs. Zoellner died Tuesday at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Louise E. Rittus, 5551 7 Street Northwest.

When she was a young girl Mrs. Zoellner came to this country alone from Alsace Lorraine to take care of the children of a brother, who was quite a few years older than she. She was the widow of Herman G. Zoellner, who died 21 years ago. For the past two years she had been living in Hartford, Conn., with another daughter, Mrs. William Foster. She returned here last spring when Mr. Foster, a veteran of the first World War, went into the Air Force as a captain. Other survivors are her other daughter, Mrs. Hedwig Z. O'Donnell and a son, Oscar A. Zoellner.

Funeral Services Set Today for C. C. (Chilly) Jones

Rites for Charles Clinton (Chilly) Jones, iron worker here for 30 years, will be held today at 9 a. m. at St. Dominic's Church, Sixth and E Street Southwest. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

In years past Mr. Jones pitched for several baseball teams in the Southwest section of the city, including the Rex ball team. He also liked to coach local football teams in his younger days. He was 57.

Before he became ill three months ago, Mr. Jones was employed at the Naval Air Station at Anacostia in war work. He died at his home 624 1 Street Southwest, Monday.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Blanche Ellen Jones, nee Schriver; a daughter, Mrs. Olga Hartnett; and two sisters, Mrs. Jessie Phillips and Mrs. Ella French, all of Washington.

Typographical Union Elects Manbeck Head

Jesse B. Manbeck, Washington Post proofreader, of No. 1 Scott Circle, was elected president of the Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 yesterday, defeating Edward C. McEntee of the Washington Daily News. Manbeck succeeds Clarence J. Deaper.

Manbeck came to the Post in 1935 from the Government Printing Office, where he had been working for about two years. Previously he worked on the New York Times as a sports writer for six years. He is a native of Pennsylvania and has been a member of the International Typographical Union for 36 years.

He will leave the Post to devote all his time to his new work. Deaper, whom Manbeck succeeded, recently was elected first vice president of the International Typographical Union.

Following Deaper's elevation, the local union held an election to choose a successor but none of the four candidates received the majority necessary for victory.

In that poll of sentiment, Manbeck was first, McEntee, second; J. H. Abernethy third and Frank S. Leach fourth.

As a result, a runoff election was scheduled for yesterday between the two leaders and Manbeck's victory, by a scant margin of 25 votes, resulted. The voting was conducted in the Pythian Temple at 1013 Ninth Street Northwest.

Manbeck is the first Post employee to head the union since 1922-23 when Frank W. Long now retired, was its president. Before that, the position had not been held by a Post worker since 1908-07, the year T. C. Parsons, still a member of this newspaper's proofreading staff, directed the union's affairs.

Frederick Stone Funeral Services Scheduled Today

Military services for Frederick Lee Stone, 66, of New York, vice president and a director of the Universal Atlas Cement Co., will be held today at 11 a. m. at Arlington National Cemetery.

A native of Camden, Ark., Mr. Stone died Monday at St. Mary's Hospital in Rochester, Minn., after an illness of several months. He was a graduate of the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn., and the United States Naval Academy. Mr. Stone began his business career in 1904 with the New York Telephone Co. In the years 1909-11 he was financial editor of the Denver Post and then the Denver Times. Surviving are a wife, Mrs. Alice S. Stone; a daughter, Jean, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Willis, all of this city.

Mrs. Ray Goldheim, D. C. Native, Dies

Mrs. Ray S. Goldheim, wife of Isadore L. Goldheim of the Broadmoor Apartments, died yesterday in Emergency Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services and burial will be private.

She was a native of this city and was for many years a member of the Sisterhood of the Washington Hebrew Congregation. She leaves, besides her husband, a son, Willard Goldheim, and a daughter, Mrs. Ella Brant, both of this city.

Jeep in Feminine Hands

Detective George E. Cooper, of the Public Relations Bureau, and taken to police headquarters for questioning.

The specific charges against Martin are only those in which alleged District sales are involved, since the sales reportedly made in Virginia are legal under the Virginia license.

It was explained by police that although they do not sanction the adoption of side-arms by auxiliary policemen, the District courts have ruled that they may be carried.

Heart Attack Kills M. J. Mahoney, 55, War Dept. Worker

Michael Joseph Mahoney, 55, War Department employee, died unexpectedly at his home at 343 Eighth Street Southeast, early yesterday following a heart attack.

In apparent good health, Mr. Mahoney, a clerk in the Quartermaster Department for the past two years, went to work Tuesday. He was fatally stricken at 1 p. m. yesterday. He had lived in Washington for 40 years, died yesterday at St. Elizabeth's Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services will be held at 2 p. m. tomorrow at the home of his niece, Mrs. Marian Garrett, 645 L Street Southwest. Burial will be held in Congressional Cemetery.

Mr. Phillips was a native of Texas and had worked for Peoples Drug Stores here as an engineer for the past 18 years. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Edith G. Phillips and his niece.

Associated Press Wirephoto

Obituaries

Funeral Rites Held For Mrs. Zoellner

Services for Mrs. Hedwig M. Zoellner, 81, resident of Washington for more than half a century, were held yesterday at Gawler's funeral home, 1756 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. Mrs. Zoellner died Tuesday at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Louise E. Rittus, 5551 7 Street Northwest.

When she was a young girl Mrs. Zoellner came to this country alone from Alsace Lorraine to take care of the children of a brother, who was quite a few years older than she. She was the widow of Herman G. Zoellner, who died 21 years ago. For the past two years she had been living in Hartford, Conn., with another daughter, Mrs. William Foster. She returned here last spring when Mr. Foster, a veteran of the first World War, went into the Air Force as a captain. Other survivors are her other daughter, Mrs. Hedwig Z. O'Donnell and a son, Oscar A. Zoellner.

Funeral Services Set Today for C. C. (Chilly) Jones

Rites for Charles Clinton (Chilly) Jones, iron worker here for 30 years, will be held today at 9 a. m. at St. Dominic's Church, Sixth and E Street Southwest. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

In years past Mr. Jones pitched for several baseball teams in the Southwest section of the city, including the Rex ball team. He also liked to coach local football teams in his younger days. He was 57.

Before he became ill three months ago, Mr. Jones was employed at the Naval Air Station at Anacostia in war work. He died at his home 624 1 Street Southwest, Monday.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Blanche Ellen Jones, nee Schriver; a daughter, Mrs. Olga Hartnett; and two sisters, Mrs. Jessie Phillips and Mrs. Ella French, all of Washington.

Typographical Union Elects Manbeck Head

Jesse B. Manbeck, Washington Post proofreader, of No. 1 Scott Circle, was elected president of the Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 yesterday, defeating Edward C. McEntee of the Washington Daily News. Manbeck succeeds Clarence J. Deaper.

Manbeck came to the Post in 1935 from the Government Printing Office, where he had been working for about two years. Previously he worked on the New York Times as a sports writer for six years. He is a native of Pennsylvania and has been a member of the International Typographical Union for 36 years.

He will leave the Post to devote all his time to his new work. Deaper, whom Manbeck succeeded, recently was elected first vice president of the International Typographical Union.

Following Deaper's elevation, the local union held an election to choose a successor but none of the four candidates received the majority necessary for victory.

In that poll of sentiment, Manbeck was first, McEntee, second; J. H. Abernethy third and Frank S. Leach fourth.

As a result, a runoff election was scheduled for yesterday between the two leaders and Manbeck's victory, by a scant margin of 25 votes, resulted. The voting was conducted in the Pythian Temple at 1013 Ninth Street Northwest.

Manbeck is the first Post employee to head the union since 1922-23 when Frank W. Long now retired, was its president. Before that, the position had not been held by a Post worker since 1908-07, the year T. C. Parsons, still a member of this newspaper's proofreading staff, directed the union's affairs.

Frederick Stone Funeral Services Scheduled Today

Military services for Frederick Lee Stone, 66, of New York, vice president and a director of the Universal Atlas Cement Co., will be held today at 11 a. m. at Arlington National Cemetery.

A native of Camden, Ark., Mr. Stone died Monday at St. Mary's Hospital in Rochester, Minn., after an illness of several months. He was a graduate of the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn., and the United States Naval Academy. Mr. Stone began his business career in 1904 with the New York Telephone Co. In the years 1909-11 he was financial editor of the Denver Post and then the Denver Times. Surviving are a wife, Mrs. Alice S. Stone; a daughter, Jean, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Willis, all of this city.

Mrs. Ray Goldheim, D. C. Native, Dies

Mrs. Ray S. Goldheim, wife of Isadore L. Goldheim of the Broadmoor Apartments, died yesterday in Emergency Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services and burial will be private.

She was a native of this city and was for many years a member of the Sisterhood of the Washington Hebrew Congregation. She leaves, besides her husband, a son, Willard Goldheim, and a daughter, Mrs. Ella Brant, both of this city.

Jeep in Feminine Hands

Detective George E. Cooper, of the Public Relations Bureau, and taken to police headquarters for questioning.

The specific charges against Martin are only those in which alleged District sales are involved, since the sales reportedly made in Virginia are legal under the Virginia license.

It was explained by police that although they do not sanction the adoption of side-arms by auxiliary policemen, the District courts have ruled that they may be carried.

Heart Attack Kills M. J. Mahoney, 55, War Dept. Worker

Michael Joseph Mahoney, 55, War Department employee, died unexpectedly at his home at 343 Eighth Street Southeast, early yesterday following a heart attack.

In apparent good health, Mr. Mahoney, a clerk in the Quartermaster Department for the past two years, went to work Tuesday. He was fatally stricken at 1 p. m. yesterday. He had lived in Washington for 40 years, died yesterday at St. Elizabeth's Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services will be held at 2 p. m. tomorrow at the home of his niece, Mrs. Marian Garrett, 645 L Street Southwest. Burial will be held in Congressional Cemetery.

Mr. Phillips was a native of Texas and had worked for Peoples Drug Stores here as an engineer for the past 18 years. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Edith G. Phillips and his niece.

Associated Press Wirephoto

DIED

Funeral Rites Held For Mrs. Zoellner

Services for Mrs. Hedwig M. Zoellner, 81, resident of Washington for more than half a century, were held yesterday at Gawler's funeral home, 1756 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. Mrs. Zoellner died Tuesday at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Louise E. Rittus, 5551 7 Street Northwest.

When she was a young girl Mrs. Zoellner came to this country alone from Alsace Lorraine to take care of the children of a brother, who was quite a few years older than she. She was the widow of Herman G. Zoellner, who died 21 years ago. For the past two years she had been living in Hartford, Conn., with another daughter, Mrs. William Foster. She returned here last spring when Mr. Foster, a veteran of the first World War, went into the Air Force as a captain. Other survivors are her other daughter, Mrs. Hedwig Z. O'Donnell and a son, Oscar A. Zoellner.

Funeral Services Set Today for C. C. (Chilly) Jones

Rites for Charles Clinton (Chilly) Jones, iron worker here for 30 years, will be held today at 9 a. m. at St. Dominic's Church, Sixth and E Street Southwest. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

In years past Mr. Jones pitched for several baseball teams in the Southwest section of the city, including the Rex ball team. He also liked to coach local football teams in his younger days. He was 57.

Before he became ill three months ago, Mr. Jones was employed at the Naval Air Station at Anacostia in war work. He died at his home 624 1 Street Southwest, Monday.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Blanche Ellen Jones, nee Schriver; a daughter, Mrs. Olga Hartnett; and two sisters, Mrs. Jessie Phillips and Mrs. Ella French, all of Washington.

Typographical Union Elects Manbeck Head

Jesse B. Manbeck, Washington Post proofreader, of No. 1 Scott Circle, was elected president of the Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 yesterday, defeating Edward C. McEntee of the Washington Daily News. Manbeck succeeds Clarence J. Deaper.

Manbeck came to the Post in 1935 from the Government Printing Office, where he had been working for about two years. Previously he worked on the New York Times as a sports writer for six years. He is a native of Pennsylvania and has been a member of the International Typographical Union for 36 years.

He will leave the Post to devote all his time to his new work. Deaper, whom Manbeck succeeded, recently was elected first vice president of the International Typographical Union.

Following Deaper's elevation, the local union held an election to choose a successor but none of the four candidates received the majority necessary for victory.

In that poll of sentiment, Manbeck was first, McEntee, second; J. H. Abernethy third and Frank S. Leach fourth.

As a result, a runoff election was scheduled for yesterday between the two leaders and Manbeck's victory, by a scant margin of 25 votes, resulted. The voting was conducted in the Pythian Temple at 1013 Ninth Street Northwest.

Manbeck is the first Post employee to head the union since 1922-23 when Frank W. Long now retired, was its president. Before that, the position had not been held by a Post worker since 1908-07, the year T. C. Parsons, still a member of this newspaper's proofreading staff, directed the union's affairs.

Frederick Stone Funeral Services Scheduled Today

Military services for Frederick Lee Stone, 66, of New York, vice president and a director of the Universal Atlas Cement Co., will be held today at 11 a. m. at Arlington National Cemetery.

A native of Camden, Ark., Mr. Stone died Monday at St. Mary's Hospital in Rochester, Minn., after an illness of several months. He was a graduate of the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn., and the United States Naval Academy. Mr. Stone began his business career in 1904 with the New York Telephone Co. In the years 1909-11 he was financial editor of the Denver Post and then the Denver Times. Surviving are a wife, Mrs. Alice S. Stone; a daughter, Jean, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Willis, all of this city.

Mrs. Ray Goldheim, D. C. Native, Dies

Mrs. Ray S. Goldheim, wife of Isadore L. Goldheim of the Broadmoor Apartments, died yesterday in Emergency Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services and burial will be private.

She was a native of this city and was for many years a member of the Sisterhood of the Washington Hebrew Congregation. She leaves, besides her husband, a son, Willard Goldheim, and a daughter, Mrs. Ella Brant, both of this city.

Jeep in Feminine Hands

Detective George E. Cooper, of the Public Relations Bureau, and taken to police headquarters for questioning.

The specific charges against Martin are only those in which alleged District sales are involved, since the sales reportedly made in Virginia are legal under the Virginia license.

It was explained by police that although they do not sanction the adoption of side-arms by auxiliary policemen, the District courts have ruled that they may be carried.

Heart Attack Kills M. J. Mahoney, 55, War Dept. Worker

Michael Joseph Mahoney, 55, War Department employee, died unexpectedly at his home at 343 Eighth Street Southeast, early yesterday following a heart attack.

In apparent good health, Mr. Mahoney, a clerk in the Quartermaster Department for the past two years, went to work Tuesday. He was fatally stricken at 1 p. m. yesterday. He had lived in Washington for 40 years, died yesterday at St. Elizabeth's Hospital after a long illness. Funeral services will be held at 2 p. m. tomorrow at the home of his niece, Mrs. Marian Garrett, 645 L Street Southwest. Burial will be held in Congressional Cemetery.

Mr. Phillips was a native of Texas and had worked for Peoples Drug Stores here as an engineer for the past 18 years. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Edith G. Phillips and his niece.

Associated Press Wirephoto

LEGAL NOTICES

Funeral Rites Held For Mrs. Zoellner

Services for Mrs. Hedwig M. Zoellner, 81, resident of Washington for more than half a century, were held yesterday at Gawler's funeral home, 1756 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. Mrs. Zoellner died Tuesday at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Louise E. Rittus, 5551 7 Street Northwest.

When she was a young girl Mrs. Zoellner came to this country alone from Alsace Lorraine to take care of the children of a brother, who was quite a few years older than she. She was the widow of Herman G. Zoellner, who died 21 years ago. For the past two years she had been living in Hartford, Conn., with another daughter, Mrs. William Foster. She returned here last spring when Mr. Foster, a veteran of the first World War, went into the Air Force as a captain. Other survivors are her other daughter, Mrs. Hedwig Z. O'Donnell and a son, Oscar A. Zoellner.

Funeral Services Set Today for C. C. (Chilly) Jones

Rites for Charles Clinton (Chilly) Jones, iron worker here for 30 years, will be held today at 9 a. m. at St. Dominic's Church, Sixth and E Street Southwest. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

In years past Mr. Jones pitched for several baseball teams in the Southwest section of the city, including the Rex ball team. He also liked to coach local football teams in his younger days. He was 57.

Before he became ill three months ago, Mr. Jones was employed at the Naval Air Station at Anacostia in war work. He died at his home 624 1 Street Southwest, Monday.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Blanche Ellen Jones, nee Schriver; a daughter, Mrs. Olga Hartnett; and two sisters, Mrs. Jessie Phillips and Mrs. Ella French, all of Washington.

Typographical Union Elects Manbeck Head

Jesse B. Manbeck, Washington Post proofreader, of No. 1 Scott Circle, was elected president of the Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 yesterday, defeating Edward C. McEntee of the Washington Daily News. Manbeck succeeds Clarence J. Deaper.

Manbeck came to the Post in 1935 from the Government Printing Office, where he had been working for about two years. Previously he worked on the New York Times as a sports writer for six years. He is a native of Pennsylvania and has been a member of the International Typographical Union for 36 years.

He will leave the Post to devote all his time to his new work. Deaper, whom Manbeck succeeded, recently was elected first vice president of the International Typographical Union.

Following Deaper's elevation, the local union held an election to choose a successor but none of the four candidates received the majority necessary for victory.

In that poll of sentiment, Manbeck was first, McEntee, second; J. H. Abernethy third and Frank S. Leach fourth.

As a result, a runoff election was scheduled for yesterday between the two leaders and Manbeck's victory, by a scant margin of 25 votes, resulted. The voting was conducted in the Pythian Temple at 1013 Ninth Street Northwest.

Manbeck is the first Post employee to head the union since 1922-23 when Frank W. Long now retired, was its president. Before that, the position had not been held by a Post worker since 1908-07, the year T. C. Parsons, still a member of this newspaper's proofreading staff, directed the union's affairs.

Frederick Stone Funeral Services Scheduled Today

3 COLLEGE AND CAREER "CLICKERS"

CAMPUS "CLICKER" NO. 1

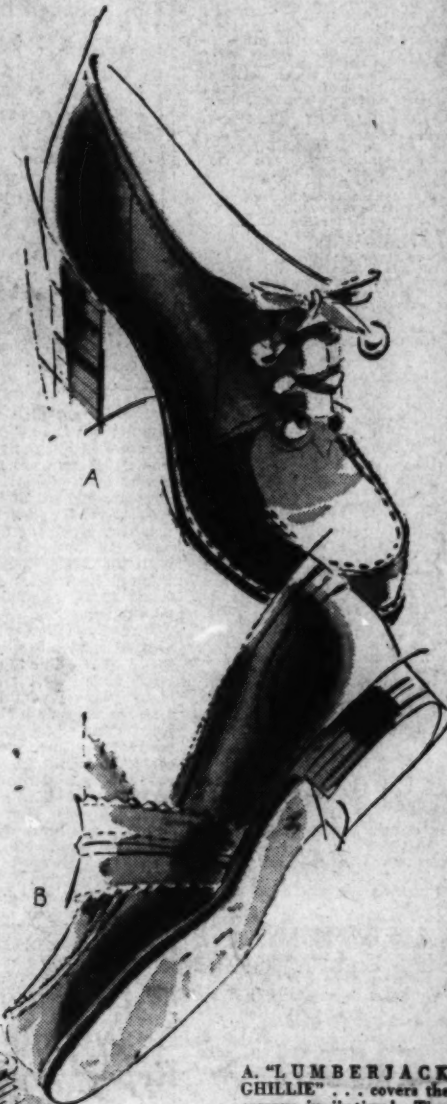
VOTED GRADE "A" BY THE "HI" AND COLLEGE CROWD

RED CROSS "COBBIES"

6.95



Whether you're a "Miss Teen" trotting back to "Hi" or a college gal, campus-bound, you'll join the coast-to-coast sorority of Red Cross "Cobbie" wearers! For here are high-spirited, sportive little shoes, geared to today's high-pressure times. Ruggedly right with all your sweaters and tweeds and so gloriously comfortable, you'll take today's gas-less schedule in your stride . . . and with a smile! (P. S. Career women and "government girls" are equally enthusiastic . . . which means Red Cross "Cobbies" have got what it takes!)
Women's Shoes, Main Floor, F Street Building.



A. "LUMBERJACK CHILLIE" . . . covers the campus in jig-time! Timber-brown calfskin with saddle stitching . . . 6.95

B. "COCAROO" . . . a "loperoo" for service, according to the career gal. Timber-brown, flat-headed tongue moccasin . . . 6.95

C. "LUMBERJACK BLUCHER" . . . a little lesson in comfort and good looks. Timber-brown calfskin . . . 6.95

D. "VACABOND" . . . a campus "clicker" that goes smartly to work, as well. Black or brown suede with simulated alligator . . . 6.95

E. "LUMBERJACK MONK" . . . as beloved by the career gal as by the college crowd. Timber-brown calfskin . . . 6.95



"CLICKER" NO. 2

100% Wool

"Boy-Type"

"Zip"-Lined Coats

23.88

Outstanding value—spectacularly low priced! Coat-of-the-hour . . . the classic Balmacaan "little-boy" silhouette . . . actually two coats in one because . . . without the lining, it's perfect for Fall . . . comes winter, just zip in the self-fabric-rayon-backed lining and you're warm as toast straight through March blizzards. And the casual boxy lines are as smart over suits and woollens as over daytime dresses. Natural color in sizes 12 to 20. Better Coat Shop, Third Floor, F Street Building.



"CLICKER" NO. 3

Junior* "JEEP" COATS

29.95

Jeepers, it's exciting. "Goes anywhere . . . over anything!" A coat for fast-stepping, keen-witted Young Washingtonians! Utterly revolutionary . . . from the amusing (but warming) pile fabric to the conversation-arousing quilted rayon satin lining in both body and sleeves. "High voltage" colors: aqua or beige with brown, solid "fireman's" red and green. 100% wool pile "Feather Fluff" (100% cotton back). Fabric content: 51% cotton, 49% pile. Sizes 9 to 15 in the group.

Young Washingtonian Shop, Third Floor, F Street Building.

*Remember—Junior Miss is a Size—Not an Age.

Note Buy more Bonds and stamps today-

SHOP TODAY FROM 12:30 to 9 P.M. at

Store Hours Friday 9:30 to 6 P.M. . . . Closed Saturdays During August.

The Hecht Co

F STREET, 7th STREET, E STREET

NATIONAL 5100